



Experimental approaches to promote healthy aging

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We are aging!



The hope of restoring youth, an old aspiration



A reality and a major achievement in human history



		Life expectancy at birth (years)			Healthy life expectancy (HALE) at birth (years)		
		Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Europe	2016	77.5	74.2	80.8	68.4	66.1	70.7
	2015	77.2	73.8	80.5	68.1	65.7	70.5
	2010	75.7	72.0	79.3	66.9	64.3	69.5
	2005	73.5	69.5	77.6	65.1	62.2	68.2
	2000	72.5	68.4	76.7	64.2	61.2	67.3
(WHO) Global	2016	72.0	69.8	74.2	63.3	62.0	64.8
	2015	71.7	69.5	73.9	63.0	61.7	64.5
	2010	70.1	68.0	72.3	61.7	60.4	63.1
	2005	68.2	66.1	70.3	60.0	58.7	61.3
	2000	66.5	64.4	68.7	58.5	57.2	59.9

New strategies to improve the aging experience



		Life expectancy at birth (years)			Healthy life expectancy (HALE) at birth (years)		
		Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Europe	2016	77.5	74.2	80.8	68.4	66.1	70.7
	2015	77.2	73.8	80.5	68.1	65.7	70.5
	2010	75.7	72.0	79.3	66.9	64.3	69.5
	2005	73.5	69.5	77.6	65.1	62.2	68.2
	2000	72.5	68.4	76.7	64.2	61.2	67.3
(WHO) Global	2016	72.0	69.8	74.2	63.3	62.0	64.8
	2015	71.7	69.5	73.9	63.0	61.7	64.5
	2010	70.1	68.0	72.3	61.7	60.4	63.1
	2005	68.2	66.1	70.3	60.0	58.7	61.3
	2000	66.5	64.4	68.7	58.5	57.2	59.9

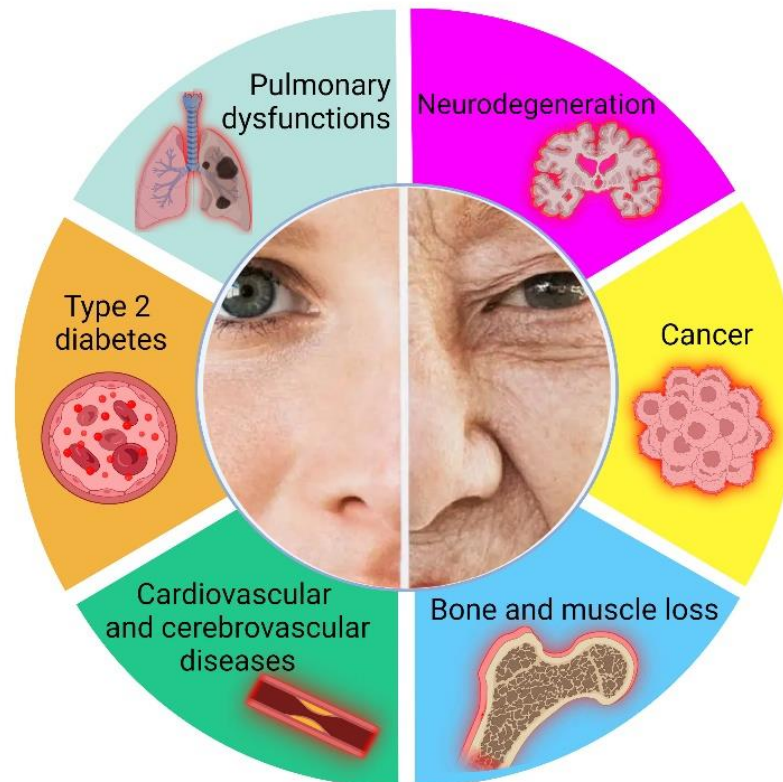
What is aging?

A continuous, universal, progressive, intrinsic, and deleterious process that decreases an organism's ability to maintain homeostasis in the face of environmental stressors and therefore increases the organism's likelihood of dying.



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The hallmarks of aging and cancer

Cell

Leading Edge
Review

Cell

Leading Edge
Review

The Hallmarks of Aging

Carlos López-Otín,¹ Maria A. Blasco,² Linda Partridge,^{3,4} Manuel Serrano,^{5,*} and Guido Kroemer^{6,7,8,9,10}

Hallmarks of Cancer: The Next Generation

Douglas Hanahan^{1,2,*} and Robert A. Weinberg^{3,*}



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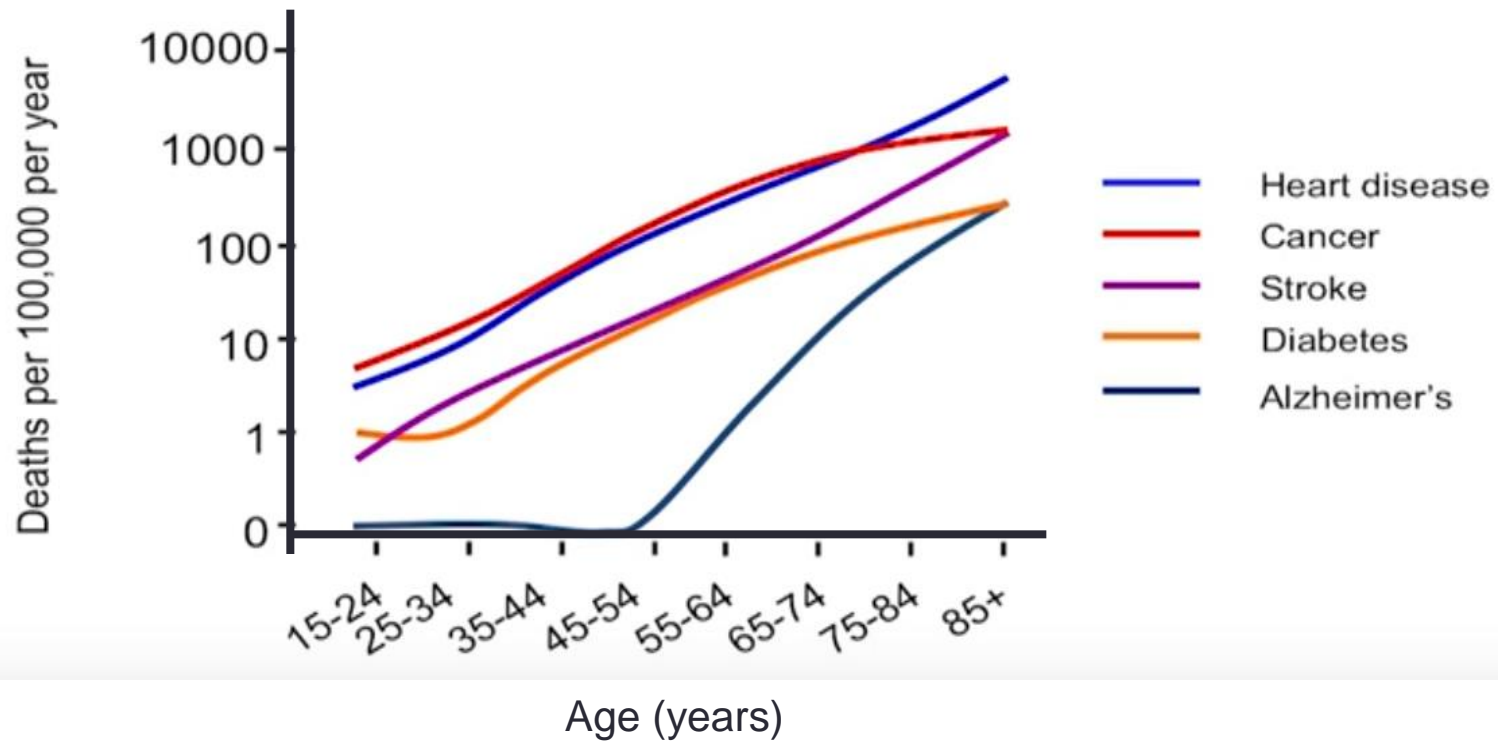


Hallmarks of Cancer: The Next Generation

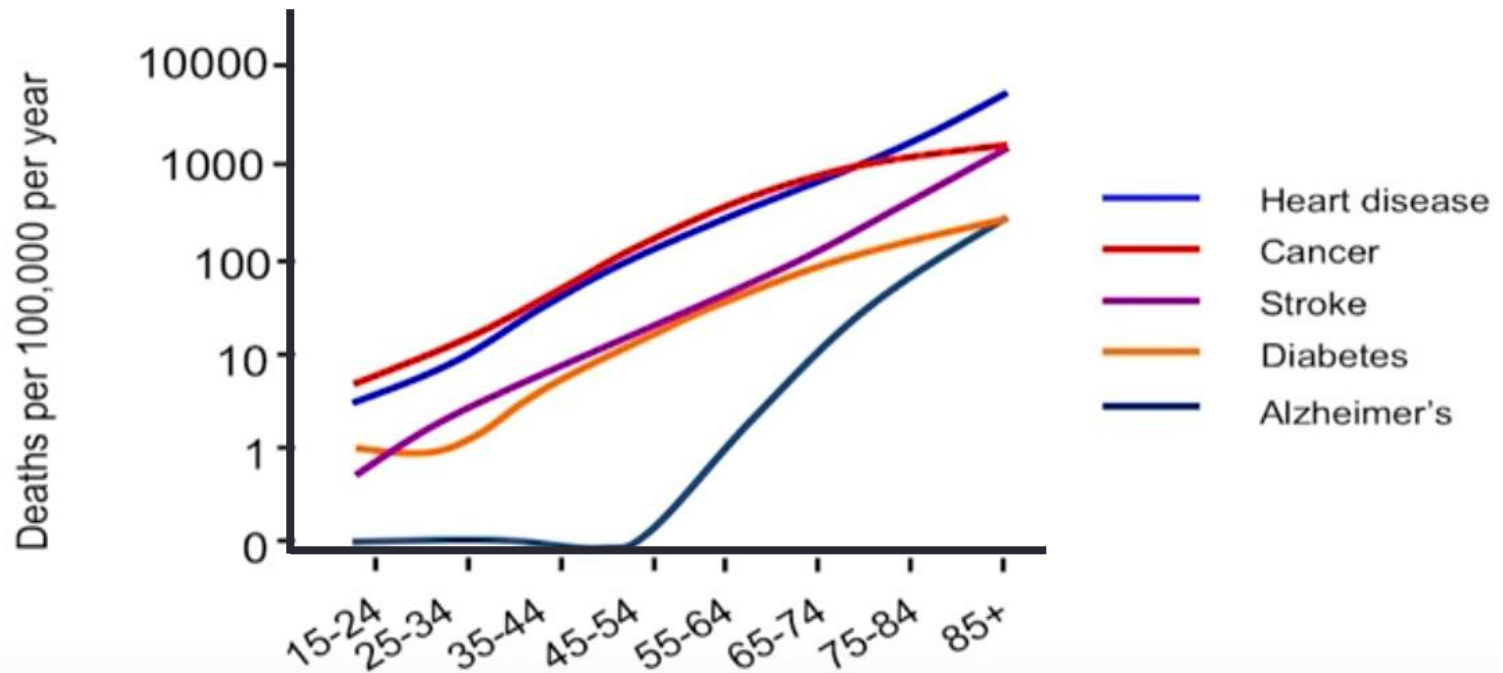
Douglas Hanahan^{1,2,*} and Robert A. Weinberg^{3,*}



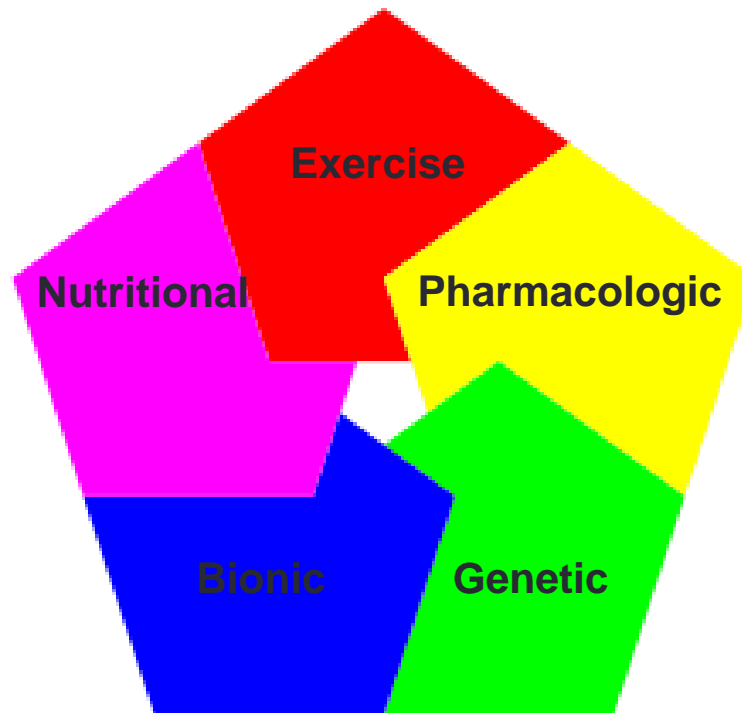
The causes of death by age



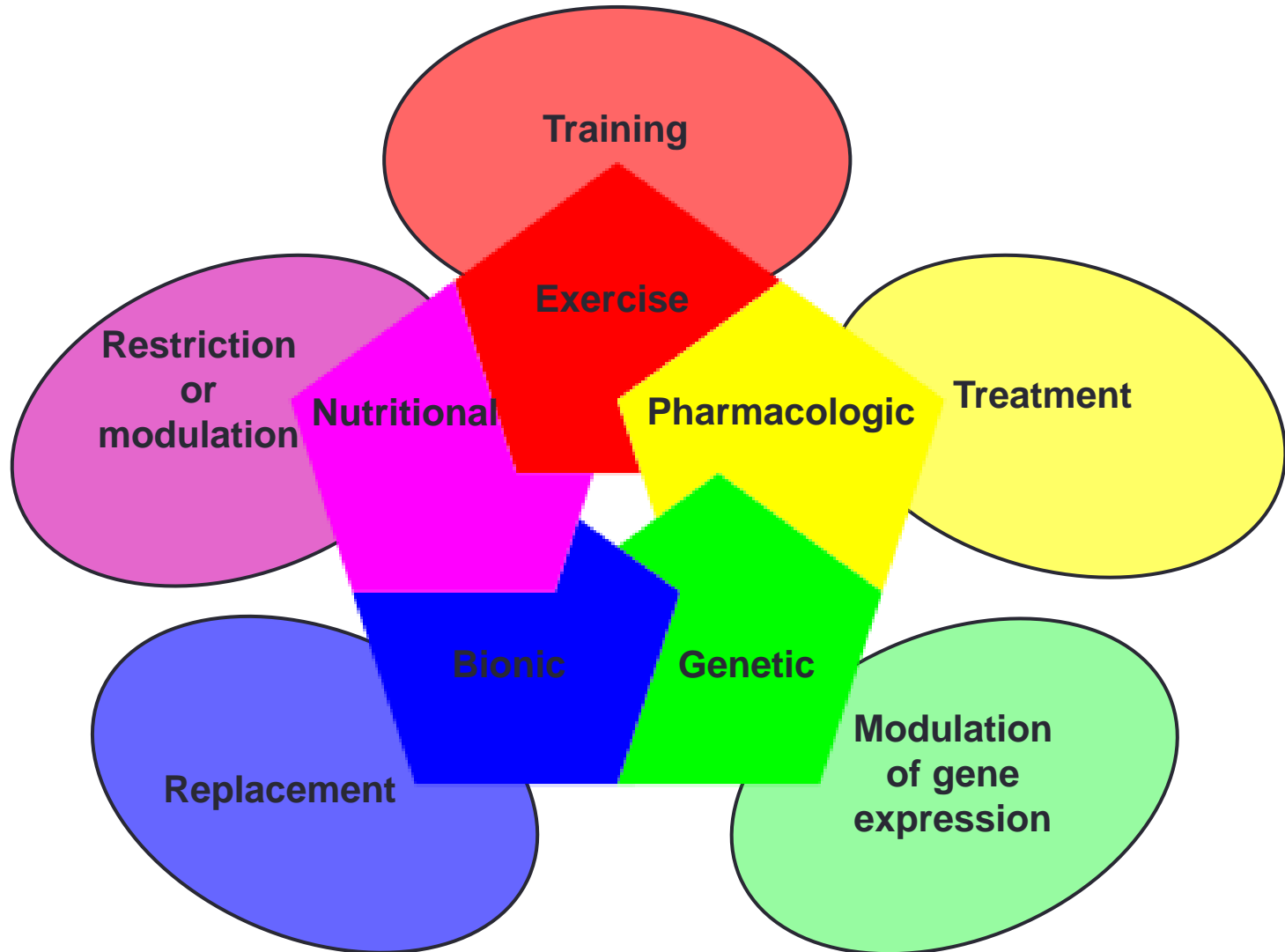
The causes of death by age; One strategy to rule them all



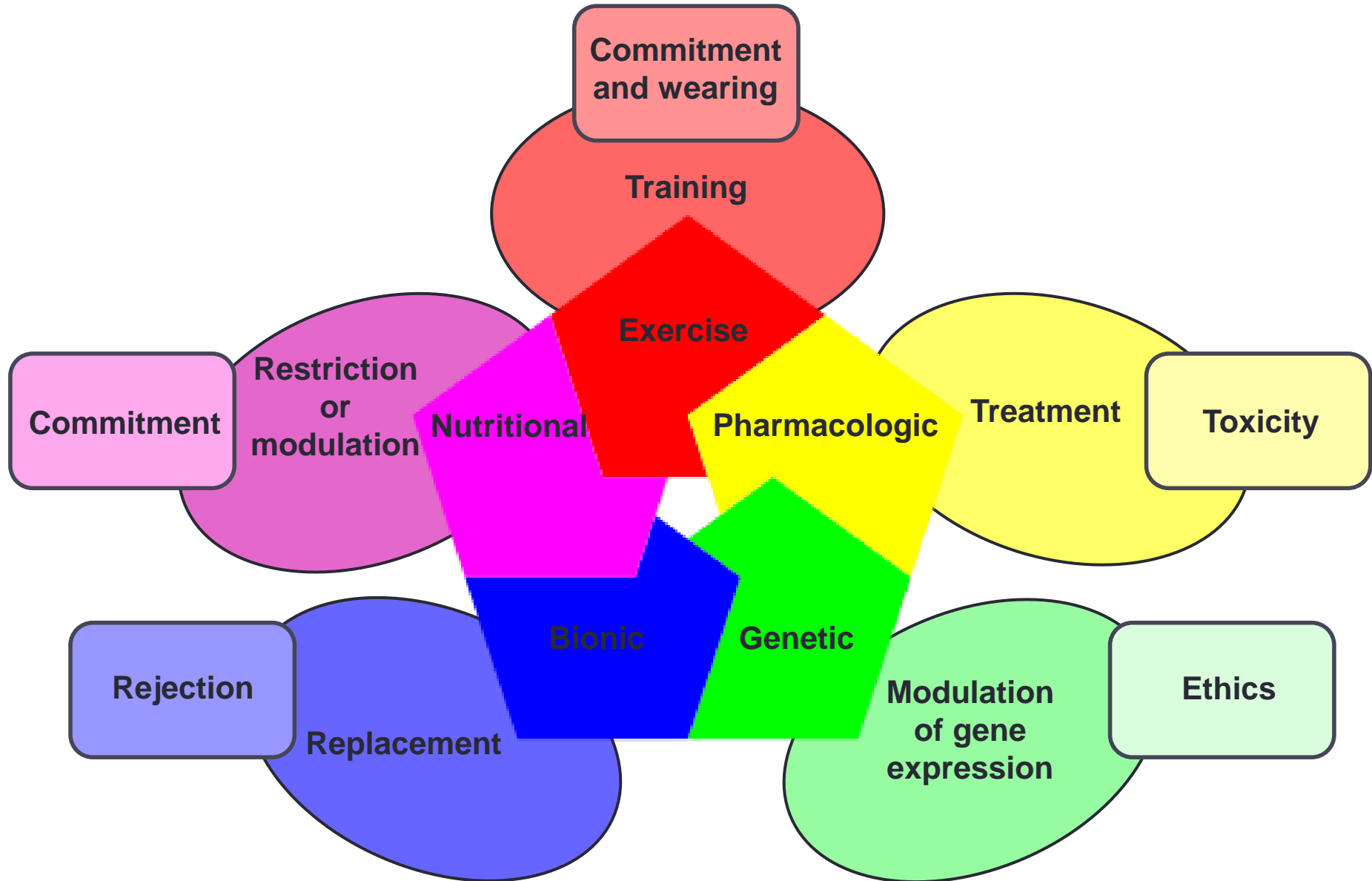
How do we approach to improve the aging experience?



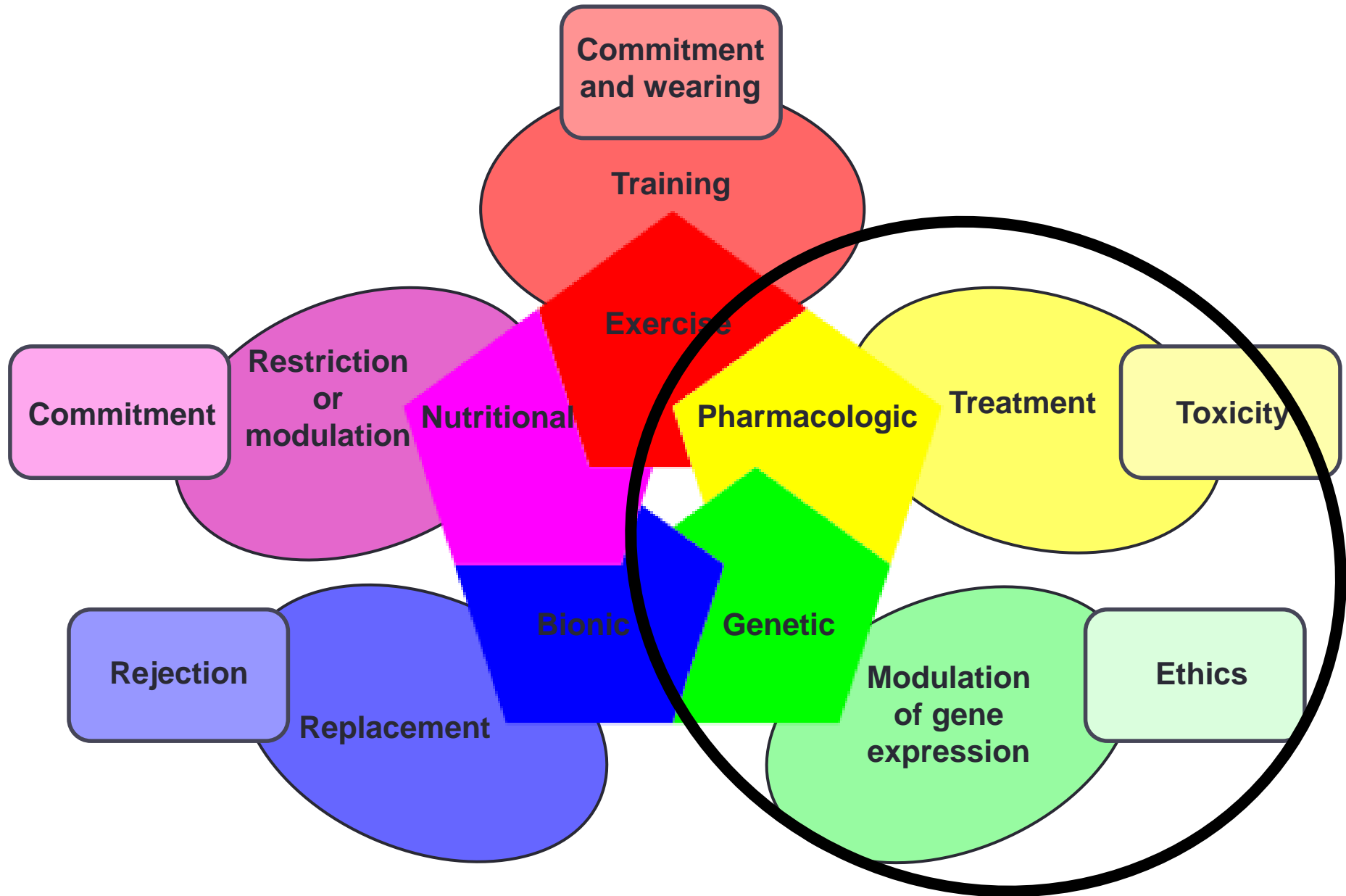
How do we approach to improve the aging experience?



Important aspects to improve the aging experience



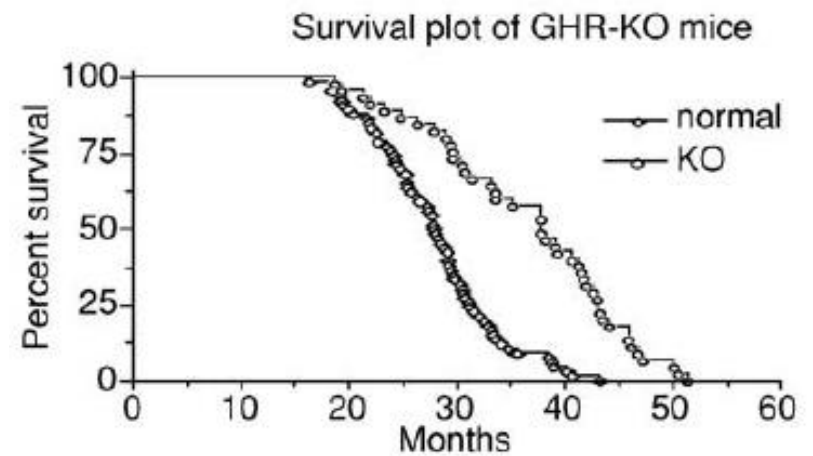
Experimental approaches to modulate aging; clinical trials



Methuselah prize of mouse longevity 1,819 days (~180 years in human)



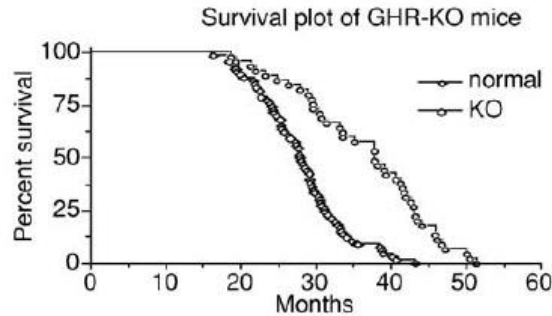
Laron Dwarf Mice ($\geq 30\%$)



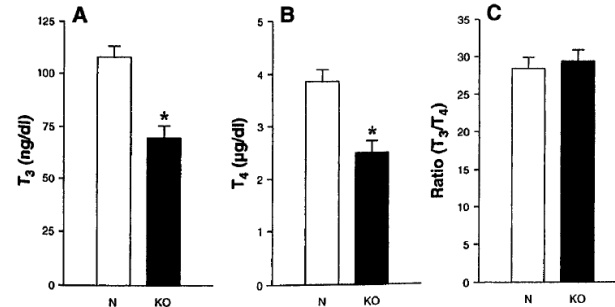
Bartke et al. Neuropeptides (2002)

Thyroid hormones are low in the longest living mice

Laron Dwarf (GH Receptor KO)

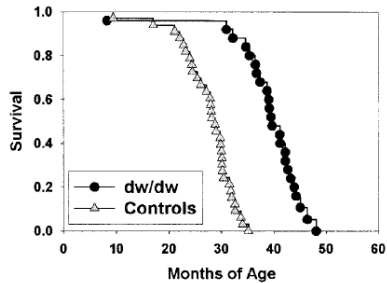


Bartke et al. Neuropeptides (2002)

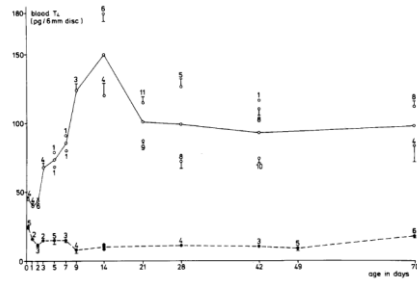


Hauck SJ. Exp Biol Med (2001)

Snell dwarf mice (Pit1 mutated mice)

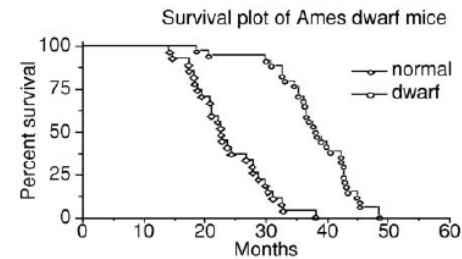


Flurkey et al. PNAS (2001)

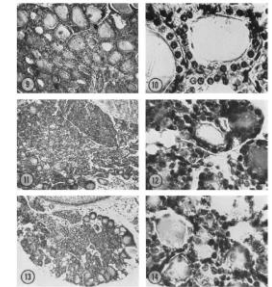


van Buul-Offers S et al. Acta Endo. (1983)

Ames dwarf mice (Prop1 mutated mice)



Brown-Borg et al. Nature (1996)



Bartke The Anat. Record. (1964)

Thyroid hormones are reduced in calorie restricted humans

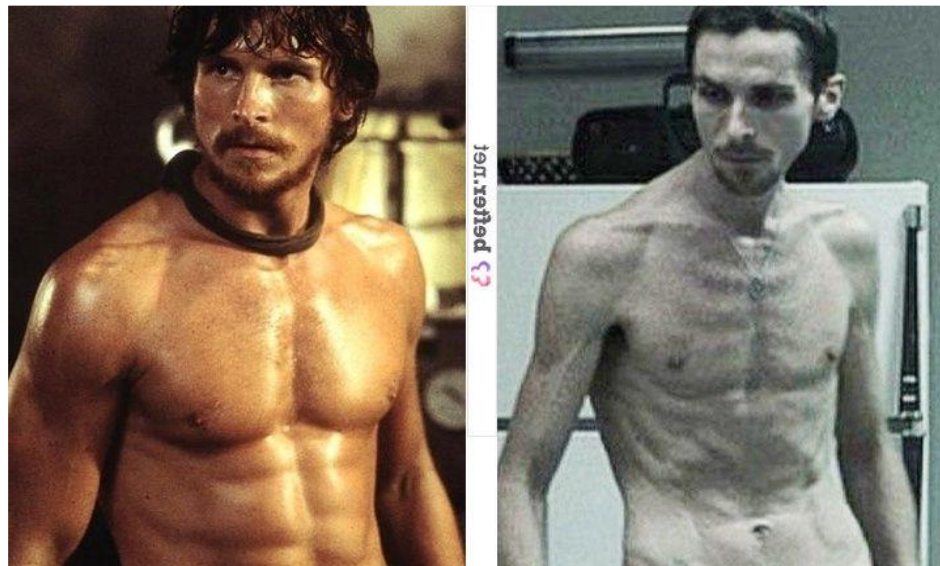


TABLE 1. Characteristics of the study subjects

	CR group (n = 28)	EX group (n = 28)	WD group (n = 28)	P value		
				CR vs. EX	CR vs. WD	EX vs. WD
Age (yr)	52.0 ± 12	52.1 ± 12	52.3 ± 10	ns	ns	ns
Sex (M/F)	24/4	24/4	24/4			
Height (m)	1.73 ± 0.1	1.75 ± 0.1	1.77 ± 0.1	ns	ns	ns
Weight (kg)	58.8 ± 5.9	68.2 ± 7.6	81.9 ± 14.6	0.003	0.0001	0.0001
BMI (kg/m ²)	19.7 ± 1.7	22.2 ± 1.9	26.0 ± 3.2	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
TSH (mIU/liter)	1.27 ± 0.7	1.68 ± 1.0	1.24 ± 0.6	ns	ns	ns
T ₃ (ng/dl)	73.6 ± 22	94.3 ± 17	91.0 ± 13	0.0001	0.001	ns
T ₄ (μg/dl)	5.4 ± 1.5	5.1 ± 0.7	5.7 ± 0.9	ns	ns	ns
FT4 (ng/dl)	0.96 ± 0.14	1.0 ± 0.09	0.97 ± 0.22	ns	ns	ns
hsCRP (mg/liter)	0.23 ± 0.27	0.65 ± 0.76	1.11 ± 1.17	0.001	ns	ns
TNF-α (pg/ml)	0.74 ± 0.5	1.42 ± 1.3	1.54 ± 0.9	0.030	0.009	ns

Normal ranges: TSH, 0.47–5.0 mIU/liter; T₃, 70–165 ng/dl; T₄, 4.5–12 μg/dl; and FT4, 0.71–1.85 ng/dl. Values are means ± SD. M, Male; F, female; ns, not significant; hsCRP, high-sensitivity CRP.

Centenarians and their offspring have lower T3/high TSH

Table 2. Serum Levels of Thyroid Hormone Axis Parameters for Offspring and Partners

	Offspring	Partners	<i>p</i> Value
All			
Thyrotropin (0.3–4.8 mU/L)	1.65 (1.59–1.71)	1.57 (1.49–1.66)	.11
Free thyroxine (10–24 pmol/L)	15.0 (14.9–15.2)	15.2 (15.0–15.4)	.045
Free triiodothyronine (2.5–5.5 pmol/L)	4.08 (4.04–4.12)	4.14 (4.09–4.20)	.024
Ratio triiodothyronine thyroxine	0.28 (0.27–0.28)	0.28 (0.27–0.28)	.84

Roizing et al. J Gerontol A Biol Sci Med Sci. (2010)

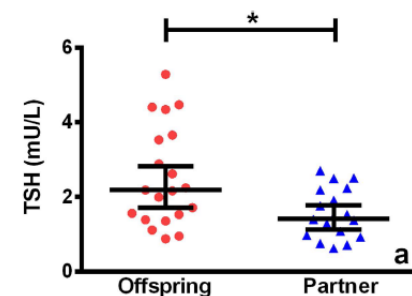
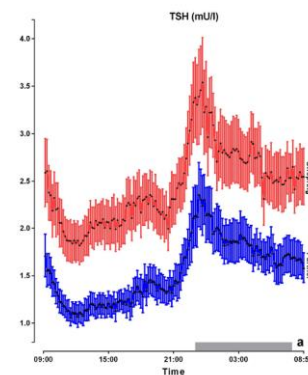
TABLE 1. Age, TSH, and FT4 in female and male controls, offspring, and probands (Ashkenazi Jewish centenarians)

	Controls	Offspring	Centenarians
n (females/males)	163 (79/84)	366 (185/181)	222 (110/112)
Age (yr)			
All	70 (53–80)	69 (59–79)	97 (95–105)
Females	67 (52–80)	68 (59–79)	97 (95–103)
Males	74 (59–80)	69 (59–79)	97 (95–103)
TSH (mIU/liter)			
All	1.55 (0.63–3.93)	1.68 (0.65–4.79) ^a	1.97 (0.42–7.15) ^a
Females	1.60 (0.60–4.7)	1.72 (0.51–6.3) ^a	2.00 (0.53–7.34) ^a
Males	1.50 (0.55–4.50)	1.68 (0.65–5.9) ^a	1.93 (0.61–6.9) ^a
FT4 (ng/dl)			
All	1.00 (0.69–1.7)	1.03 (0.67–2.0)	1.02 (0.62–2.02)
Females	0.99 (0.74–1.5)	1.04 (0.66–1.9) ^a	1.04 (0.65–2.02) ^a
Males	1.00 (0.57–1.7)	1.02 (0.67–2.0)	0.95 (0.48–2.06) ^a

Data are expressed as median (97.5% CI).

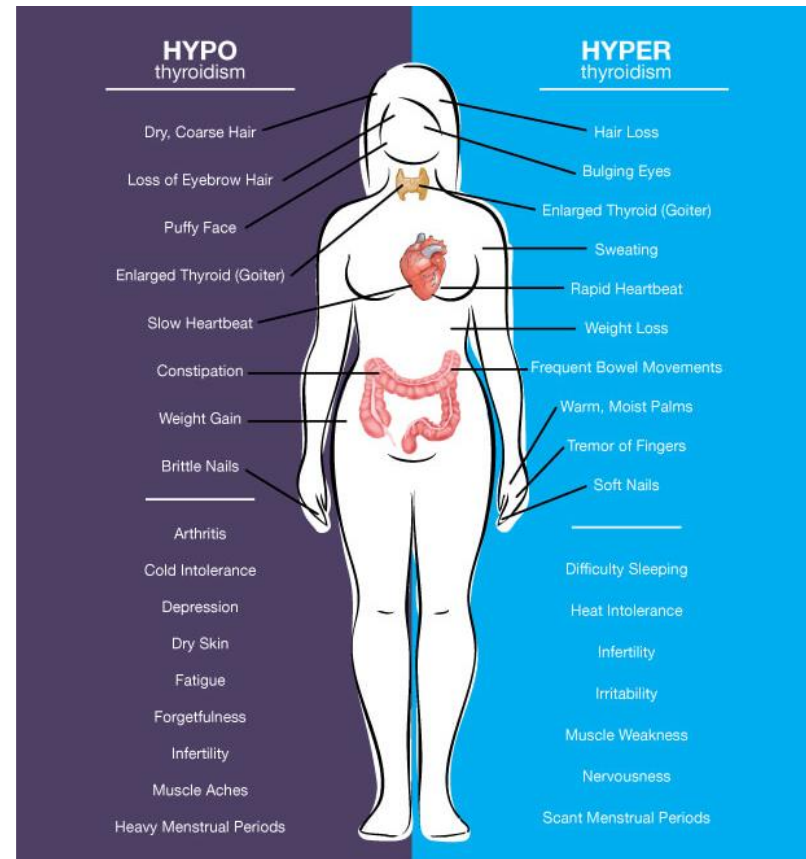
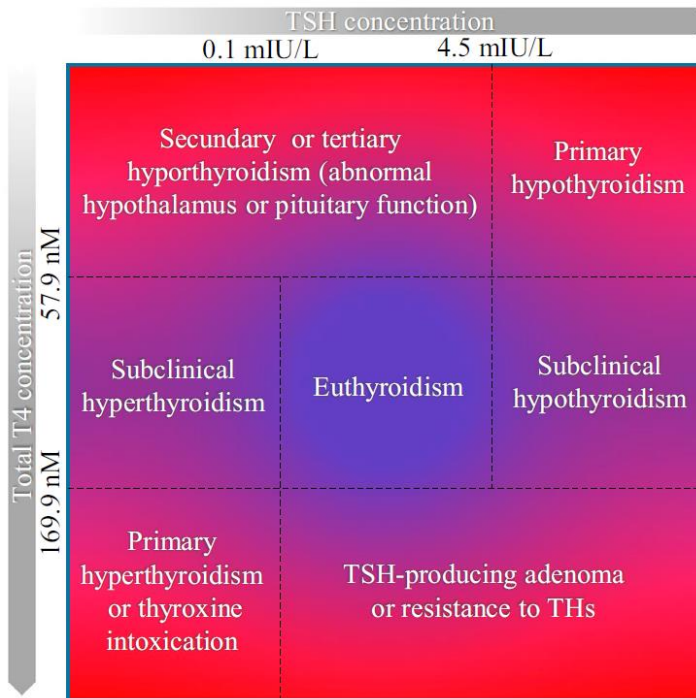
^a *P* < 0.05 vs. controls.

Atzmon et al. J Clin Endocrinol Metab. (2009)

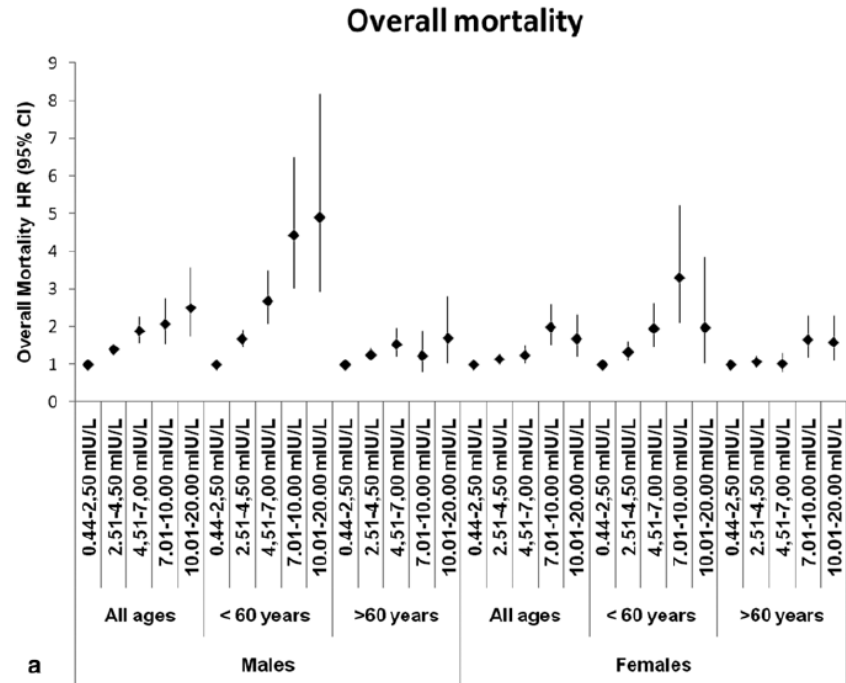
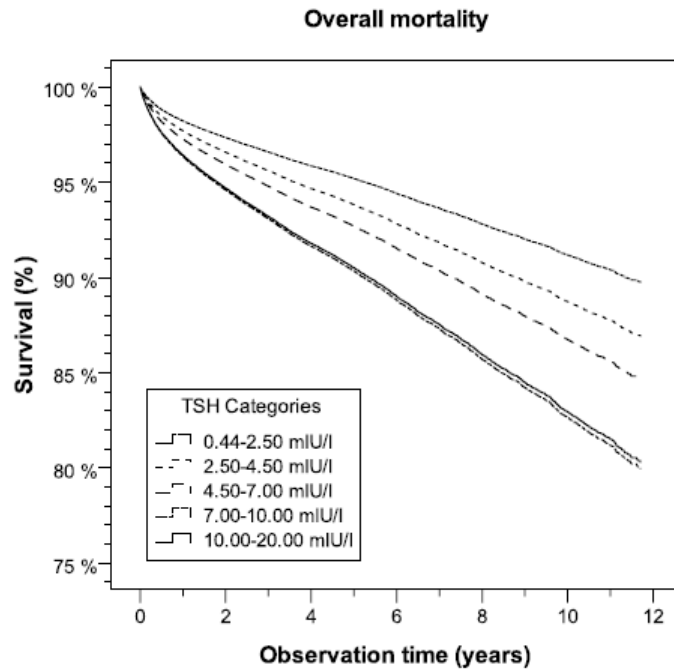


Jansen et al. Sci Rep. (2015)

Alterations in thyroid Hormones lead to human diseases

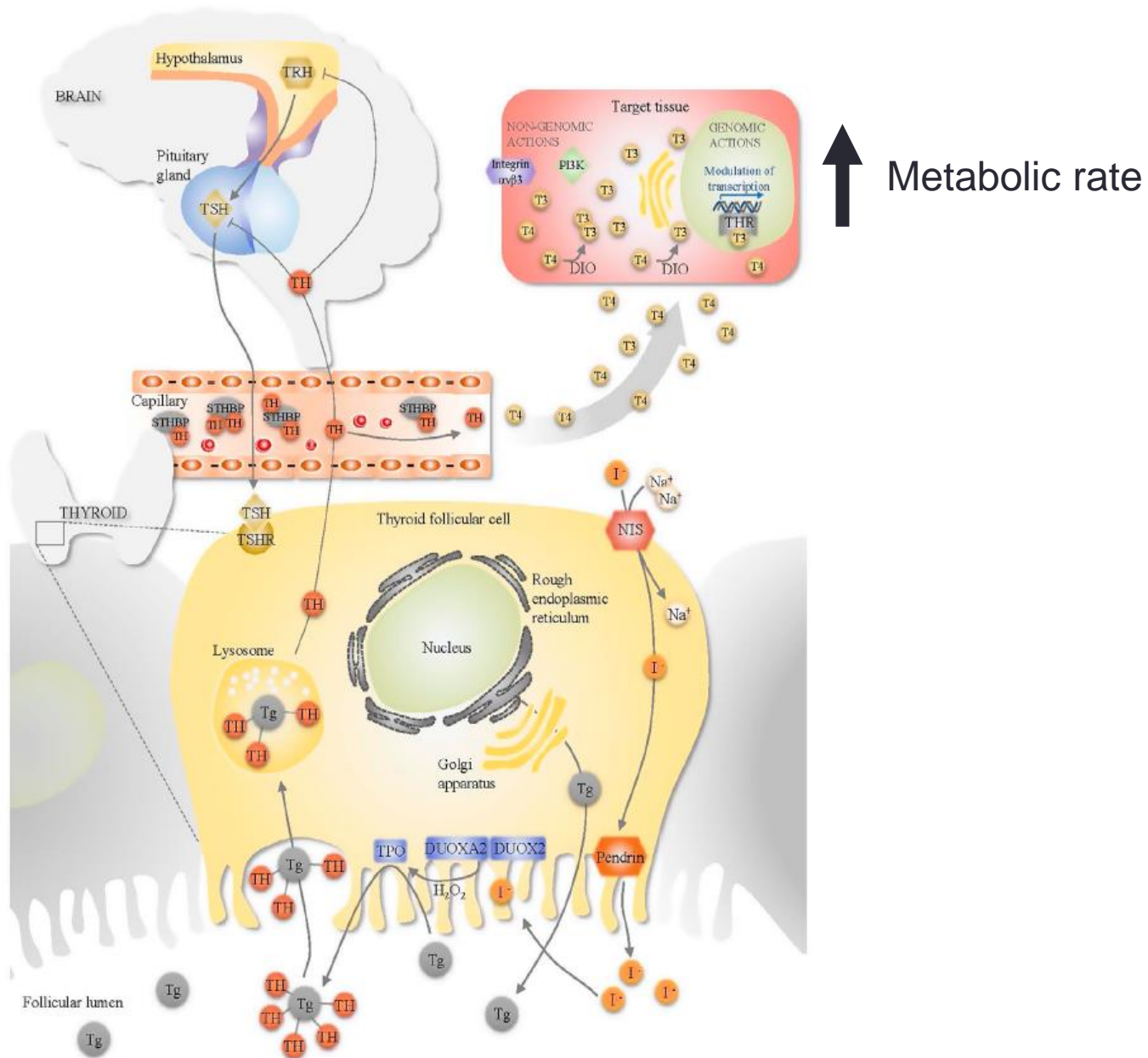


Hypothyroid humans have increased mortality

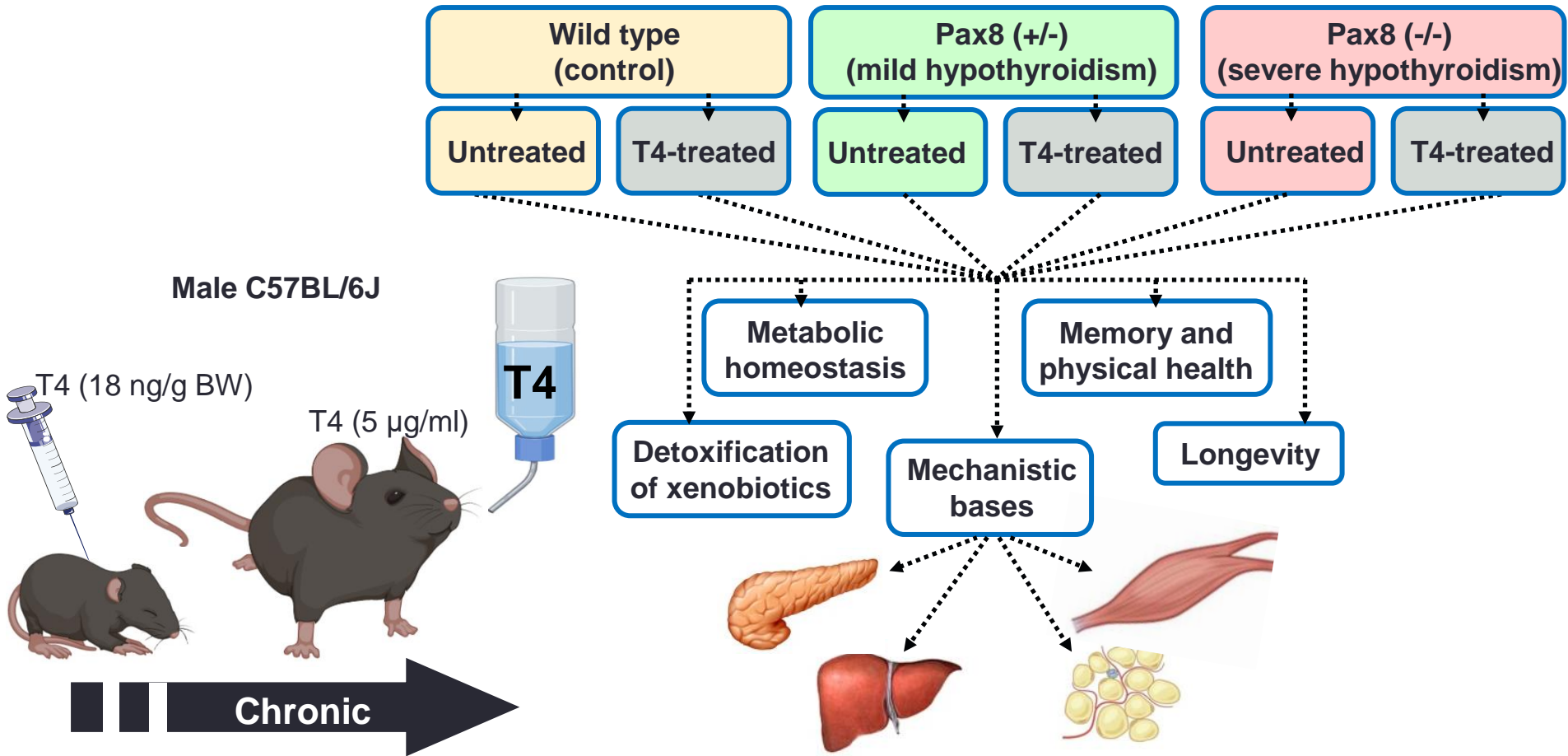


Kovar FM. Et al. Wien Klin Wochenschr. (2015)

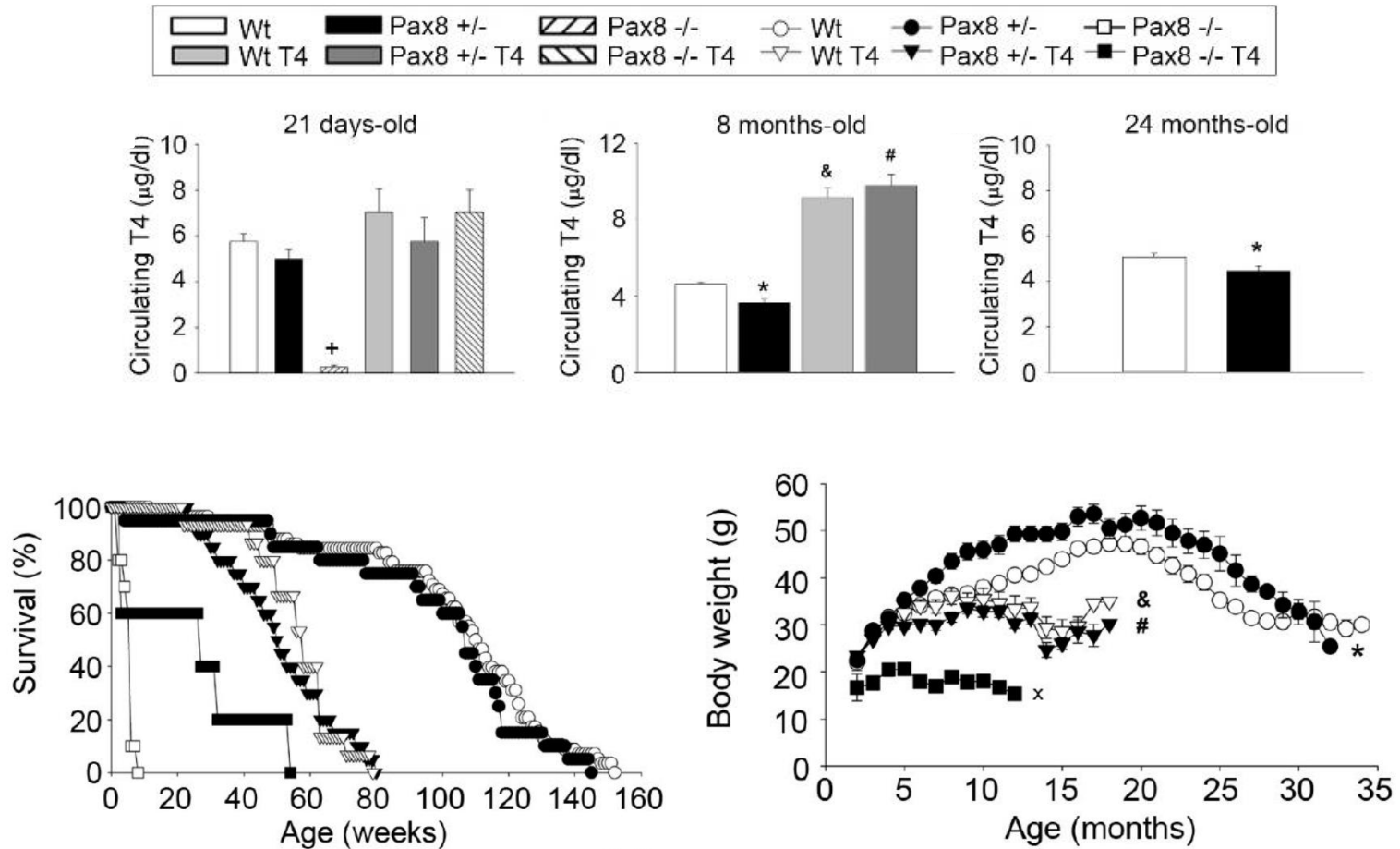
The hypothalamic-pituitary-thyroid axis



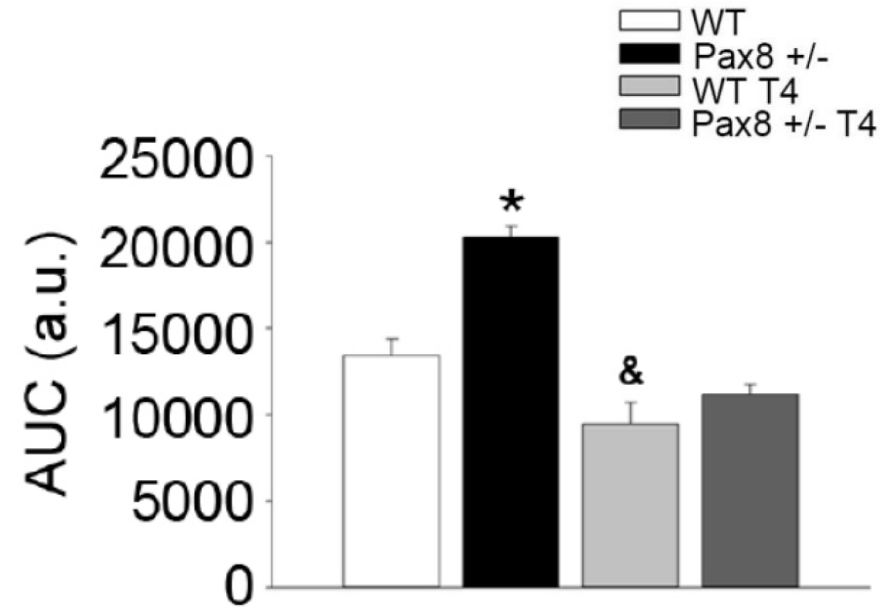
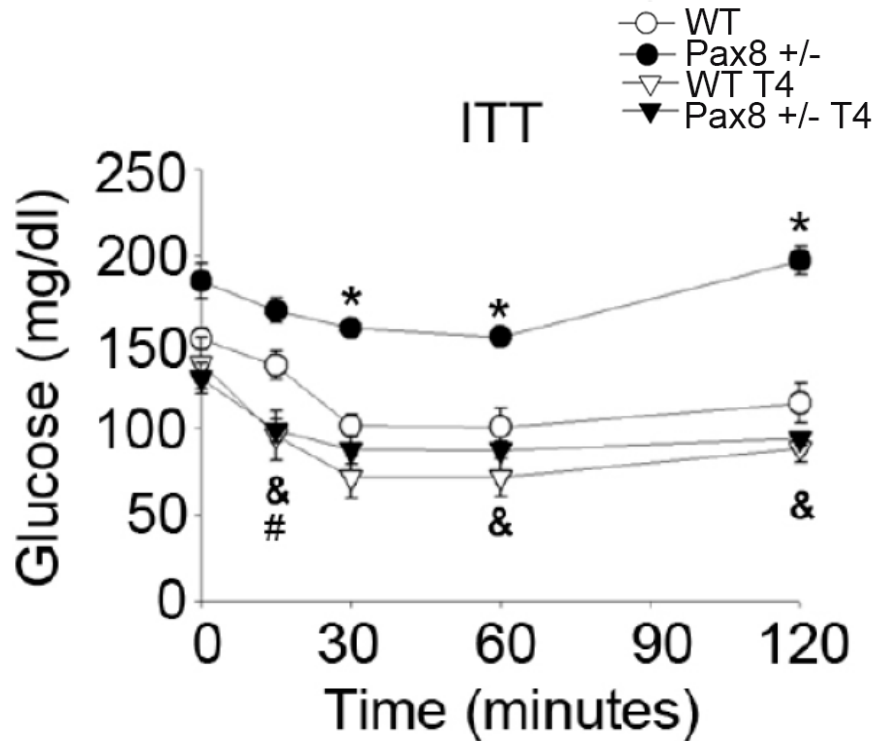
The thyroid axis in metabolic health, cancer, and life expectancy



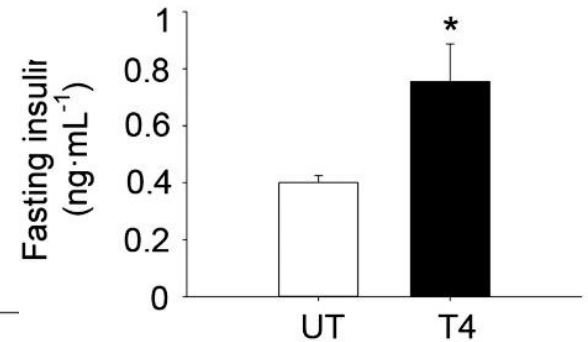
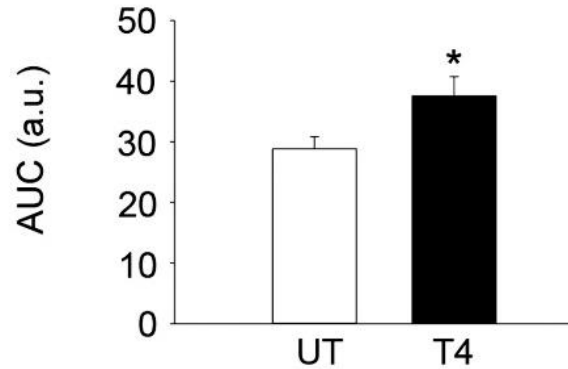
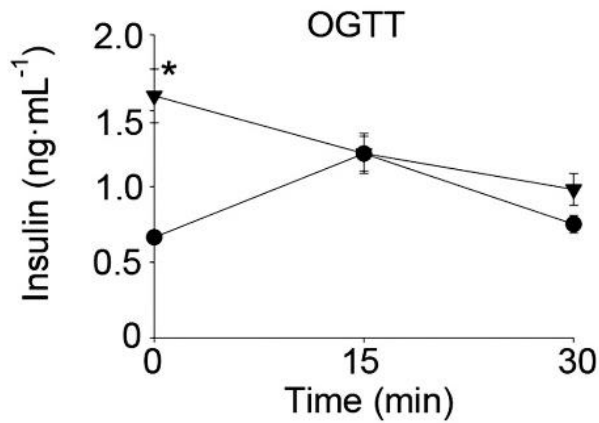
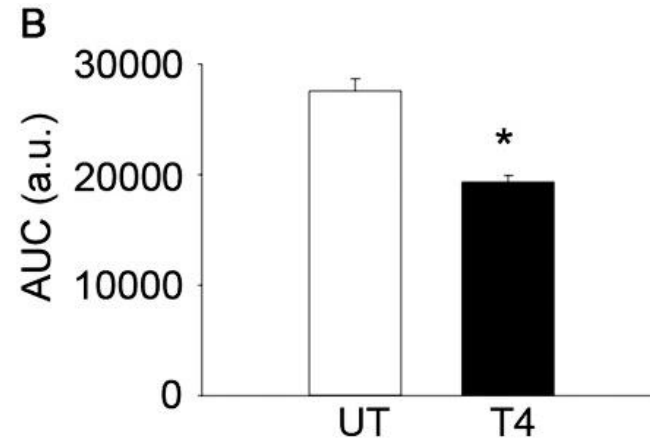
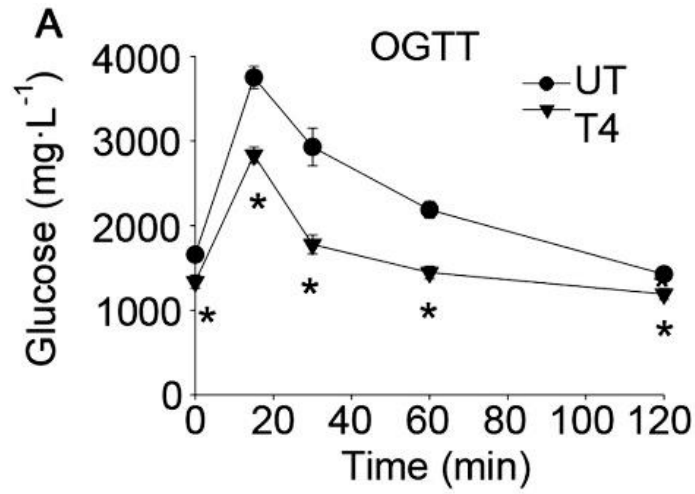
The effects of the modulation of the thyroid axis in longevity



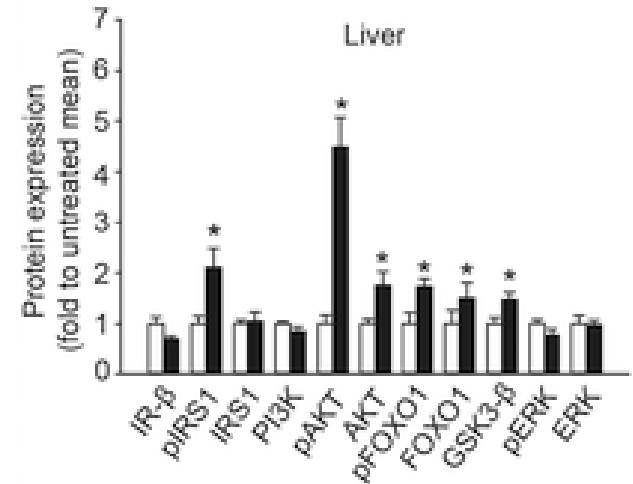
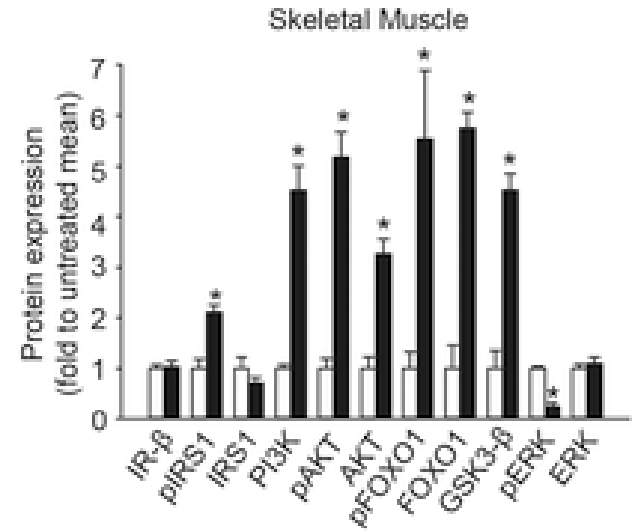
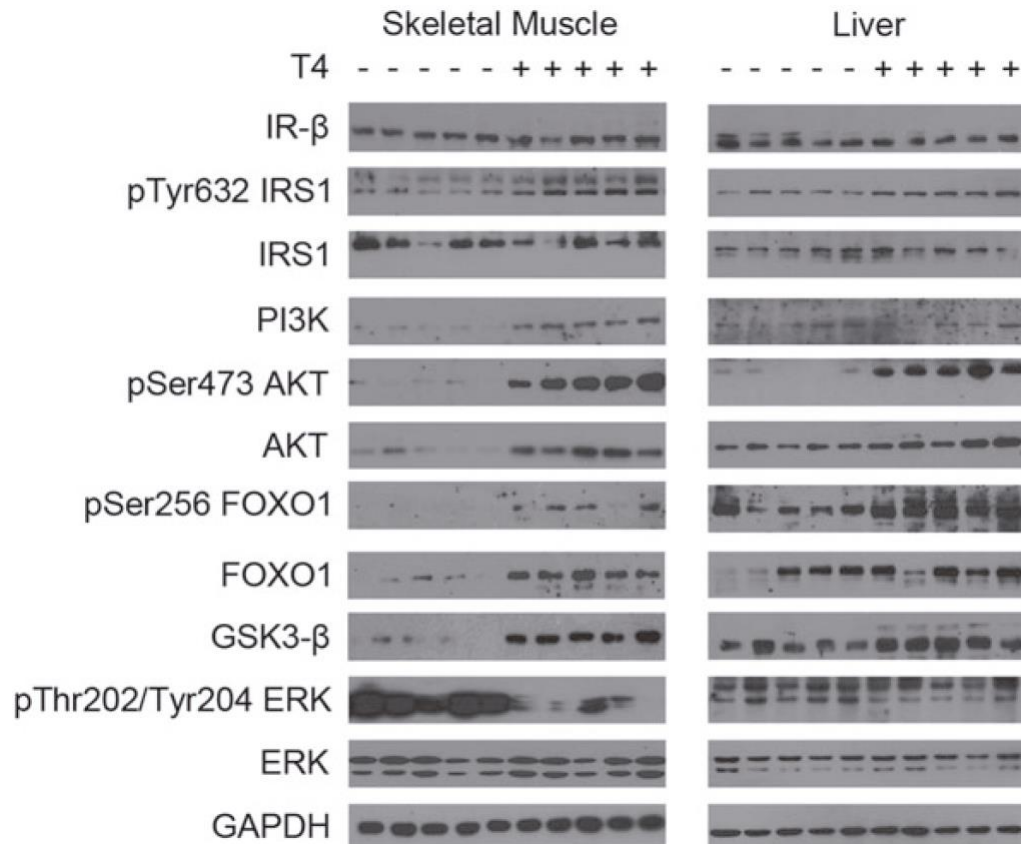
The modulation of thyroid hormones alters glucose metabolism



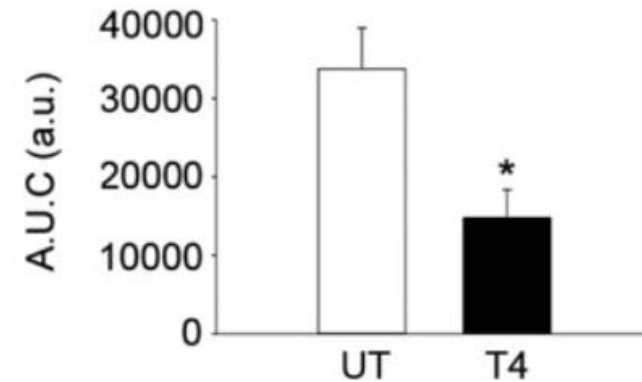
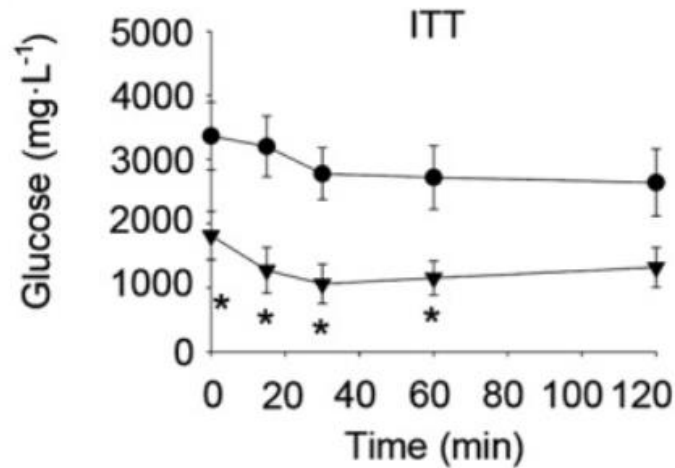
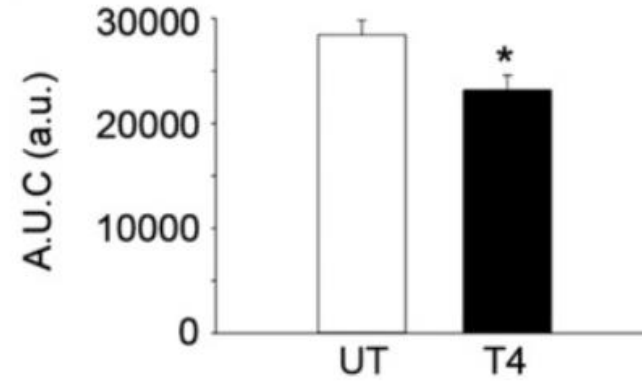
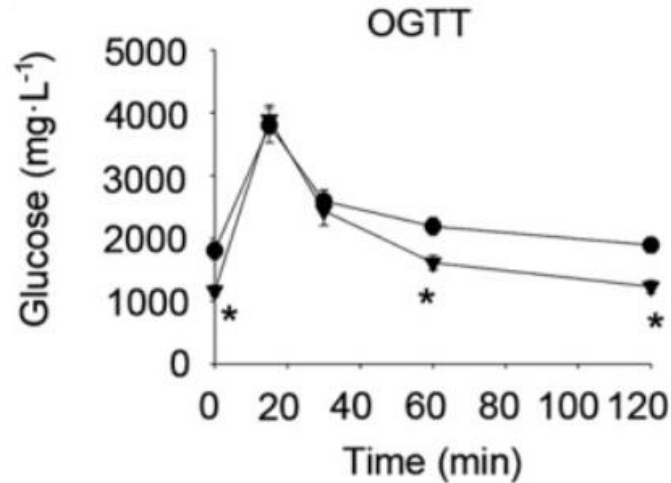
Thyroid hormones in female C57 increase insulin levels



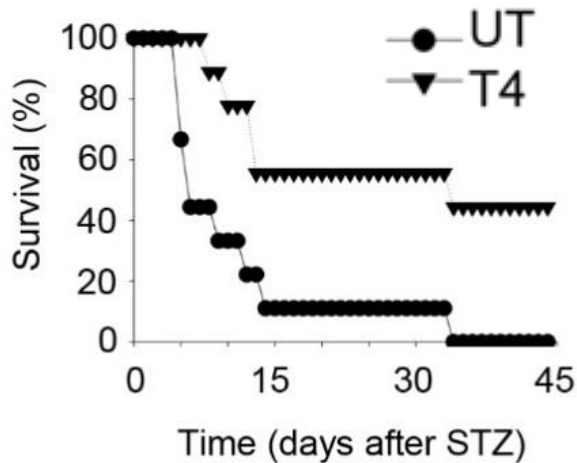
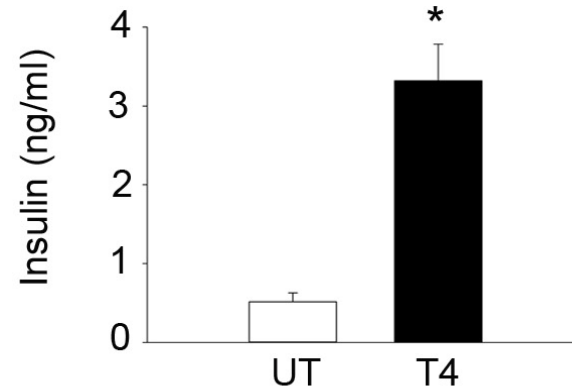
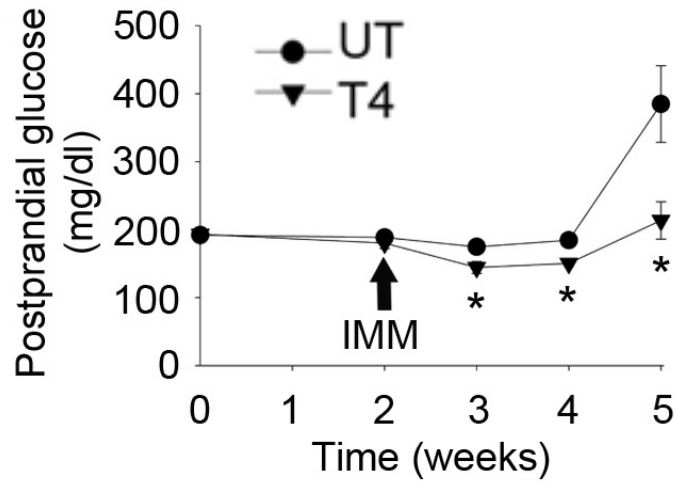
Increased insulin signaling in hyperthyroidism



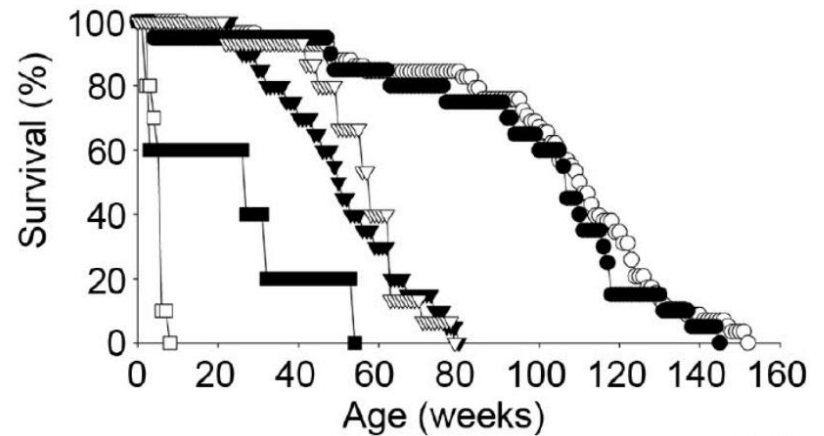
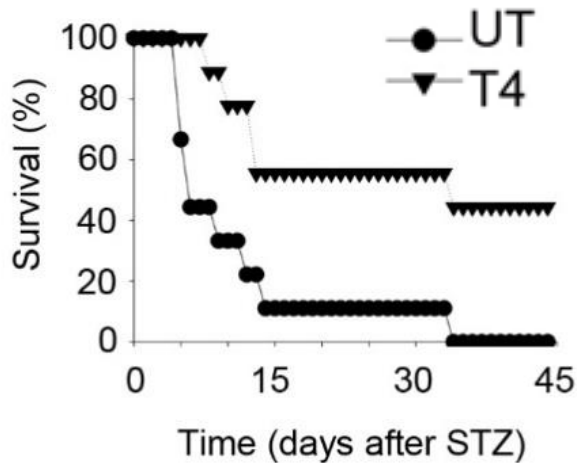
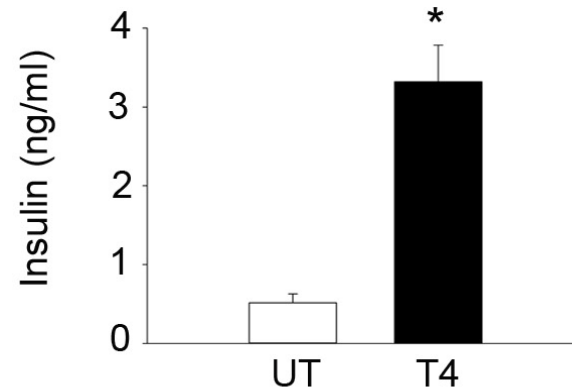
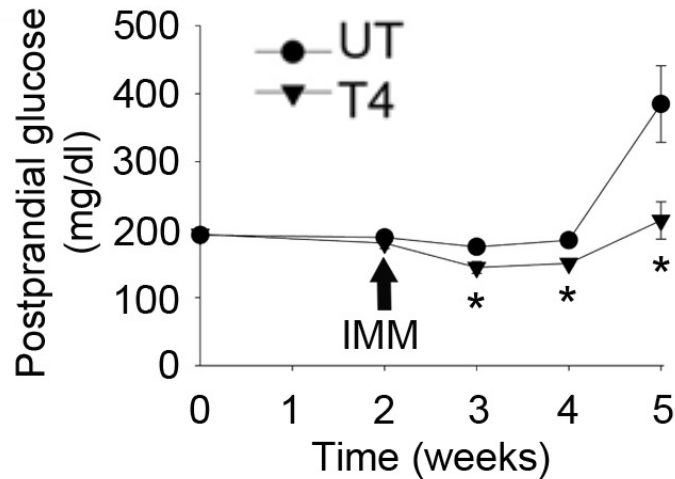
Thyroid hormones improve glucose metabolism in RIP.B7.1 mice



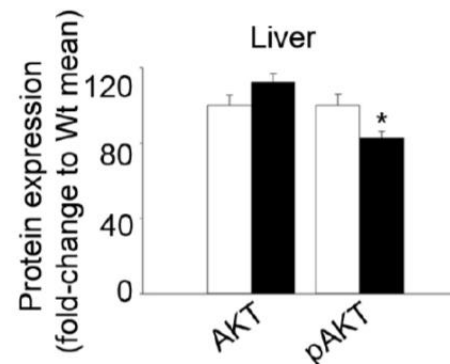
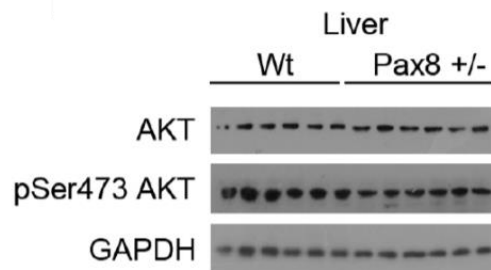
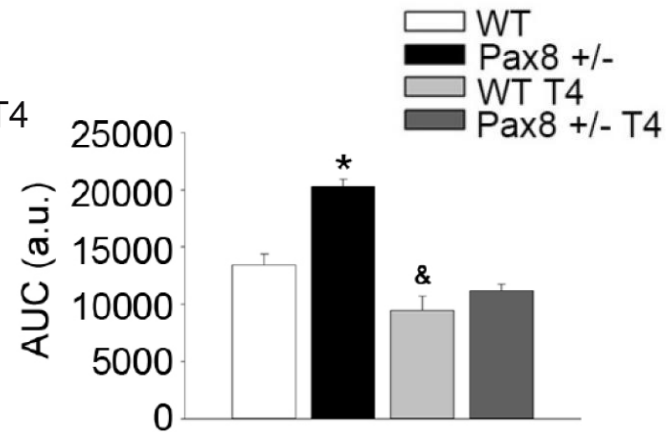
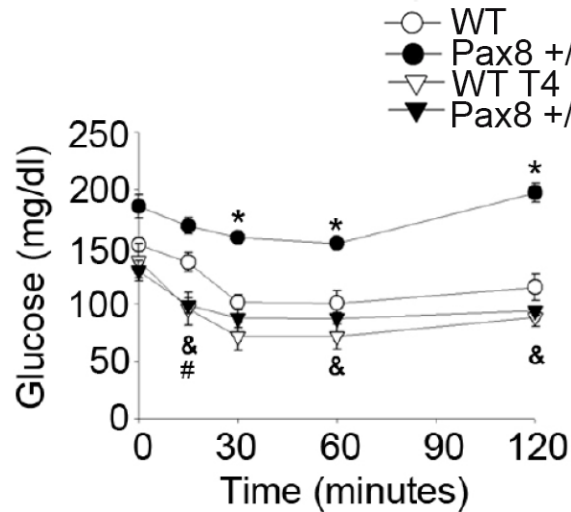
Thyroid hormones increase insulin levels and survival in ET1DM



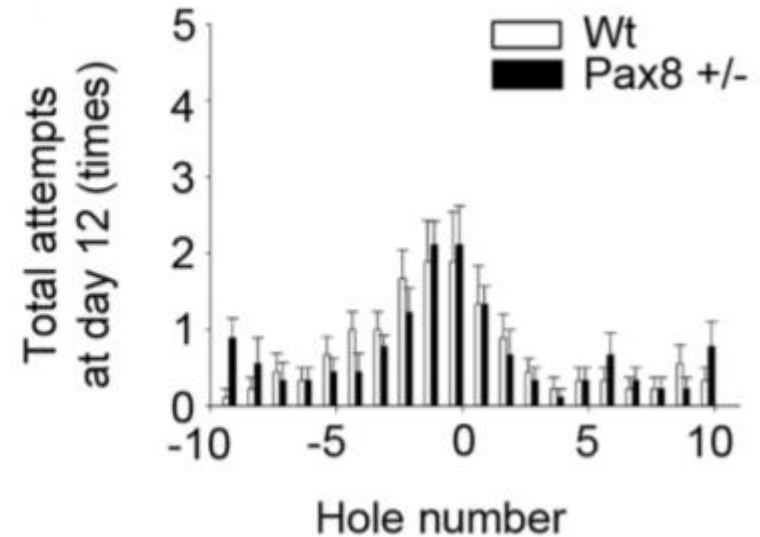
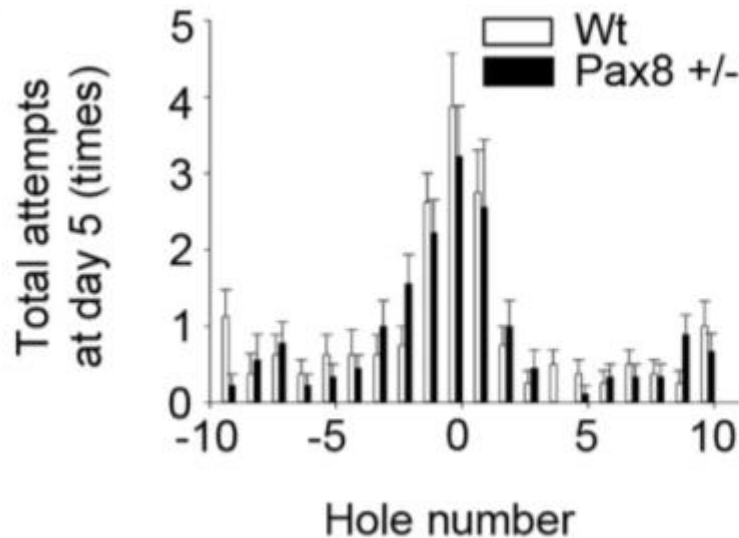
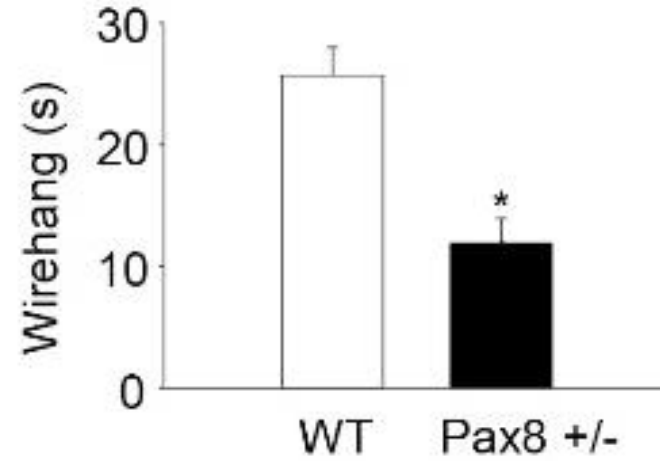
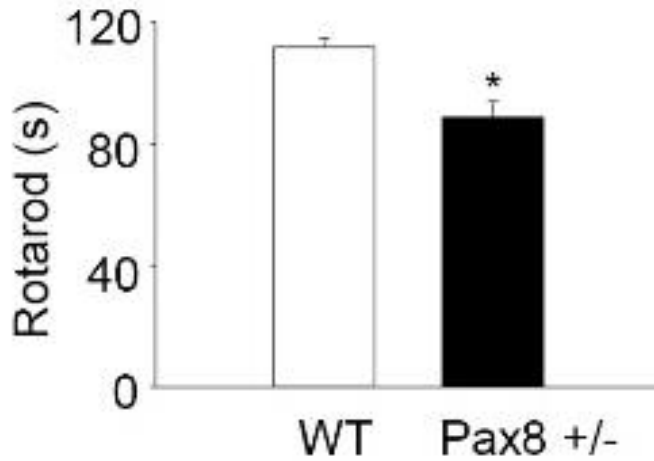
Thyroid hormones produce toxicity in healthy mice



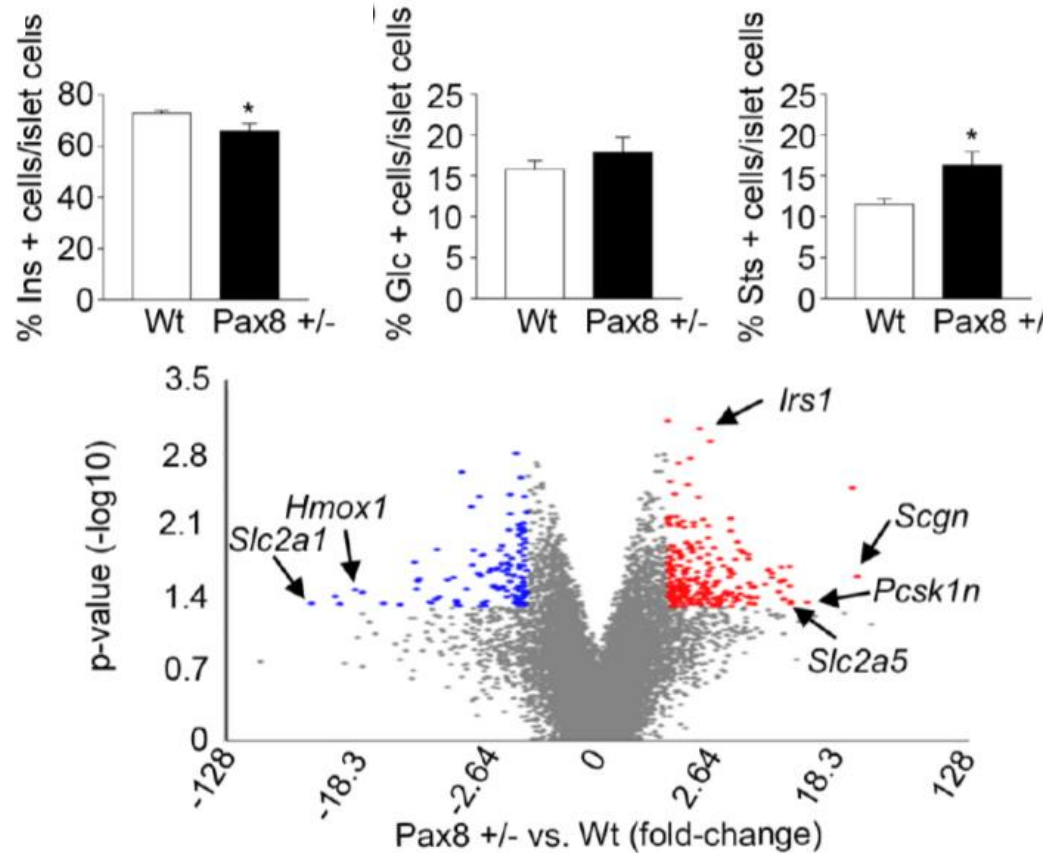
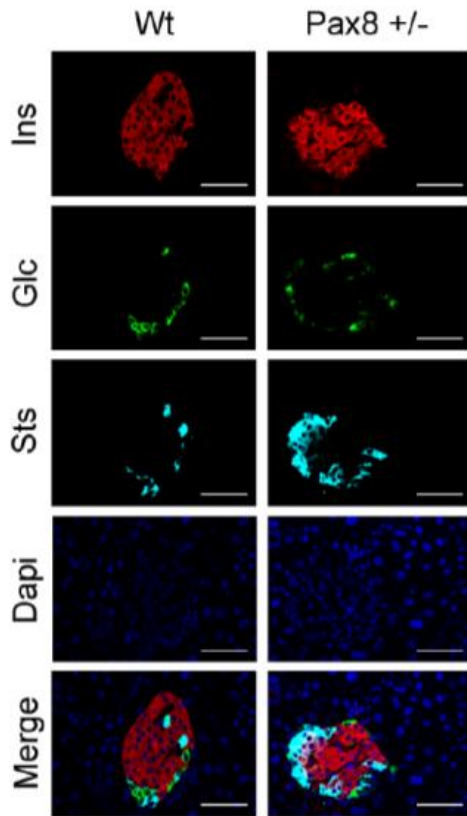
The modulation of thyroid hormones alters glucose metabolism



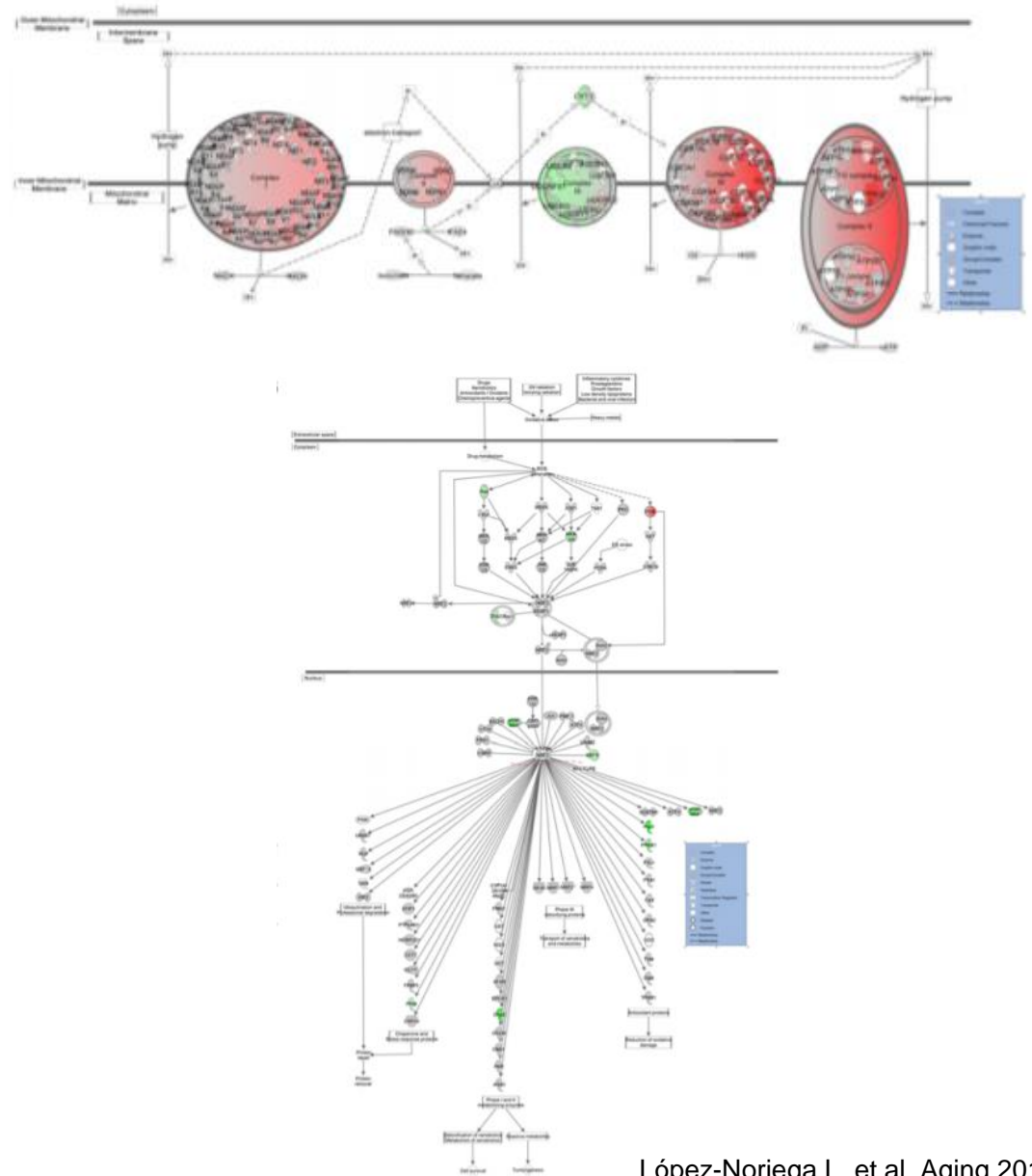
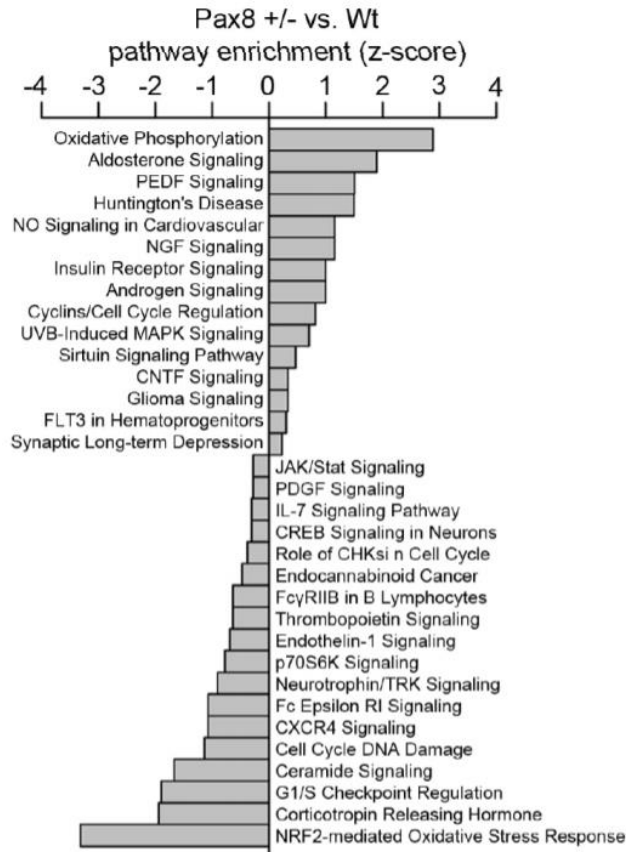
Mild hypothyroid mice have poor locomotor function



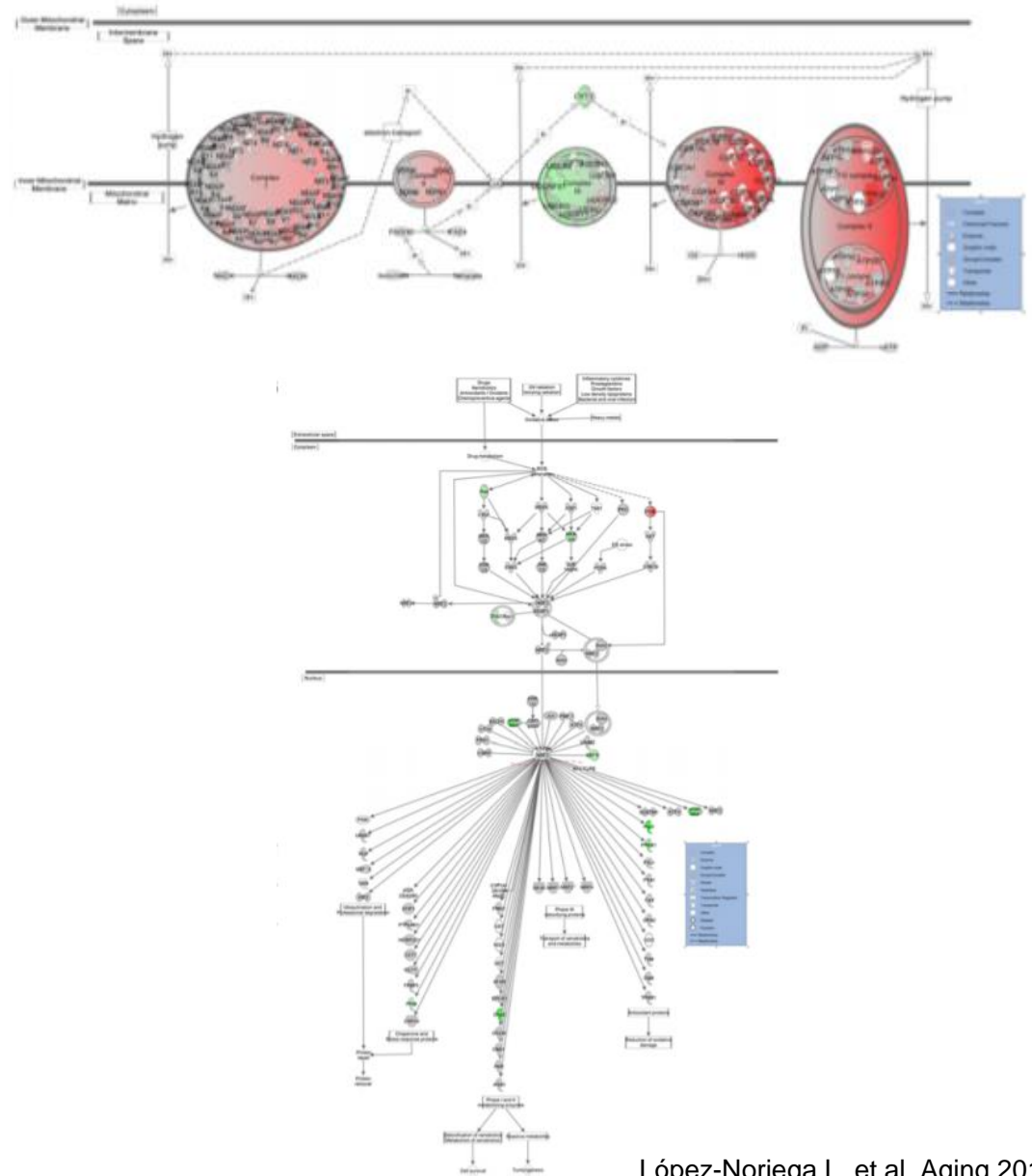
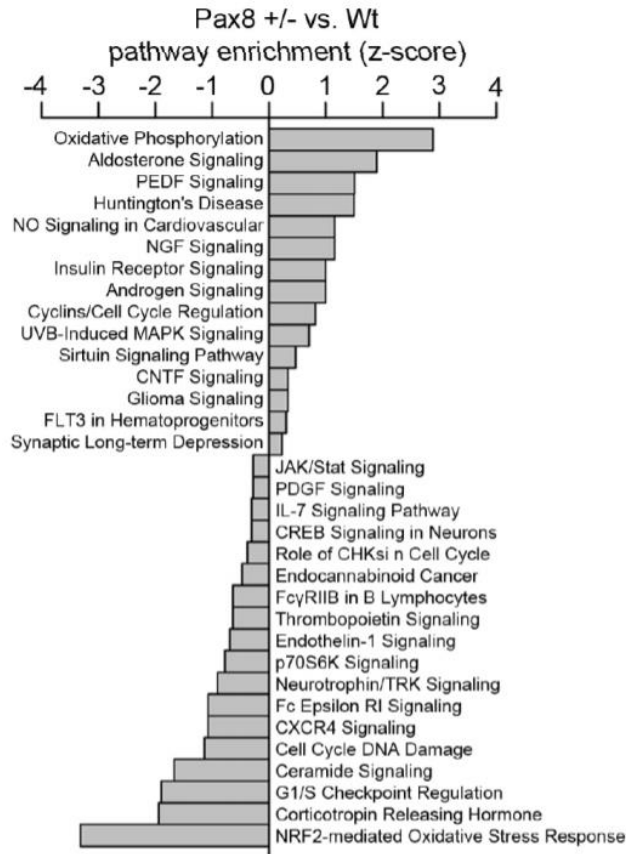
Mild hypothyroid mice have a distinct transcriptional profile



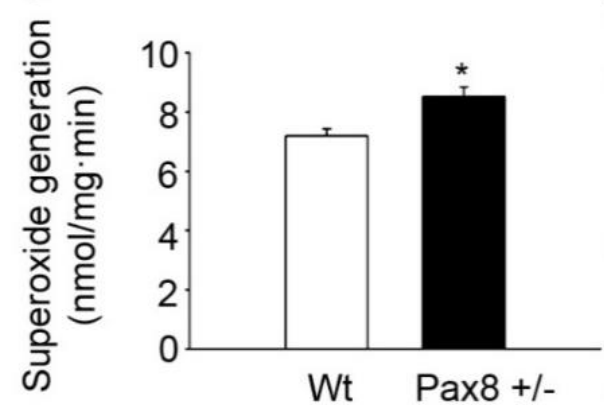
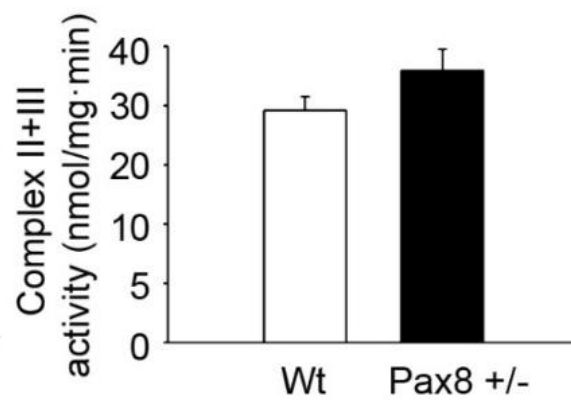
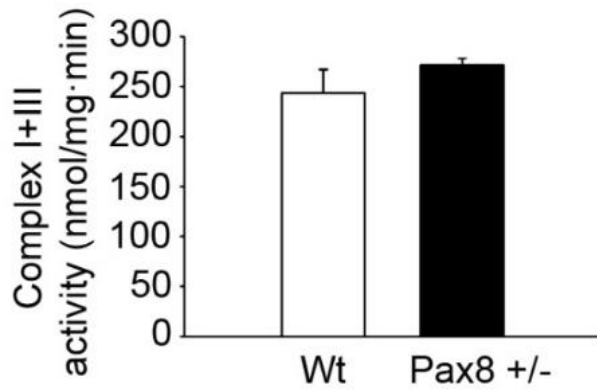
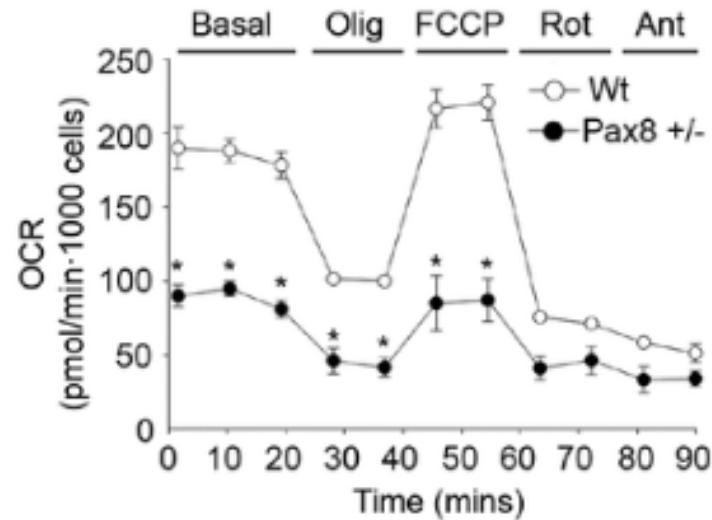
Mild hypothyroid mice have a distinct transcriptional profile



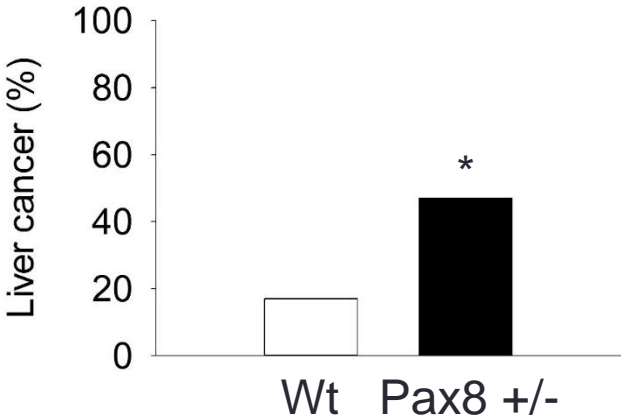
Mild hypothyroid mice have a distinct transcriptional profile



Mild hypothyroidism is associated to increased ROS generation



Hypothyroidism increases spontaneous liver carcinogenesis



López-Noriega L. et al. Aging 2019

The thyroid axis alter mechanisms of aging and cancer

Cell

Leading Edge
Review

Cell

Leading Edge
Review

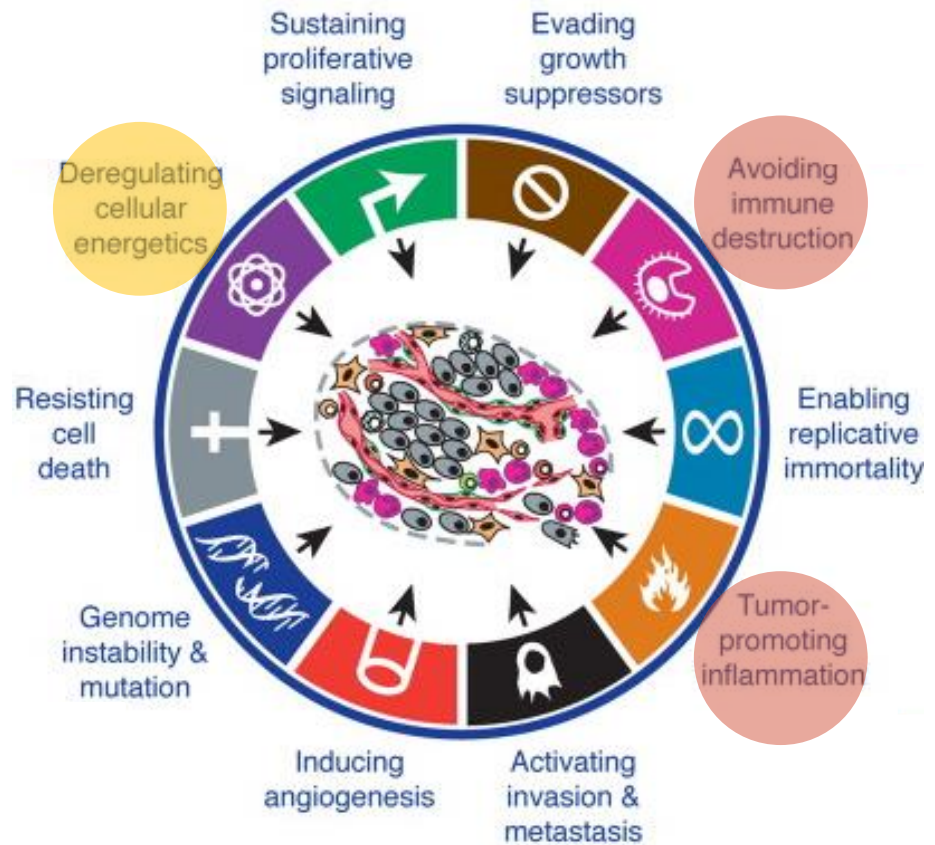
The Hallmarks of Aging

Carlos López-Otín,¹ Maria A. Blasco,² Linda Partridge,^{3,4} Manuel Serrano,^{5,*} and Guido Kroemer^{6,7,8,9,10}

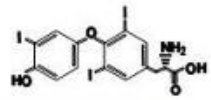


Hallmarks of Cancer: The Next Generation

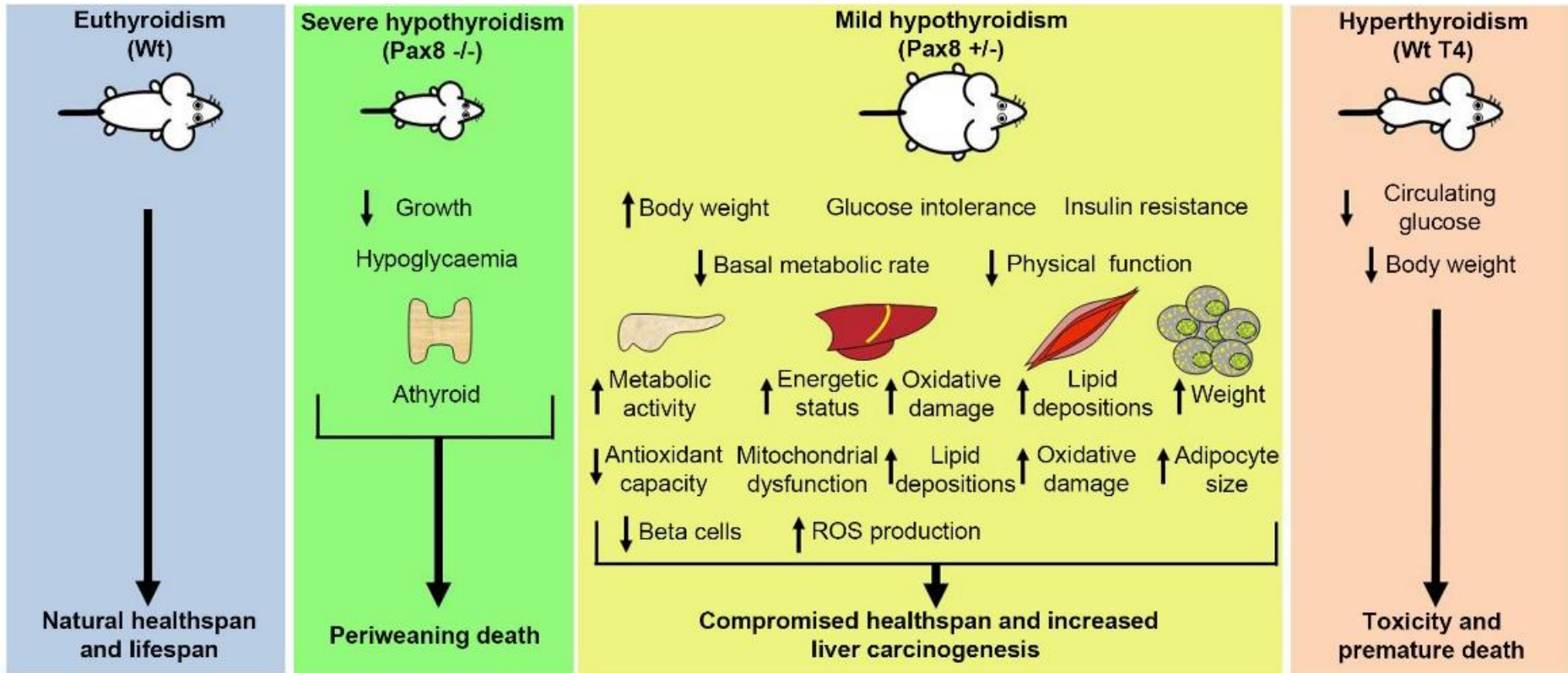
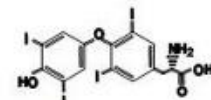
Douglas Hanahan^{1,2,*} and Robert A. Weinberg^{3,*}



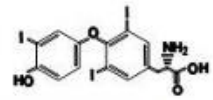
A delicate balance of thyroid function in health and survival



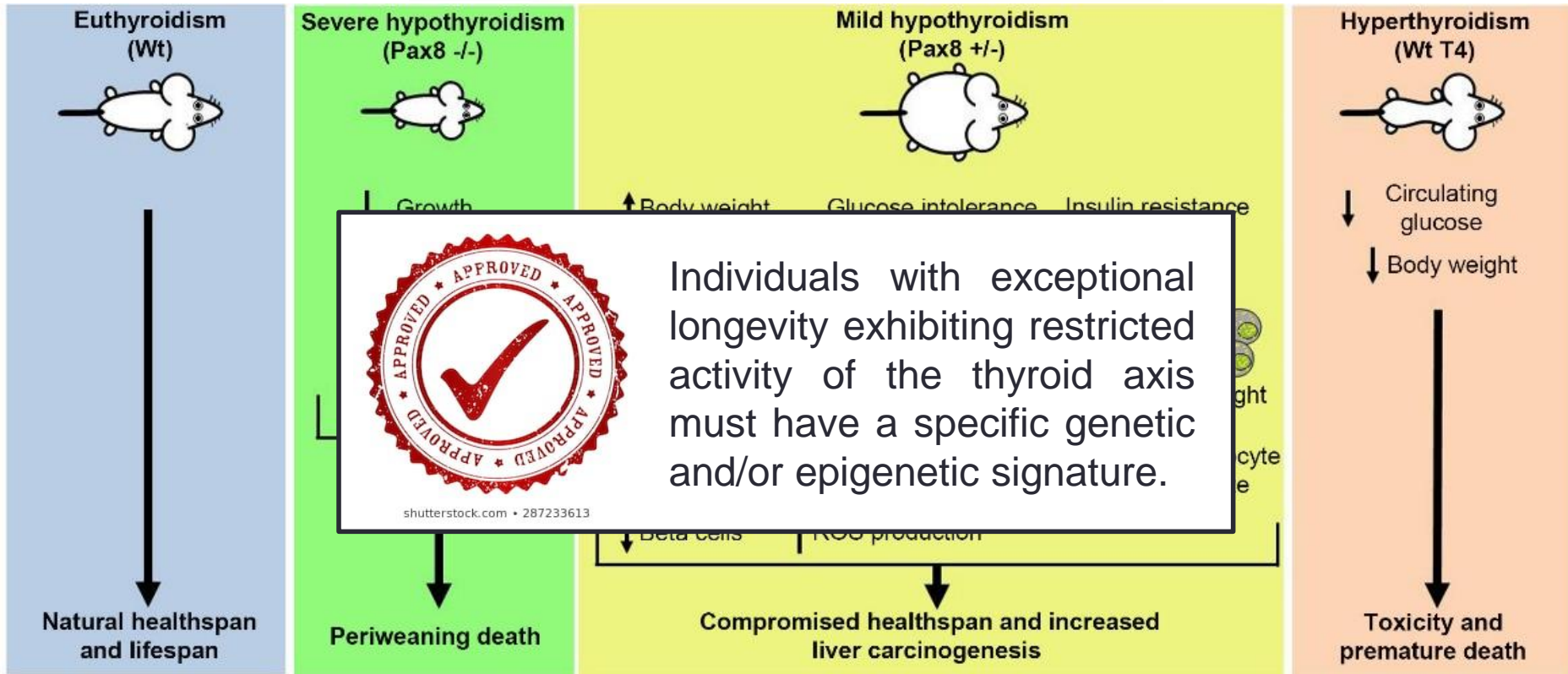
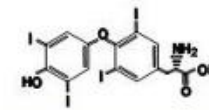
Thyroid hormones



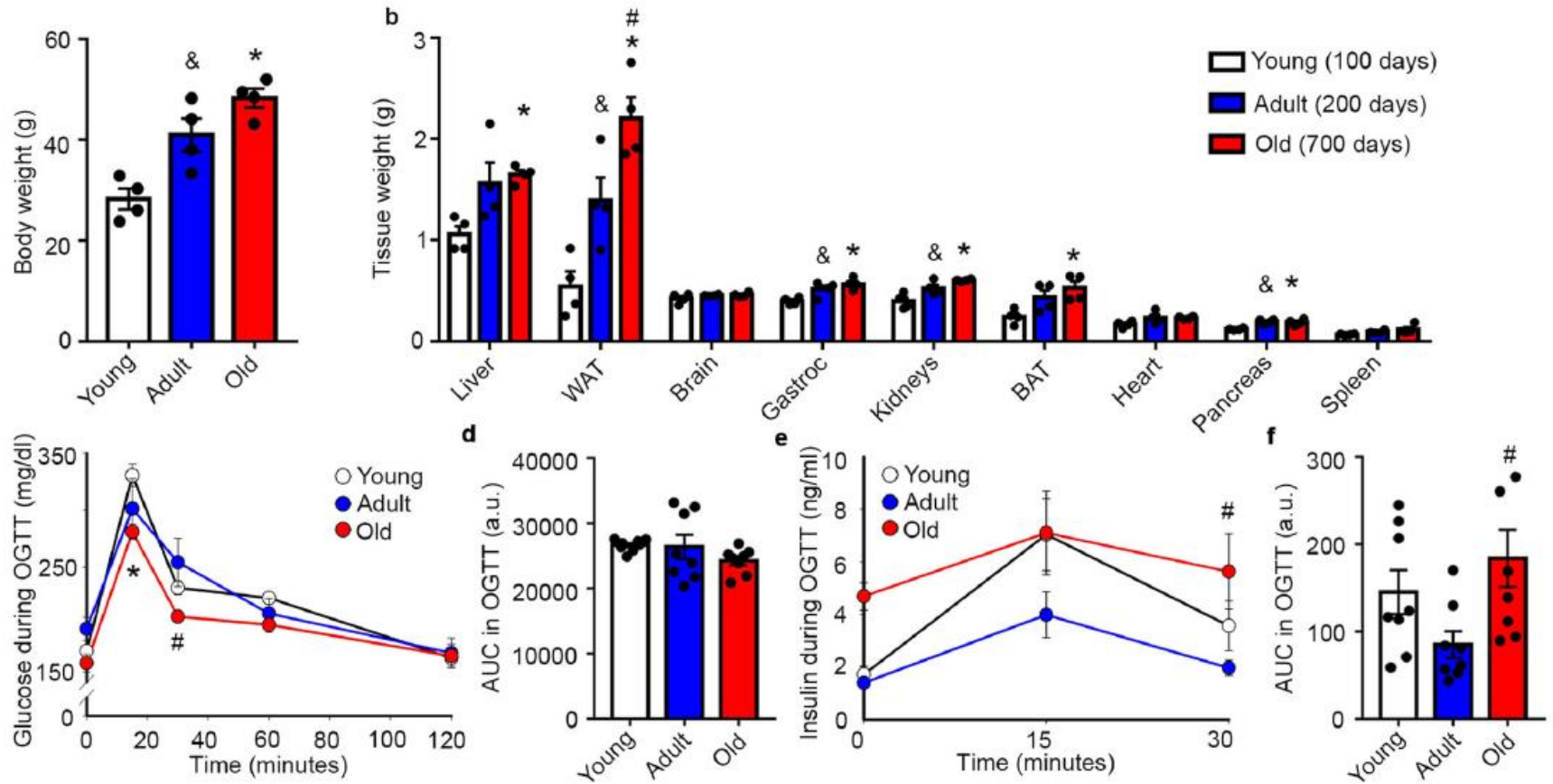
A delicate balance of thyroid function in health and survival



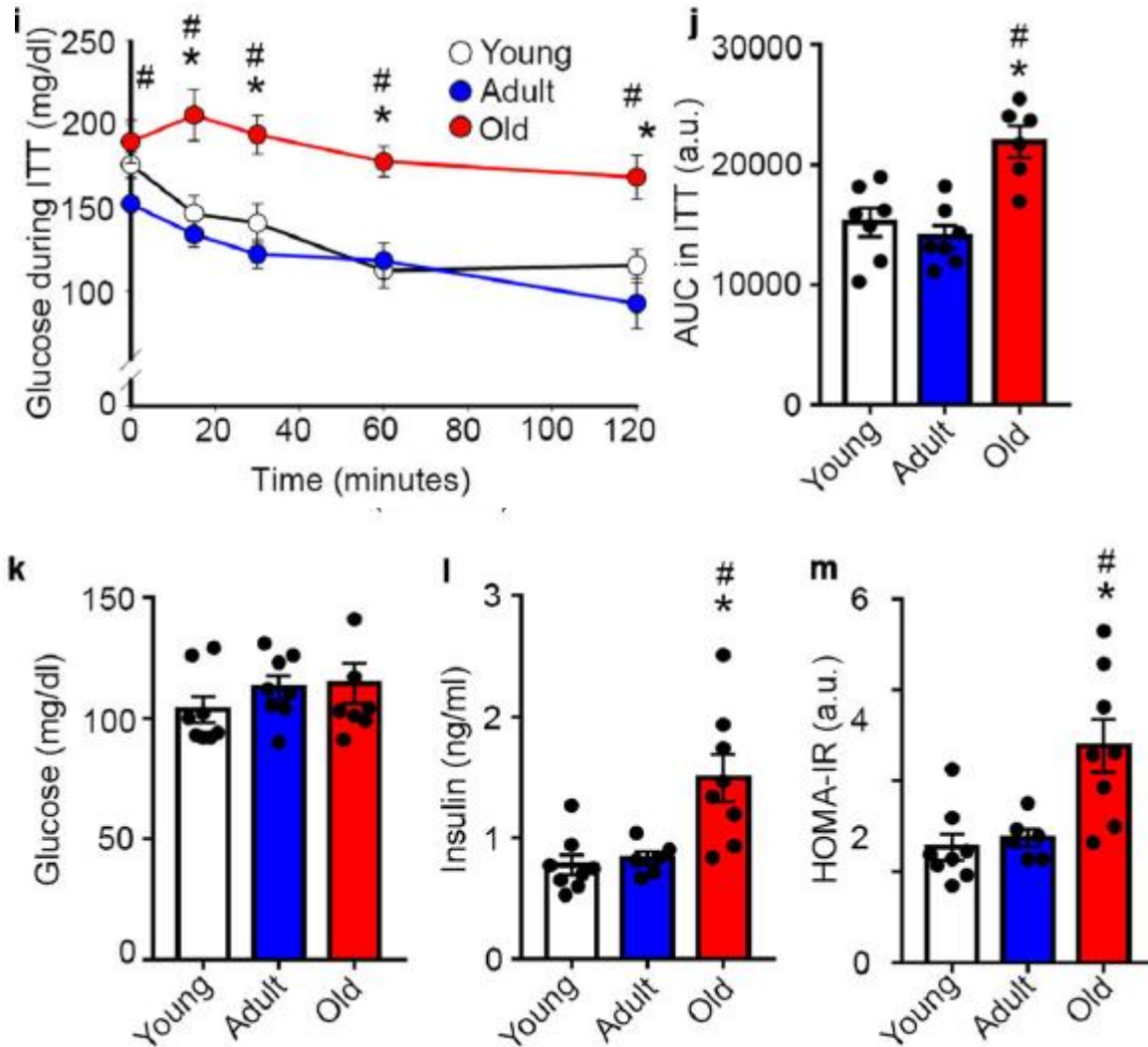
Thyroid hormones



Another approach, what is wrong with aging?



Another approach, what is wrong with aging?

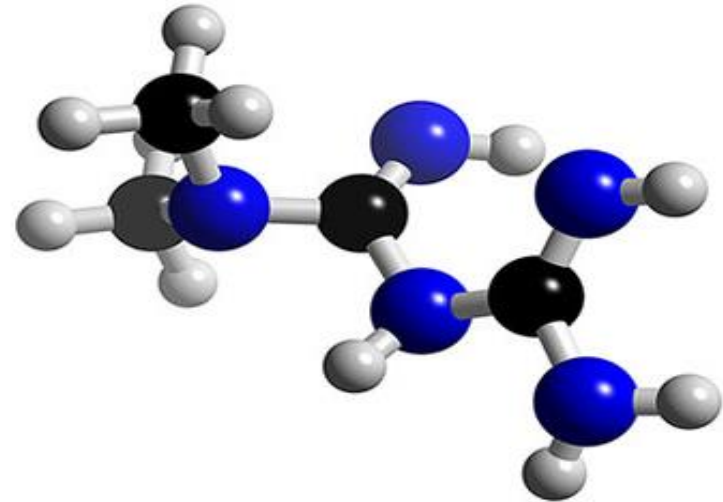


Metformin extends lifespan

Metformin is the most widely prescribed antidiabetic drug.

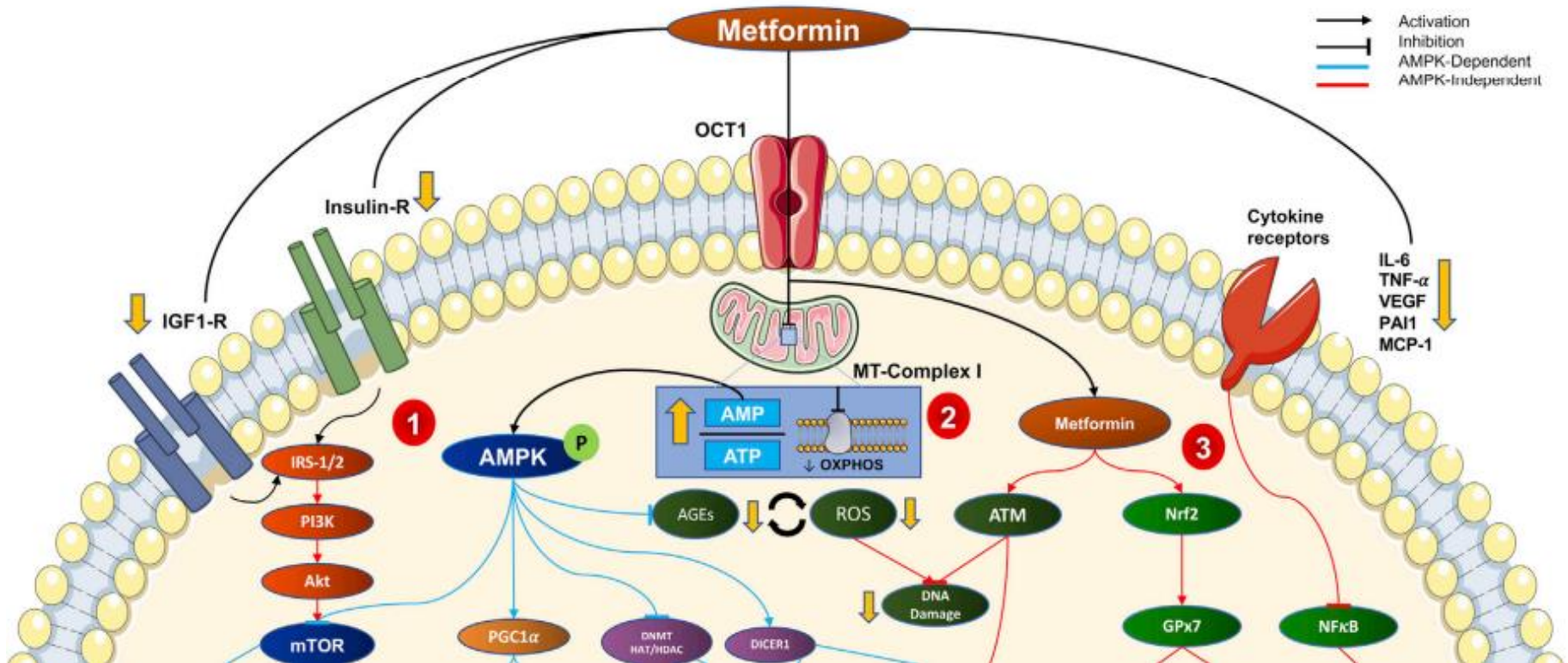
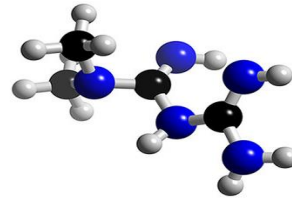


Galega officinalis

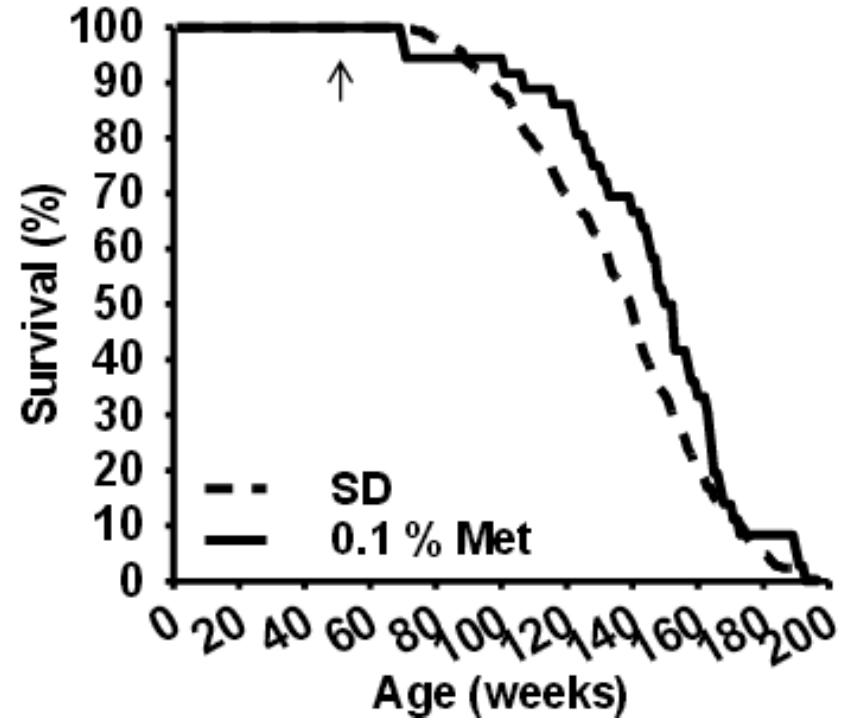
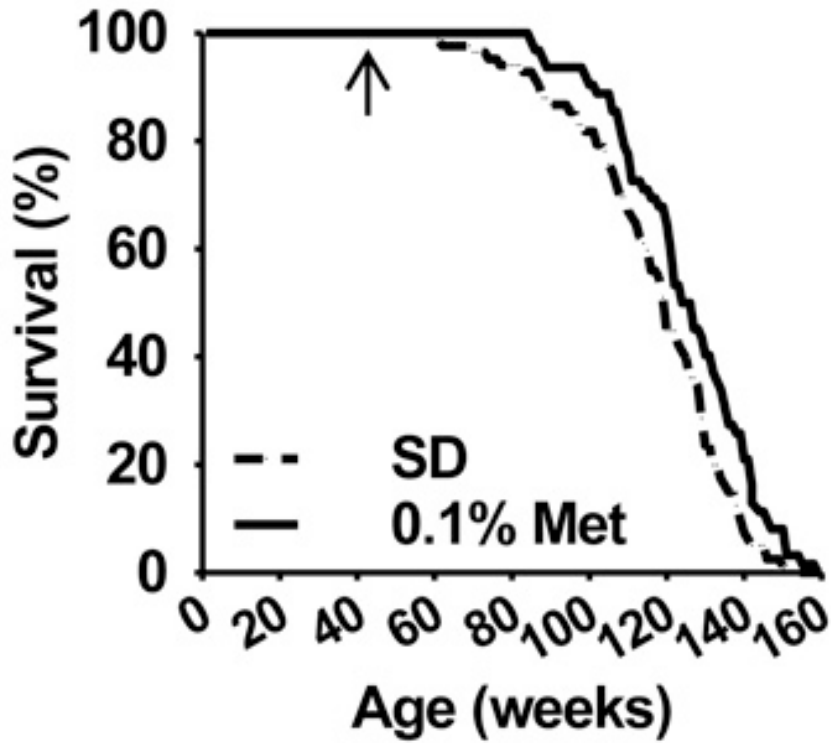


Metformin
 $C_4H_{11}N_5$

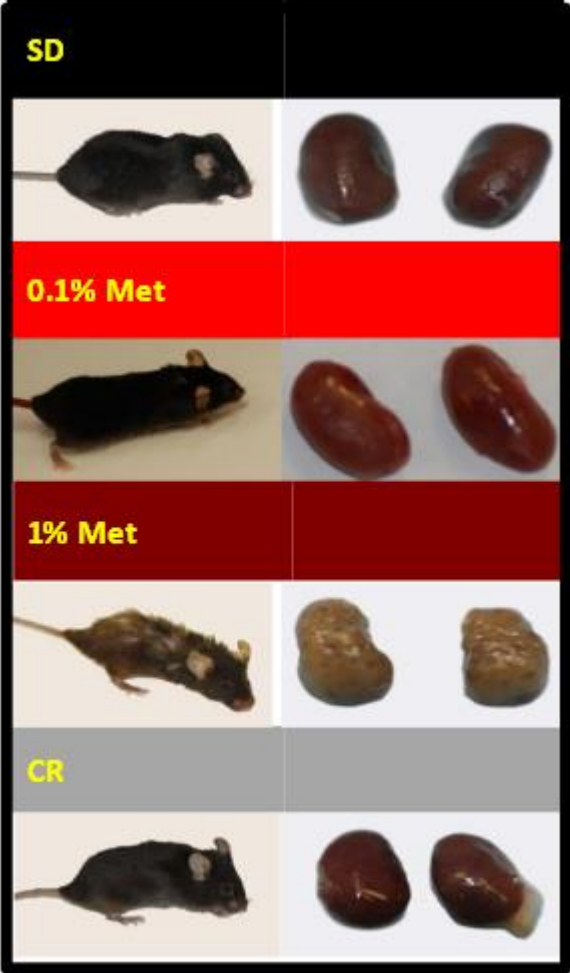
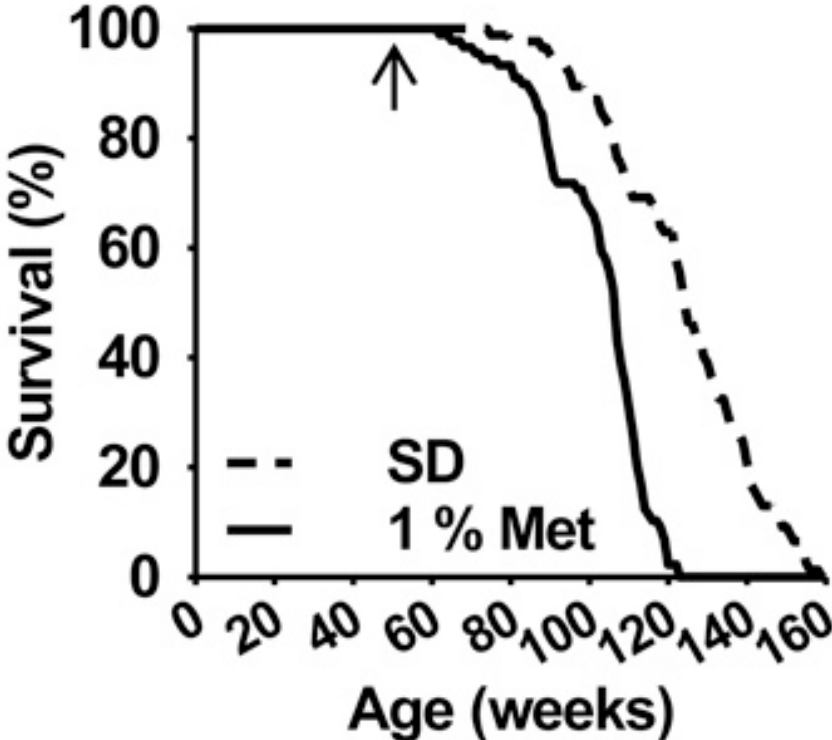
The mechanism of action of metformin: “cellular hunger”



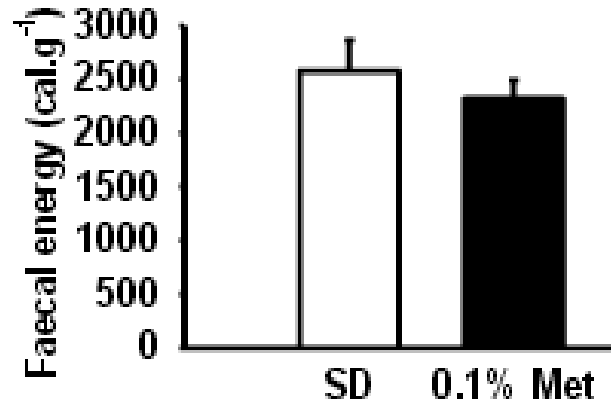
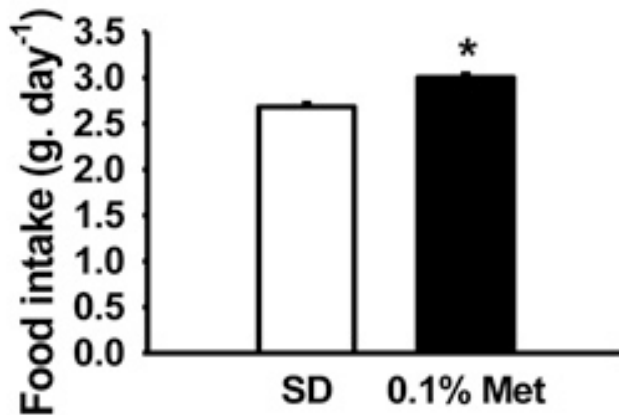
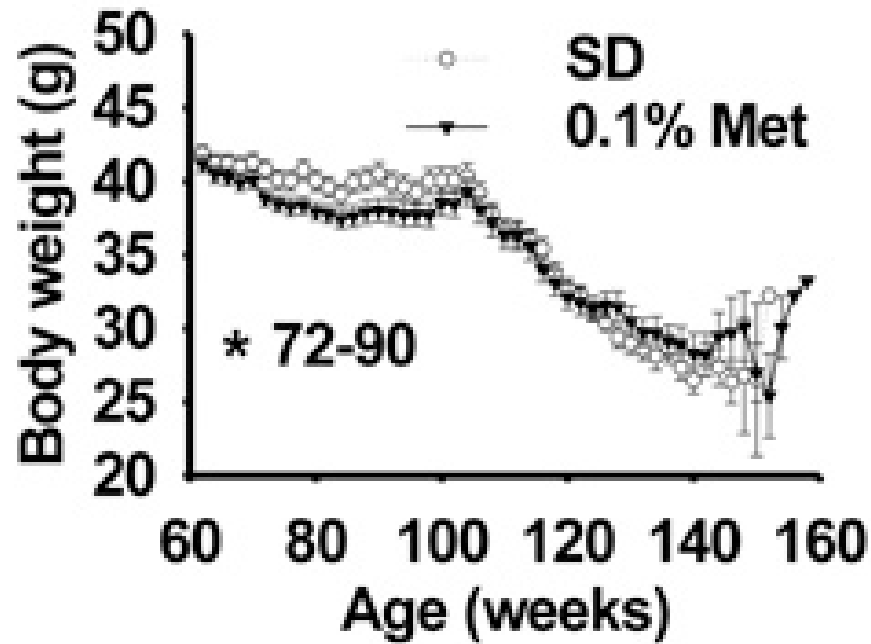
Metformin extends lifespan in mice



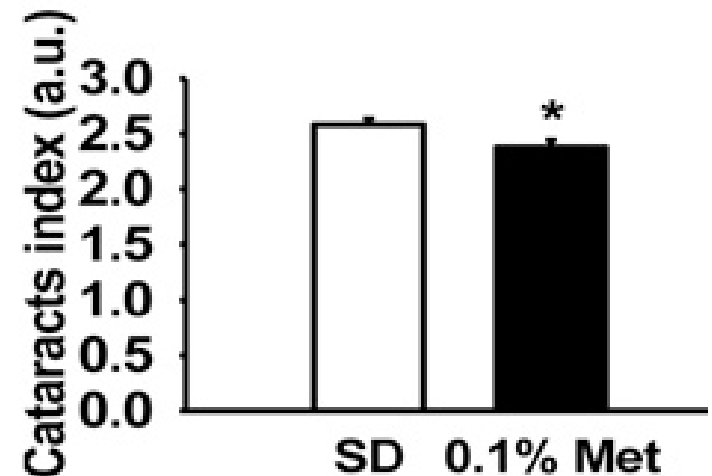
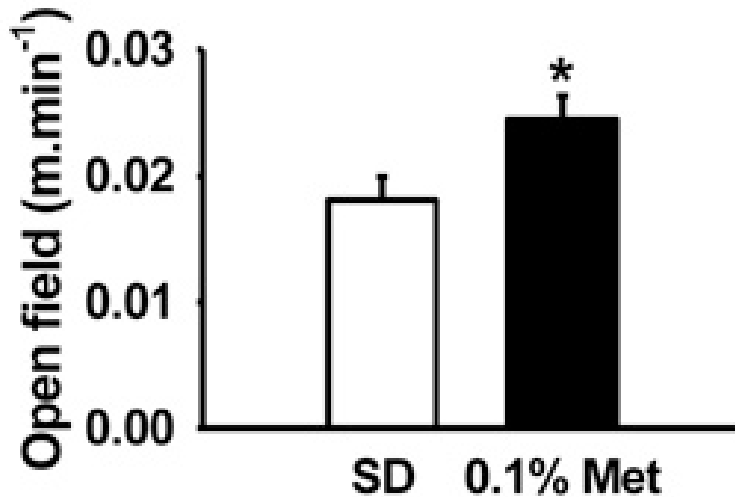
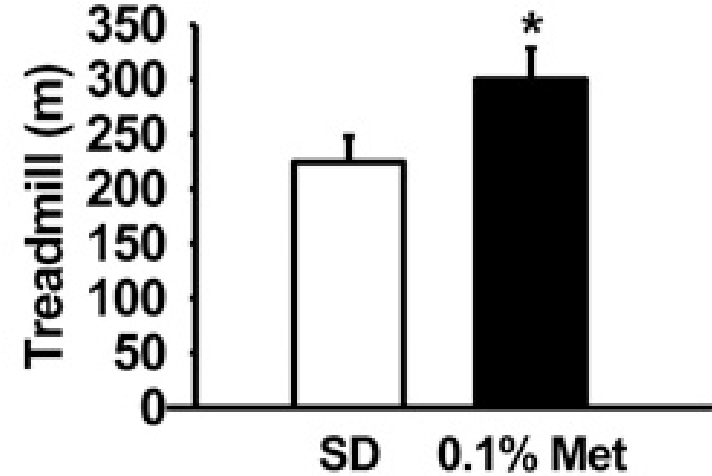
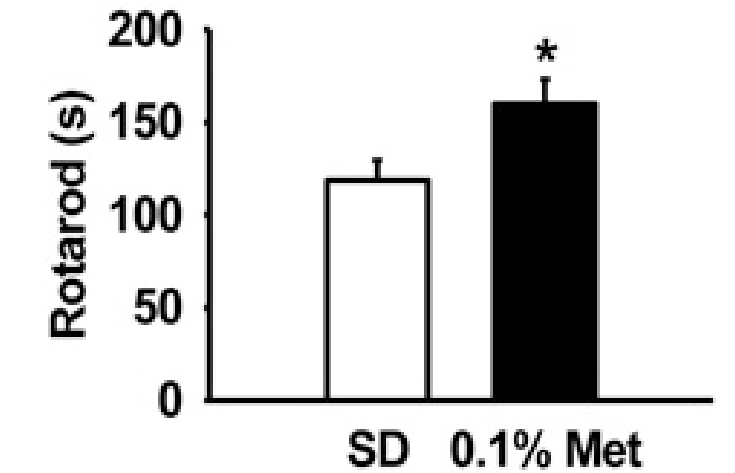
Less is more!









Metformin reduces body weight



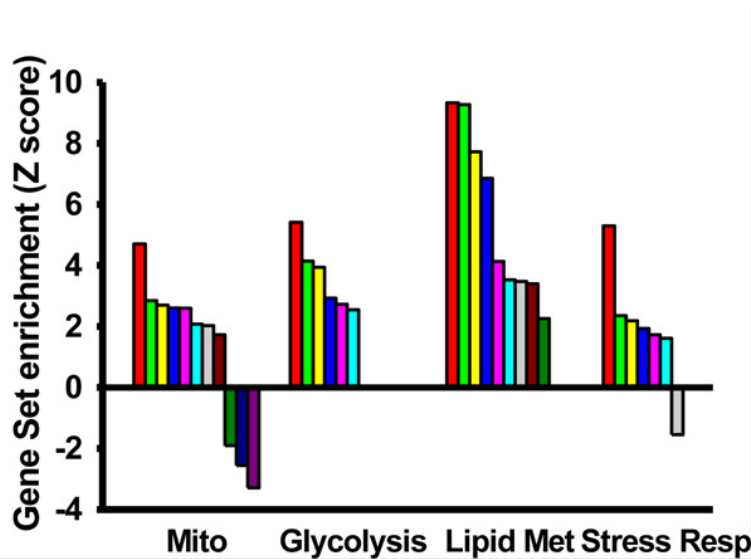
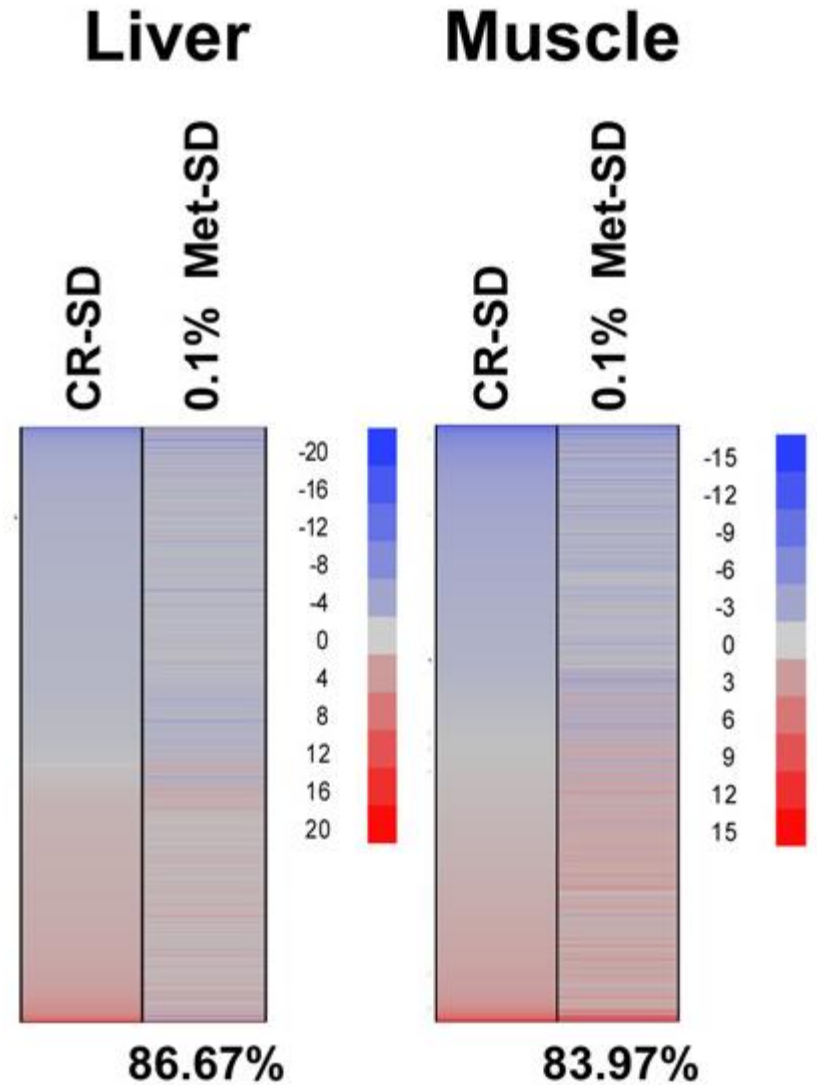
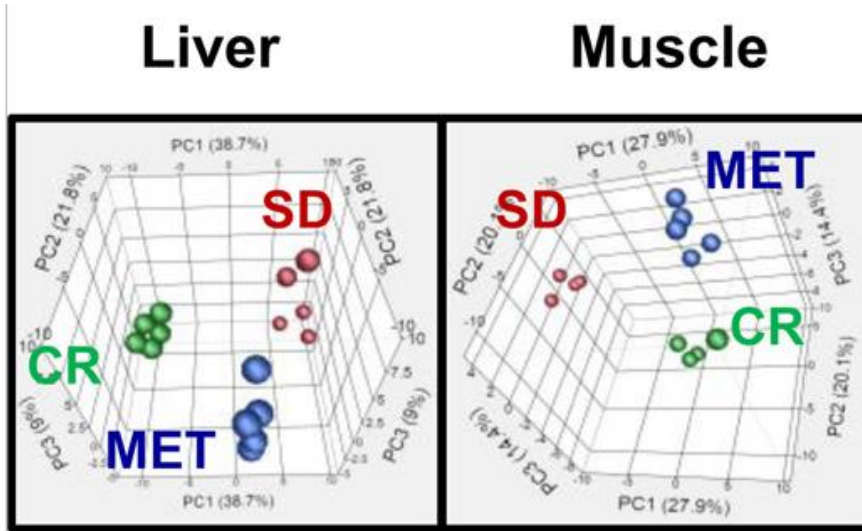
Metformin improves healthspan



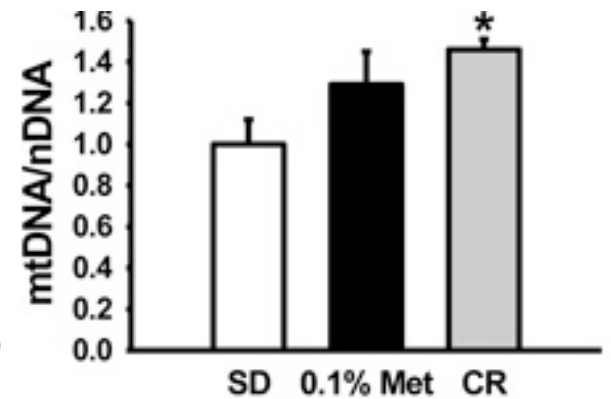
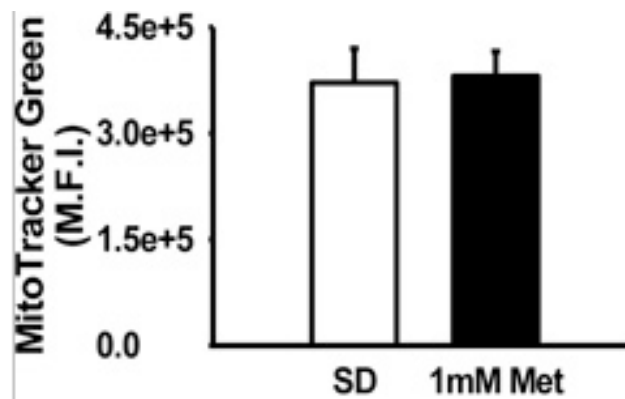
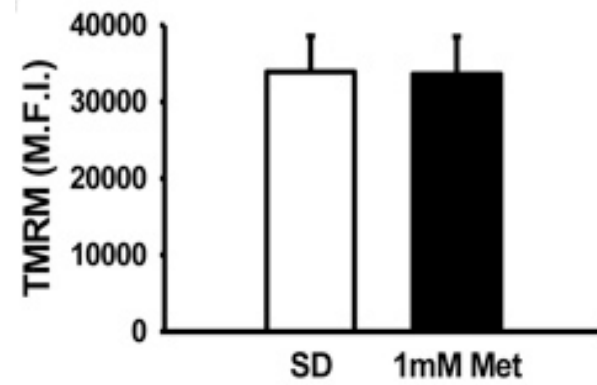
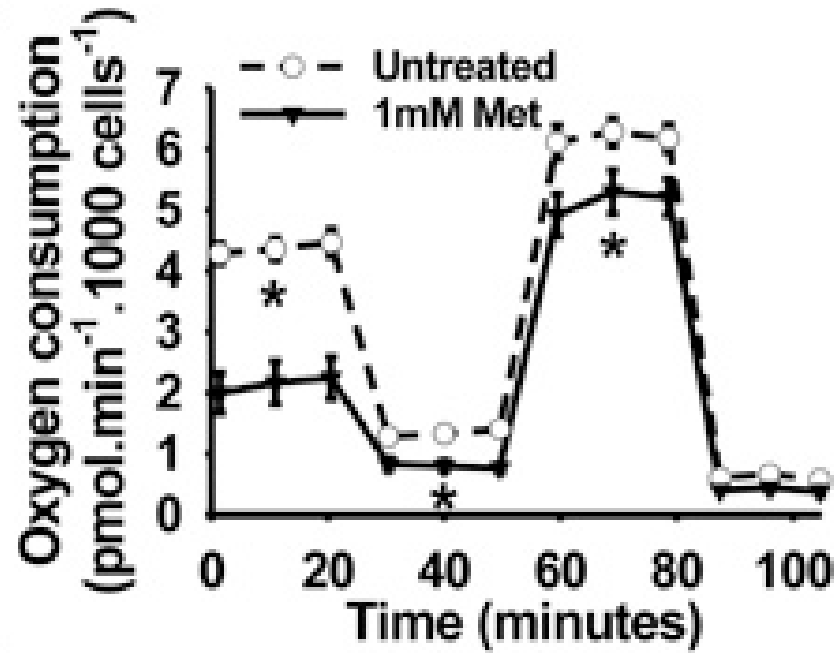
Metformin improves serum biomarkers

Parameter	Standard Diet (SD)	0.1% Metformin	CR
Ala aminotransferase (U/L)	90 ± 58	64 ± 29	50 ± 15
 Cholesterol (mg/dl)	221 ± 30	143 ± 33 [*]	101 ± 8 [*]
 Creatinine (mg/dl)	0.11 ± 0.01	0.13 ± 0.01 [*]	0.27 ± 0.25
Lactate	573 ± 82	623 ± 165	443 ± 109
Dehydrogenase (u/L)			
 Low Density Lipoprotein (mg/dl)	40 ± 10	17 ± 10 [*]	16 ± 5 [*]
Triglycerides (mg/dl)	106 ± 28	129 ± 50	45 ± 7 [*]
Total protein (g/dl)	6.00 ± 0.39	6.04 ± 0.32	5.28 ± 0.04 [*]
Glucose-fed (mM)	10.94 ± 0.35	11.33 ± 0.76	ND
Glucose-fasted (mM)	8.23 ± 0.65	8.80 ± 0.43	4.10 ± 0.42 [*]
 Insulin (pM)	428.08 ± 34.26	297.64 ± 29.72 [*]	46.75 ± 16.76 [*]
 % HbA1c	6.33 ± 0.47	5.81 ± 0.57 [*]	ND
 HOMA-IR index	8.01 ± 0.57	5.87 ± 0.47 [*]	0.84 ± 0.30 [*]

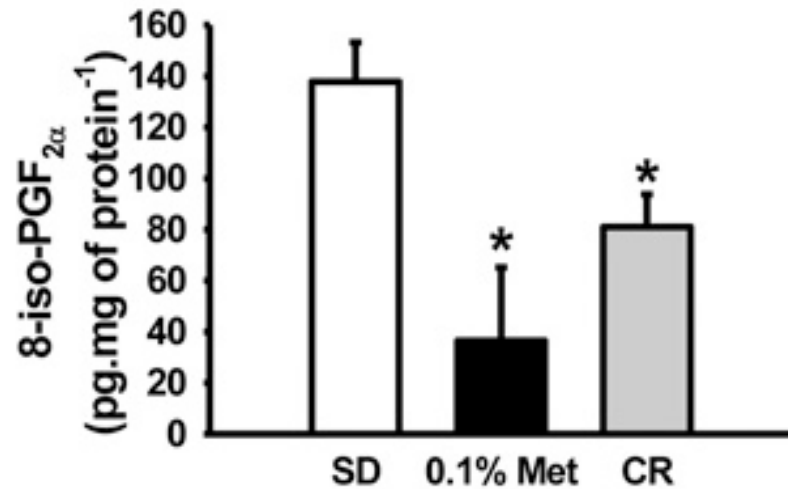
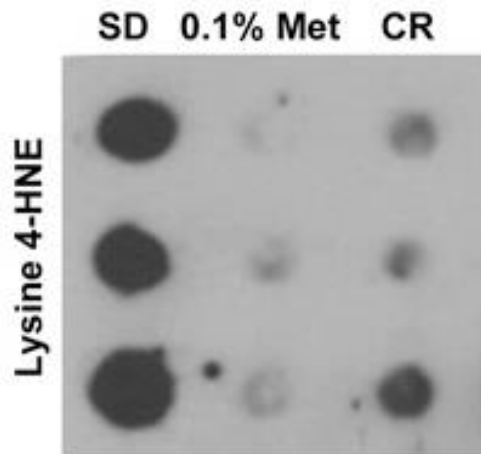
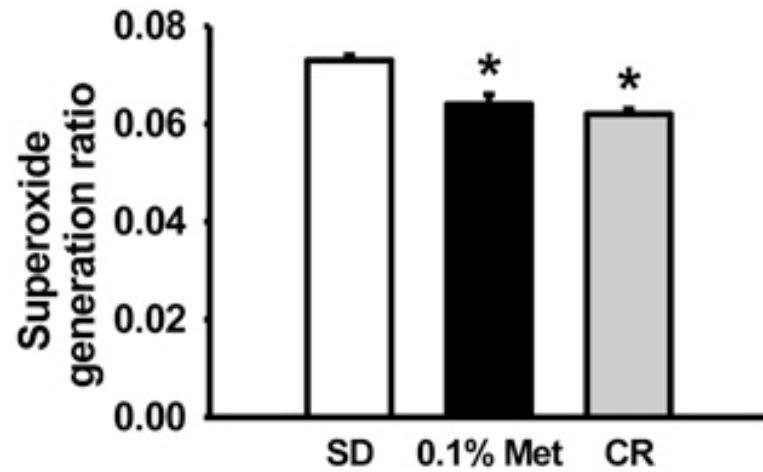
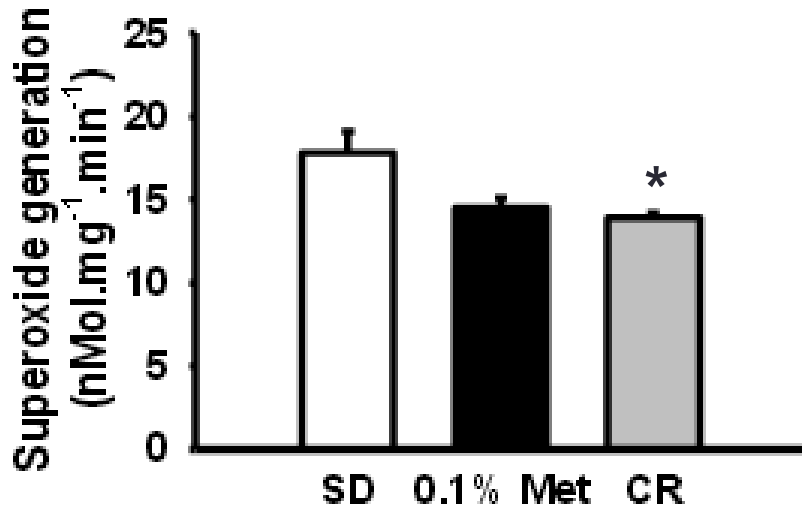
Metformin mimics calorie restriction



Metformin targets mitochondrial metabolism



Metformin reduces oxidative damage



Effects of metformin on the hallmarks of cancer and aging

Cell

Leading Edge
Review

Cell

Leading Edge
Review

The Hallmarks of Aging

Carlos López-Otín,¹ Maria A. Blasco,² Linda Partridge,^{3,4} Manuel Serrano,^{5,*} and Guido Kroemer^{6,7,8,9,10}

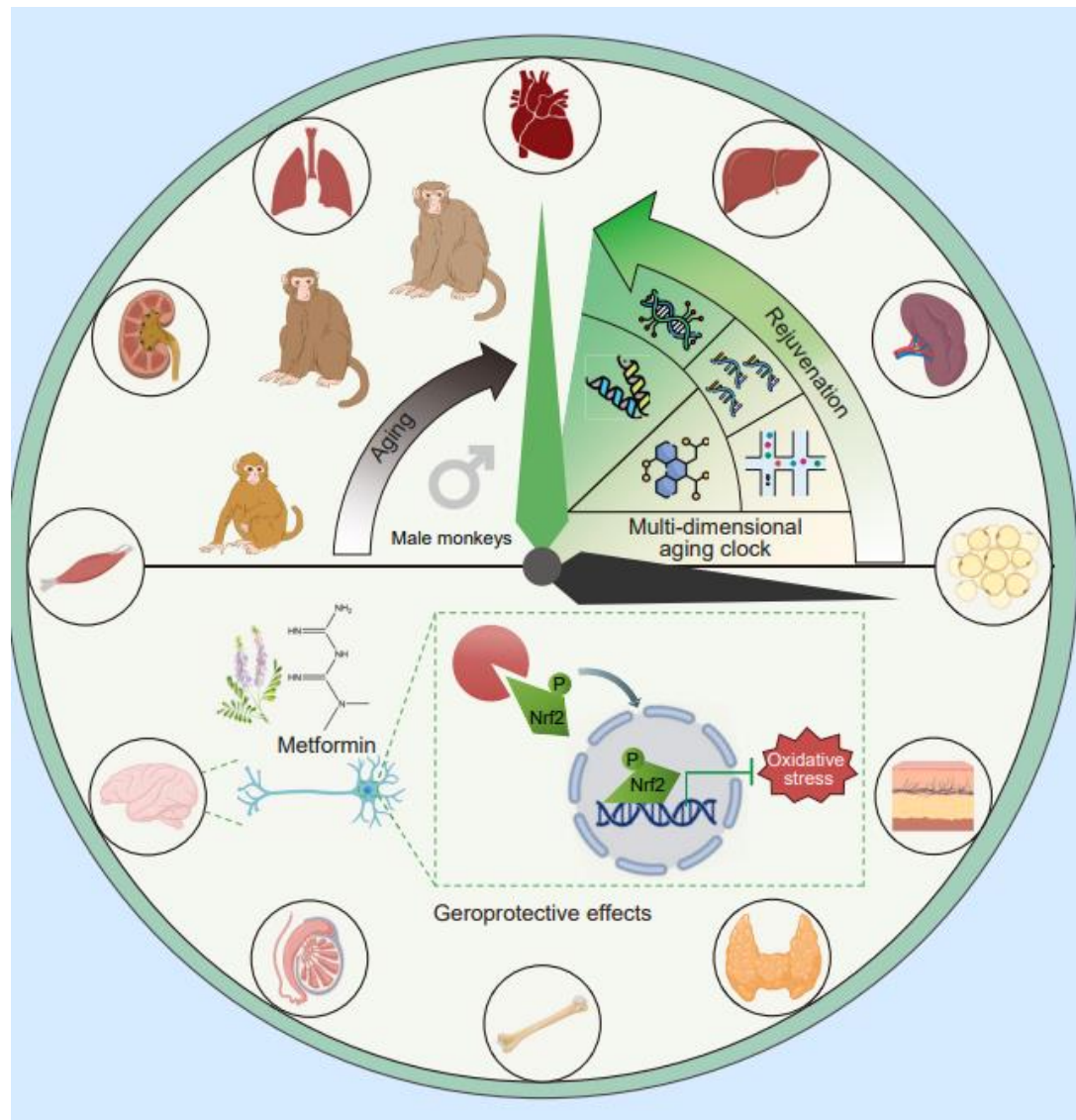


Hallmarks of Cancer: The Next Generation

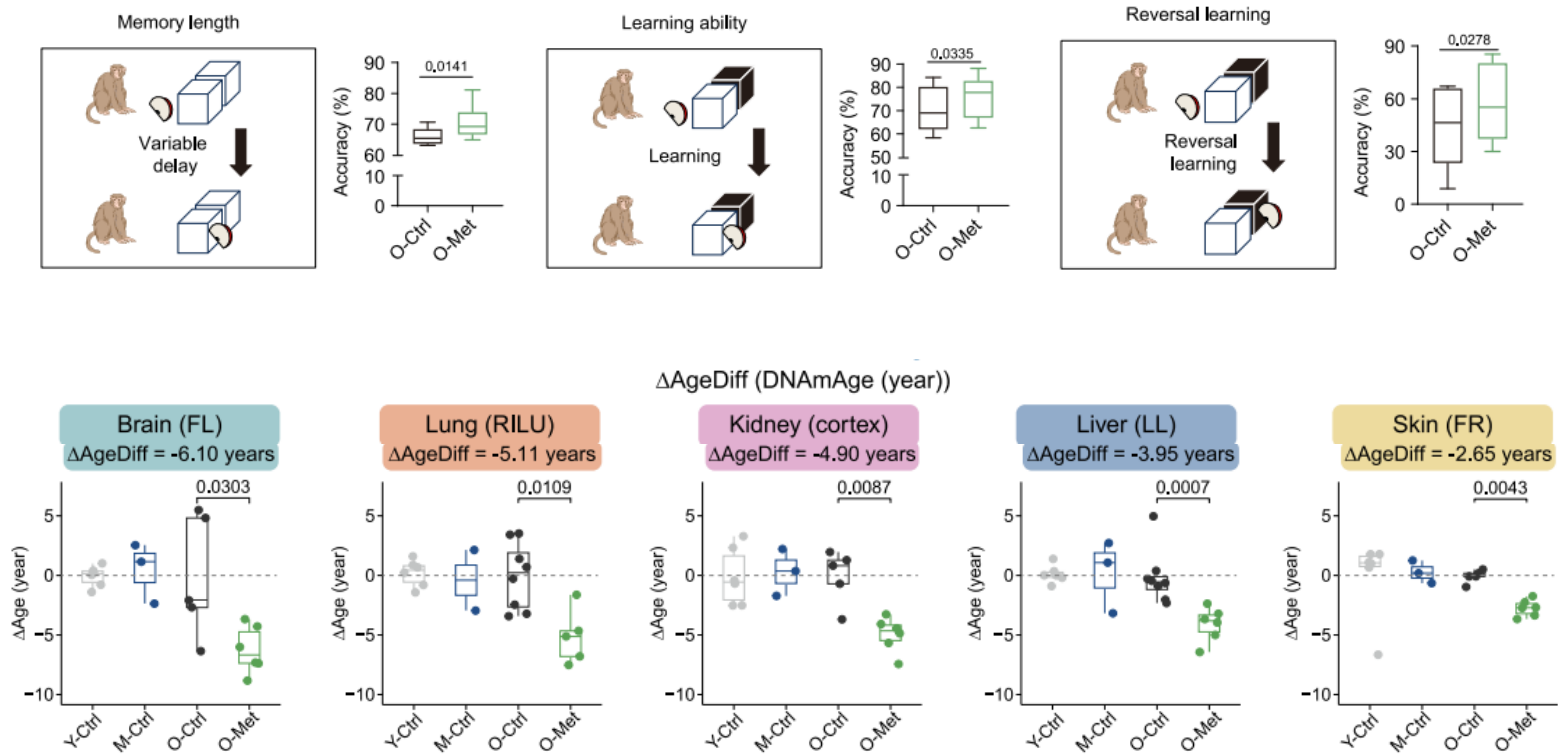
Douglas Hanahan^{1,2,*} and Robert A. Weinberg^{3,*}



Metformin, a cheap molecule extensively used in humans



Metformin resets the aging clock in monkeys



Yang et al. Cell 2024

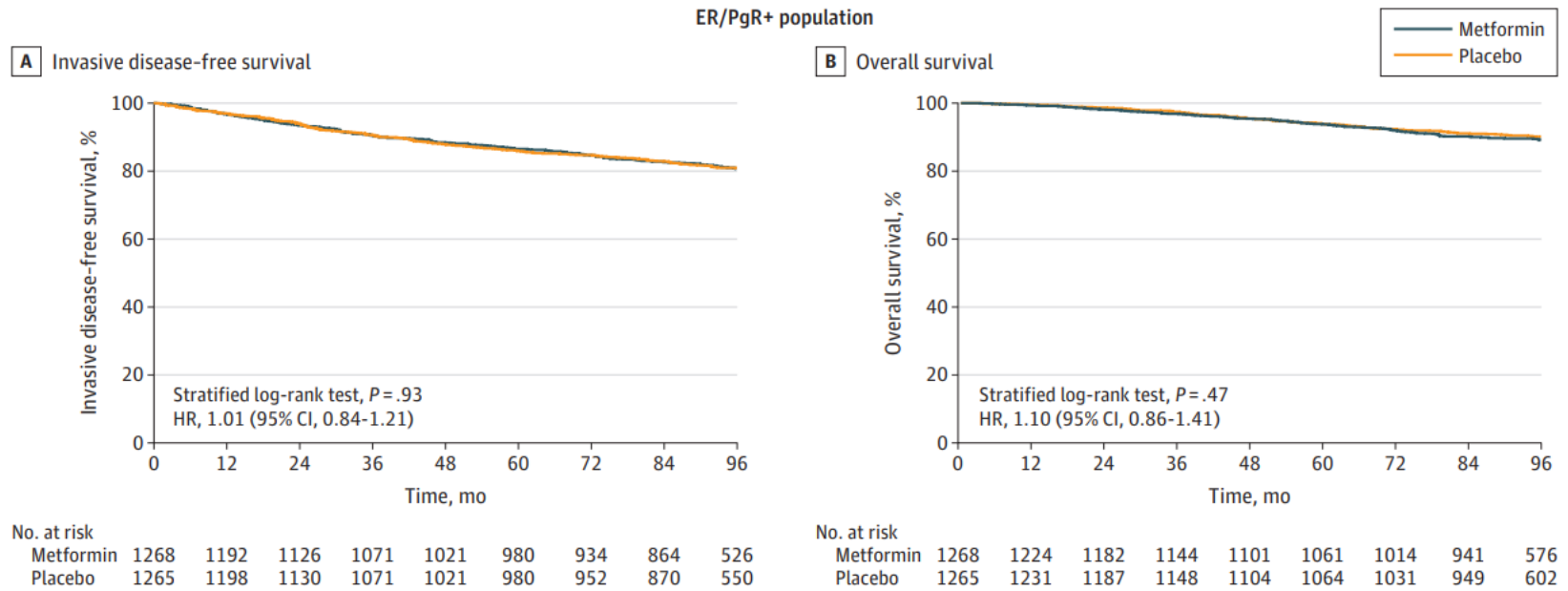
Metformin reduces risk of cancer in diabetic patients

Metformin use in patients with type 2 diabetes and controls in Tayside, Scotland, 1993-2001

	No (%)		Unadjusted odds ratios (95% CI)	Adjusted odds ratios (95% CI)
	Cases (n=983)	Controls (n=1846)		
Exposure during year before index date:				
No	587 (63.6)	1114 (60.4)	1.00	1.00
Yes	336 (36.4)	732 (39.7)	0.86 (0.73 to 1.02)	0.85 (0.71 to 1.01)
Any exposure to metformin since January 1993:				
No	547 (59.3)	996 (54.0)	1.00	1.00
Yes	376 (40.7)	850 (46.0)	0.79 (0.67 to 0.93)	0.77 (0.64 to 0.92)
Duration (days):				
0	547 (59.3)	996 (54.0)	1.00	1.00
1-634	127 (13.8)	282 (15.3)	0.81 (0.64 to 1.02)	0.80 (0.62 to 1.02)
635-1806	143 (15.5)	273 (14.8)	0.93 (0.74 to 1.17)	0.92 (0.72 to 1.17)
>1806	106 (11.5)	295 (16.0)	0.62 (0.47 to 0.80)	0.56 (0.43 to 0.74)
Total prescriptions dispensed:				
0	547 (59.3)	996 (54.0)	1.00	1.00
1-11	127 (13.8)	282 (15.3)	0.82 (0.65 to 1.04)	0.82 (0.64 to 1.04)
12-31	122 (13.2)	281 (15.2)	0.77 (0.61 to 0.99)	0.75 (0.58 to 0.97)
>31	127 (13.8)	291 (15.8)	0.76 (0.60 to 0.98)	0.73 (0.56 to 0.94)
Total amount of metformin dispensed (mg):				
0	547 (59.3)	996 (54.0)	1.00	1.00
14 000-672 000	130 (14.1)	279 (15.1)	0.84 (0.67 to 1.06)	0.83 (0.65 to 1.06)
673 000-964 000	138 (15.0)	279 (15.1)	0.88 (0.69 to 1.10)	0.86 (0.68 to 1.10)
>964 000	108 (11.7)	292 (15.8)	0.63 (0.49 to 0.82)	0.57 (0.43 to 0.75)

Metformin does not affect survival in patients with breast cancer

Figure 2. Effect of Metformin vs Placebo on Invasive Disease-Free Survival and Overall Survival



ER/pgR- population

The need to do more research: performing clinical trials targeting aging with Metformin

Search Results

Viewing 1-18 out of 18 studies

Card View

Table View

Showing results for: **Aging** | **Metformin**

Sort studies by **Relevance**

None Selected



<input type="checkbox"/>	Study Title	NCT Number	Status	Conditions	Interventions
<input type="checkbox"/> 1	Pilot Study on Evaluating the Geroprotective Effect of Metformin NEW	NCT06459310	Not yet recruiting	<ul style="list-style-type: none">MetforminAging	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Drug: Metformin HydrochlorideDrug: Placebo
<input type="checkbox"/> 2	Metformin in Longevity Study (MILES)	NCT02432287	Completed WITH RESULTS	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Aging	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Drug: MetforminDrug: Placebo
<input type="checkbox"/> 3	Metformin to Augment Strength Training Effective Response in Seniors (MASTERS)	NCT02308228	Completed WITH RESULTS	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Aging	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Behavioral: Progressive Resistance TrainingDrug: Metformin
<input type="checkbox"/> 4	REMAP Trial for Optimizing Surgical Outcomes at UPMC	NCT03861767	Terminated WITH RESULTS	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Aging	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Drug: Metformin ERDrug: Placebo
<input type="checkbox"/>	Phase 1 Study of the Effects of Metformin on Insulin Sensitivity	NCT03072485	Completed	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Aging	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Drug: Sirolimus

Feedback

The need to do more research: performing clinical trials targeting aging with Metformin

Search Results Card View **Table View**

Viewing 1-18 out of 18 studies

Showing results for: **Aging | Metformin**

Sort studies by Relevance

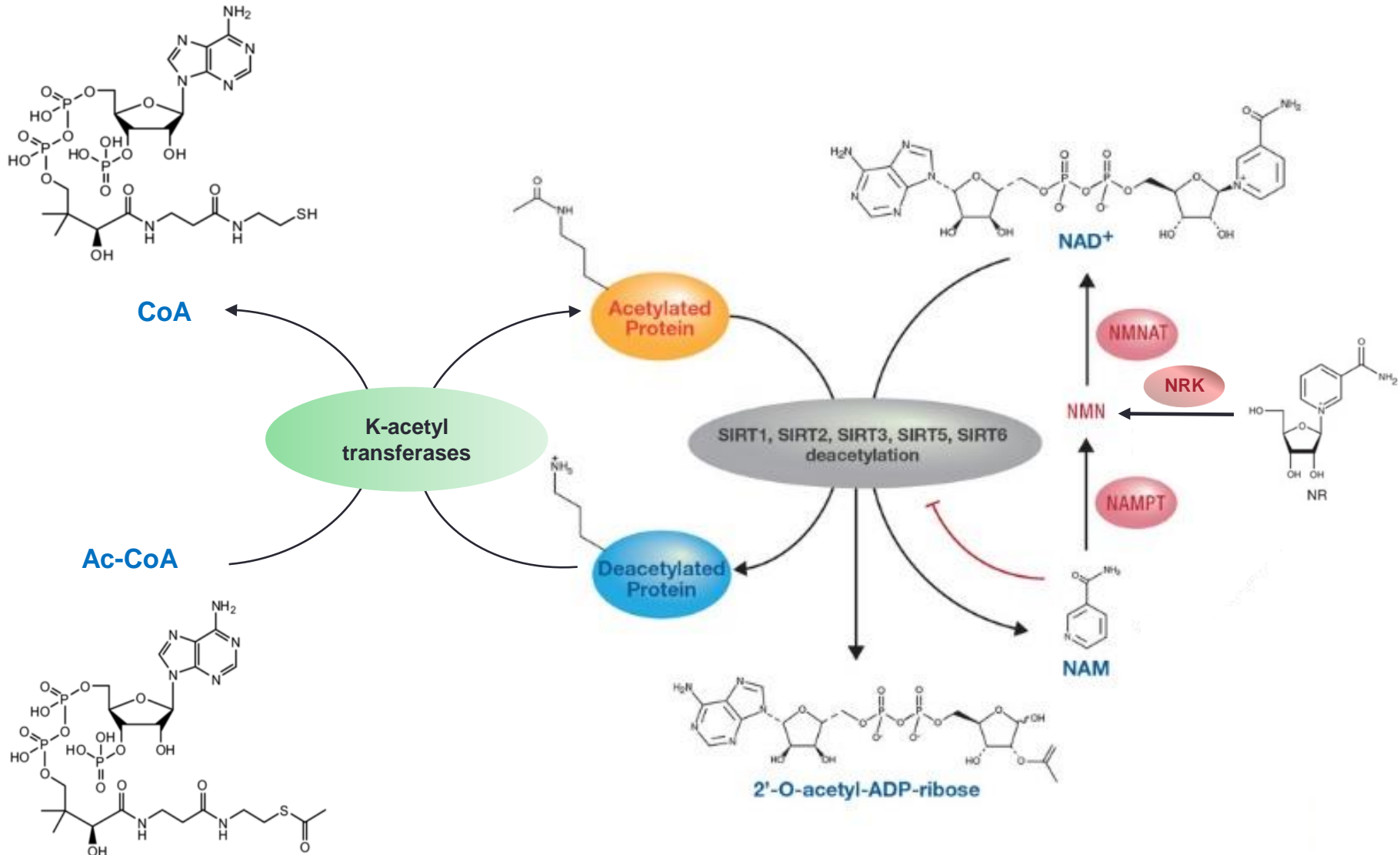
None Selected Download Bookmark RSS Navigation Manage

<input type="checkbox"/>	Study Title	NCT Number	Status	Conditions	Interventions
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<input type="checkbox"/>	Metformin in Longevity Study (MILES).	NCT02432287	Completed WITH RESULTS	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Aging	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Drug: MetforminDrug: Placebo
<input type="checkbox"/>	Metformin to Augment Strength Training Effective Response in Seniors (MASTERS)	NCT02308228	Completed WITH RESULTS	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Aging	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Behavioral: Progressive Resistance TrainingDrug: Metformin
<input type="checkbox"/>	REMAP Trial for Optimizing Surgical Outcomes at UPMC	NCT03861767	Terminated WITH RESULTS	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Aging	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Drug: Metformin ERDrug: Placebo
<input type="checkbox"/>	Phase 1 Study of the Effects of	NCT03072485	Completed	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Aging	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Drug: Sirolimus

Feedback

Metformin should not be taken without medical prescription

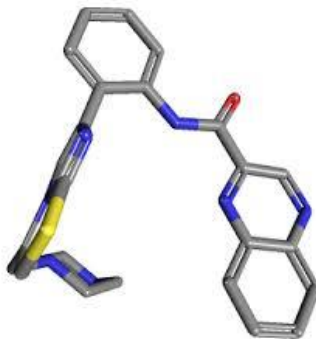
Another approach, the activation of sirtuins



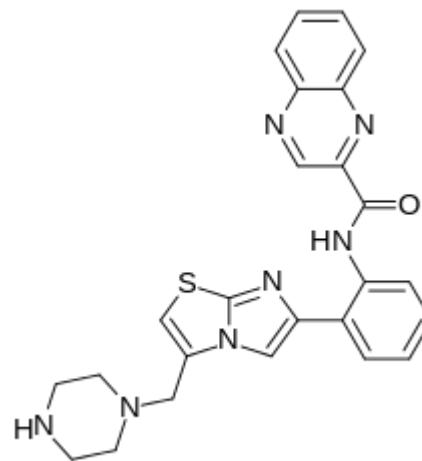
Sirtuin activation extends lifespan



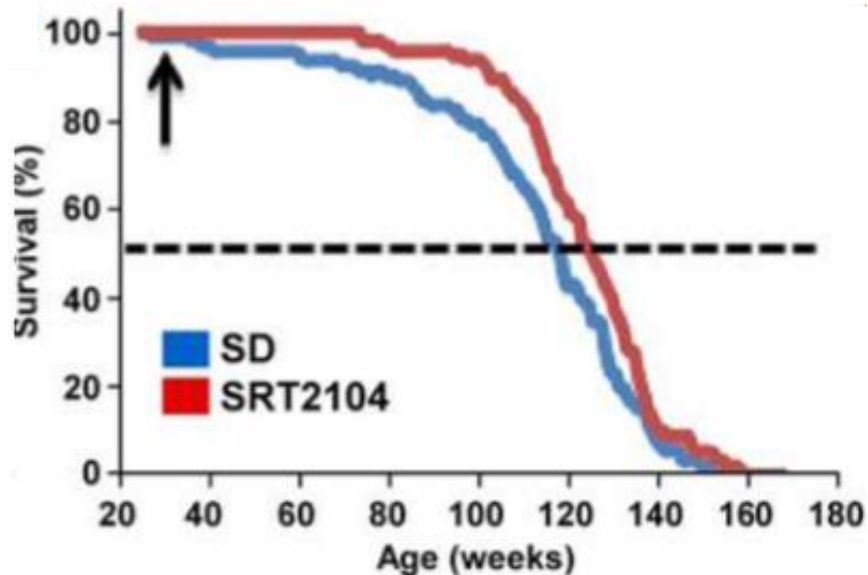
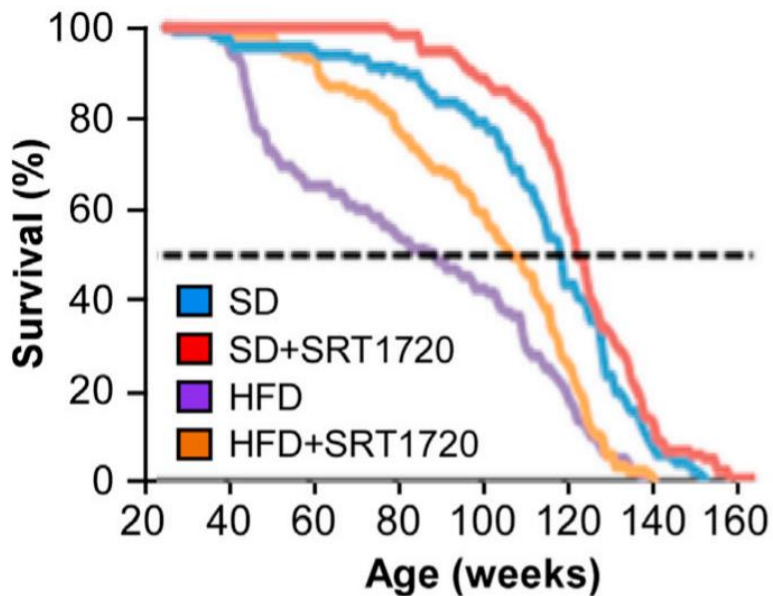
Resveratrol



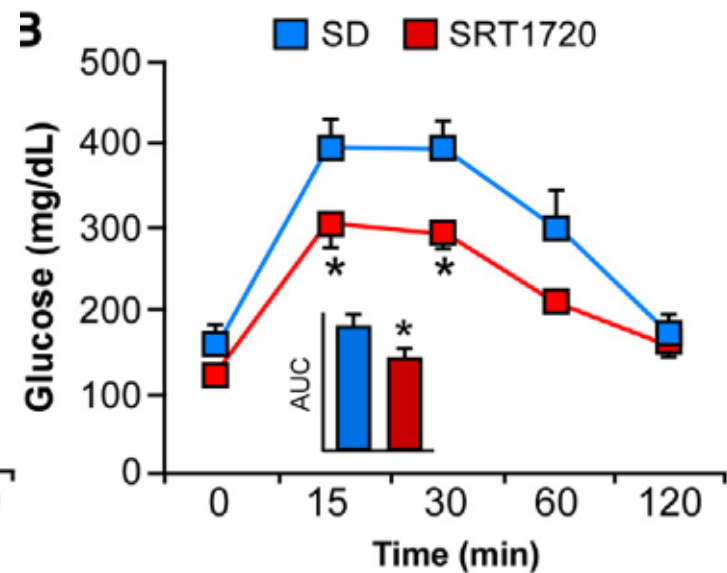
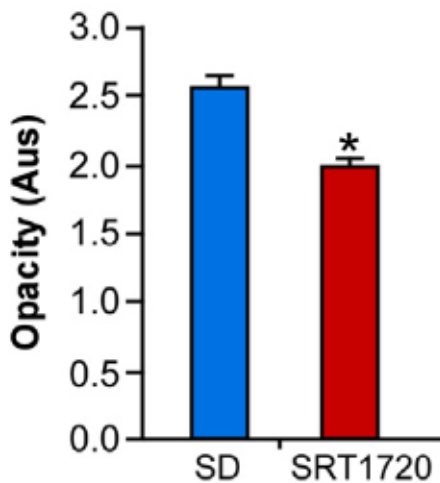
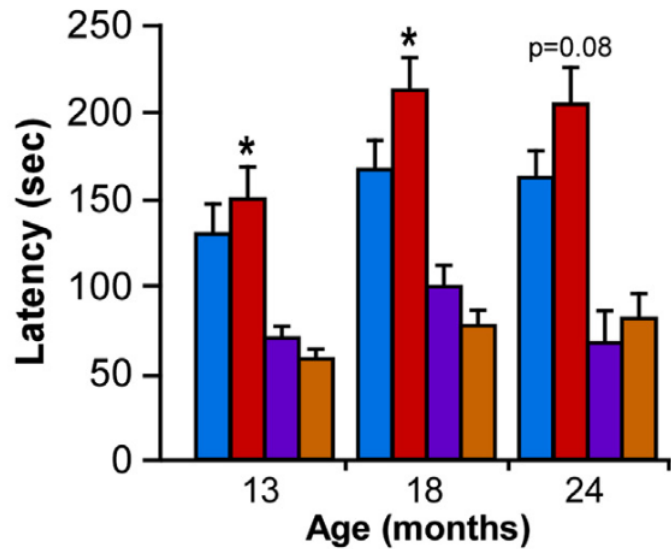
SRT1720



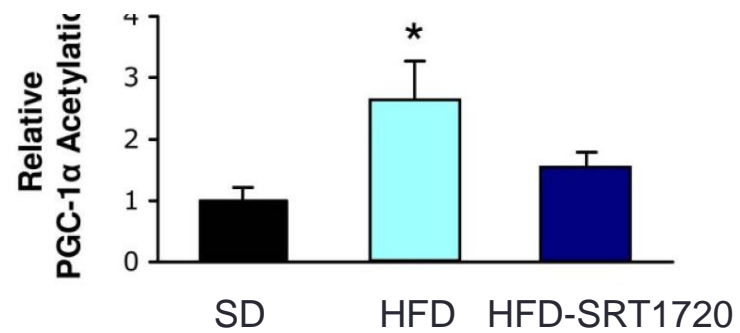
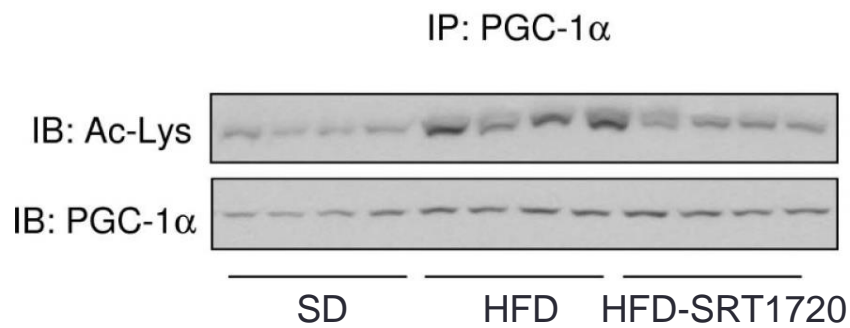
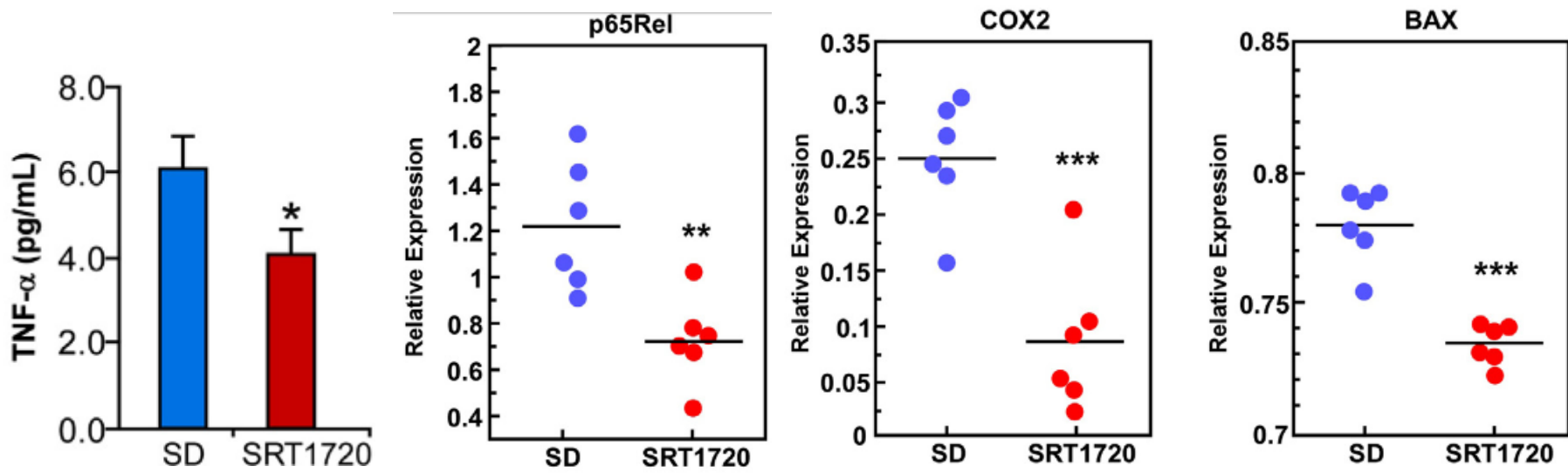
SRT2104



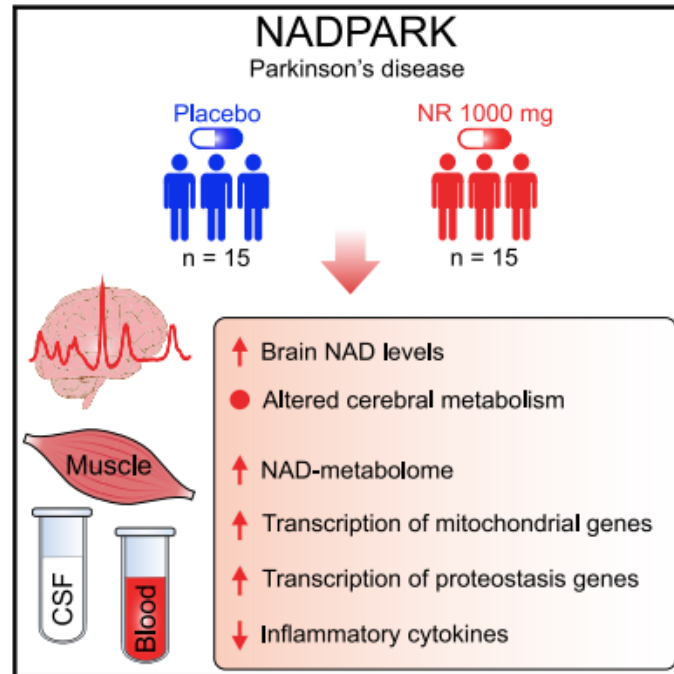
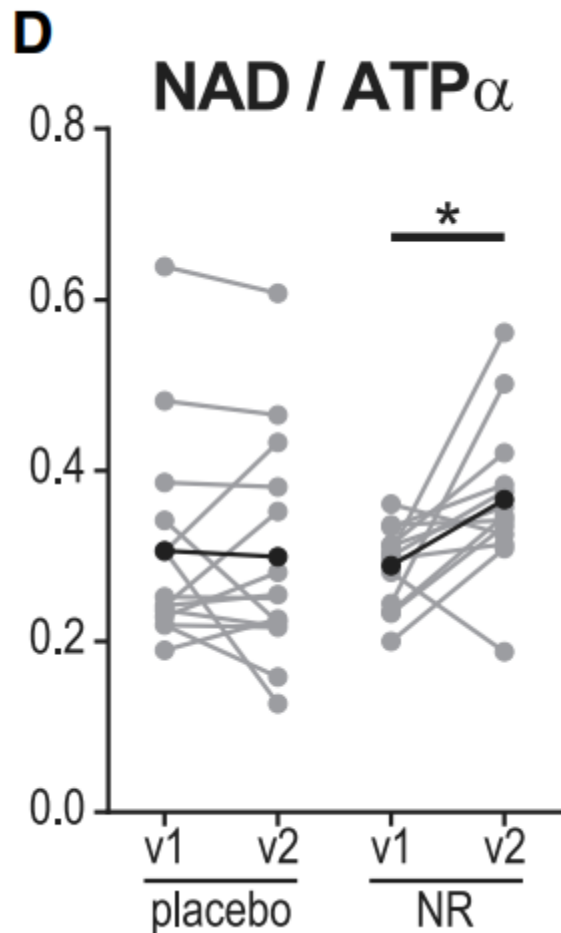
Sirtuin activation improves lifespan



Sirtuin activation reduces inflammation



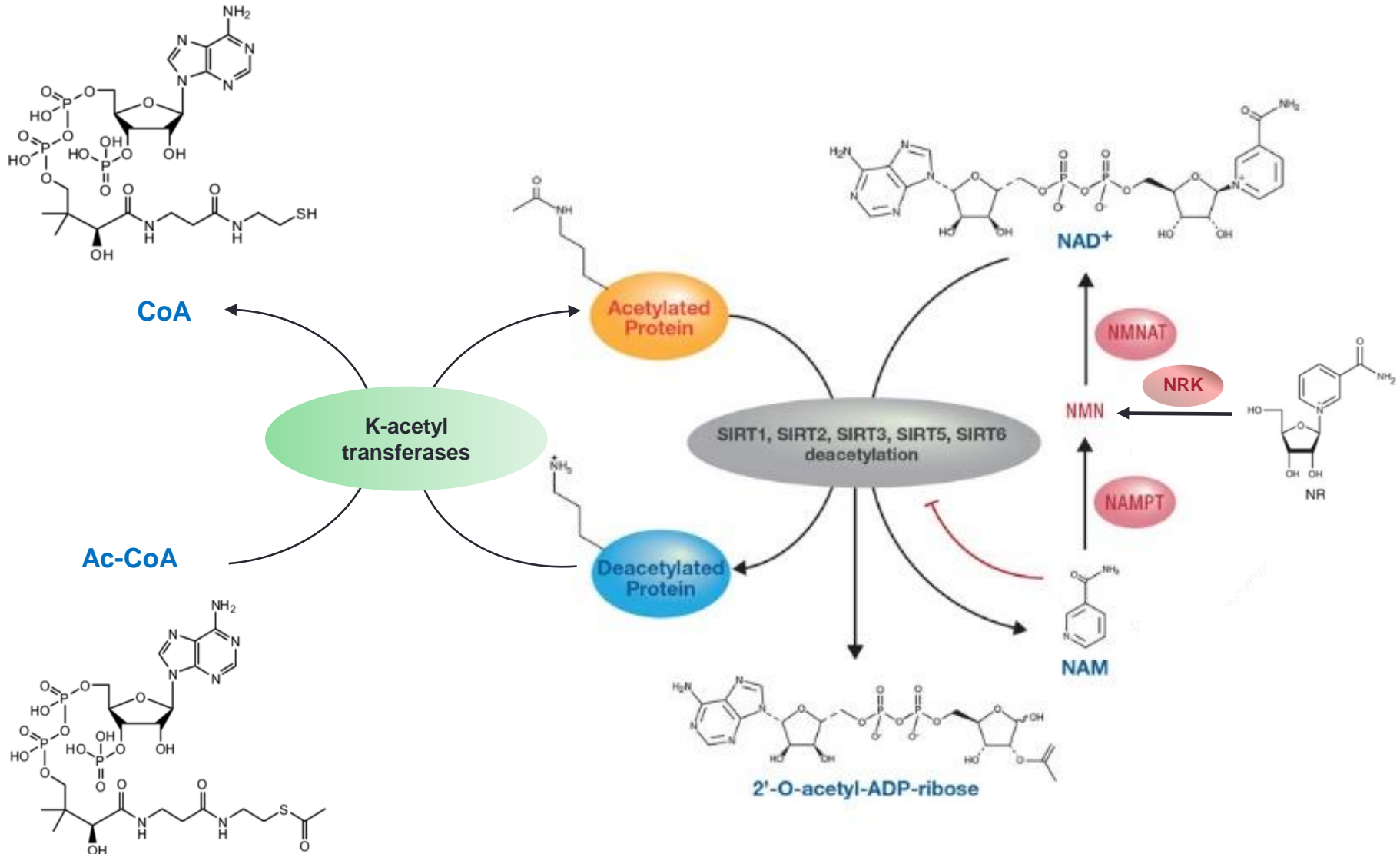
Nicotinamide riboside produces clinical improvements in Parkinson's disease



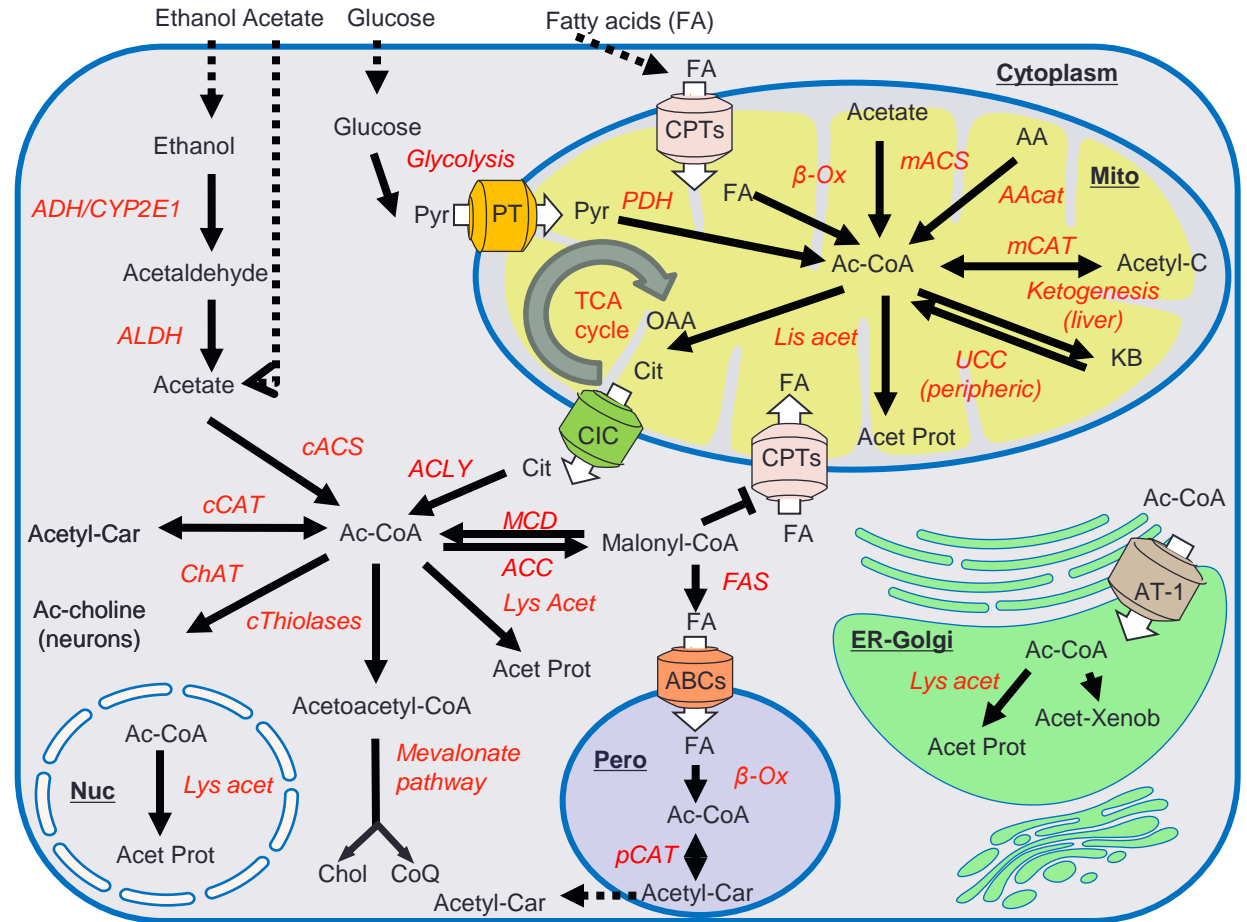
Highlights

- Oral NR increases brain NAD levels in individuals with Parkinson's disease
- NR intake alters cerebral metabolism in Parkinson's disease
- Cerebral NAD increase is associated with clinical improvement in Parkinson's disease
- NR induces transcription of mitochondrial, lysosomal, and proteasomal pathways

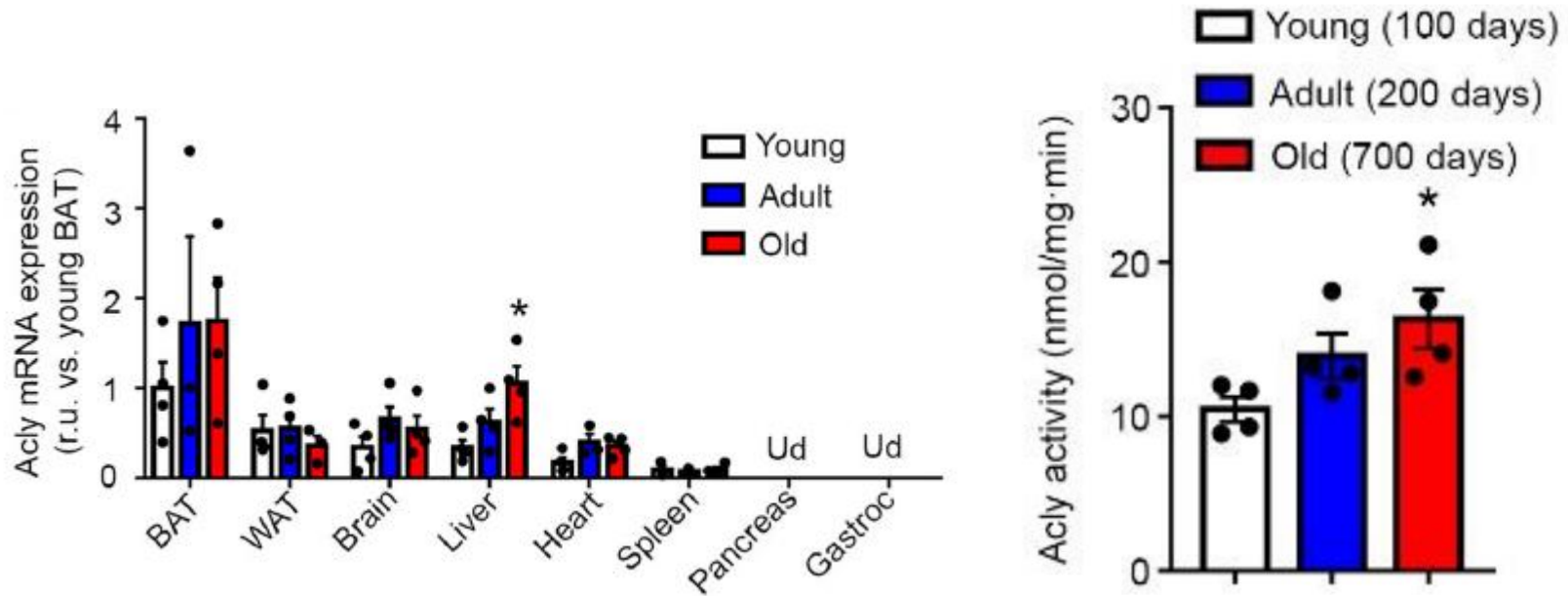
An alternative, could we mimic the activation of all sirtuins?



The main players in Ac-CoA metabolism

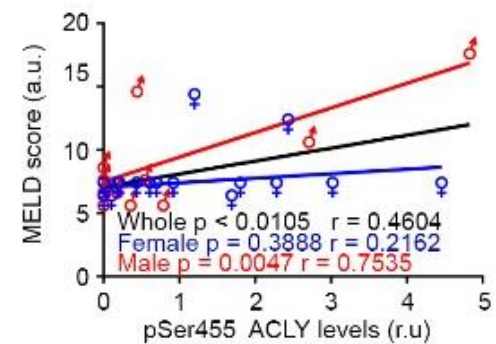
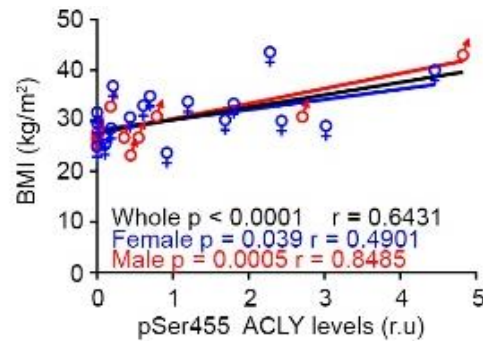
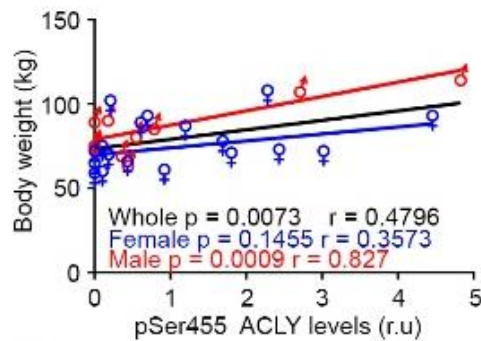
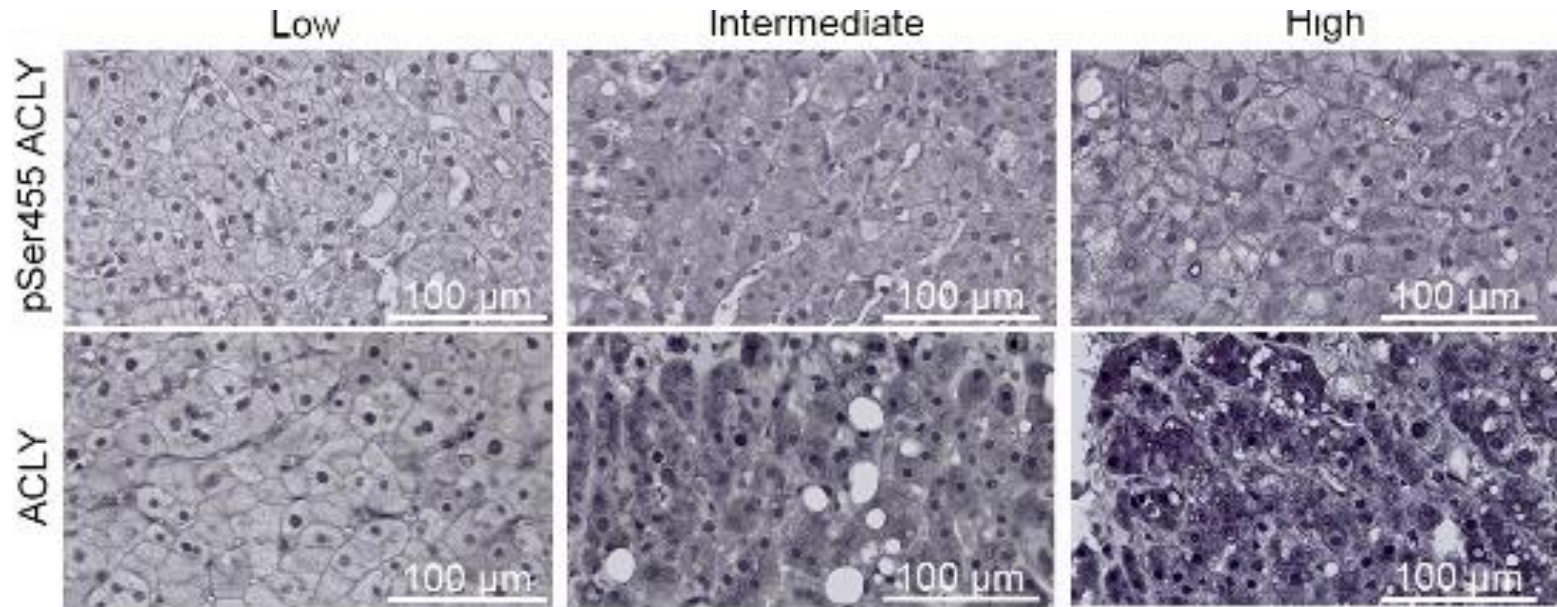


ATP-citrate lyase expression increases in liver with age



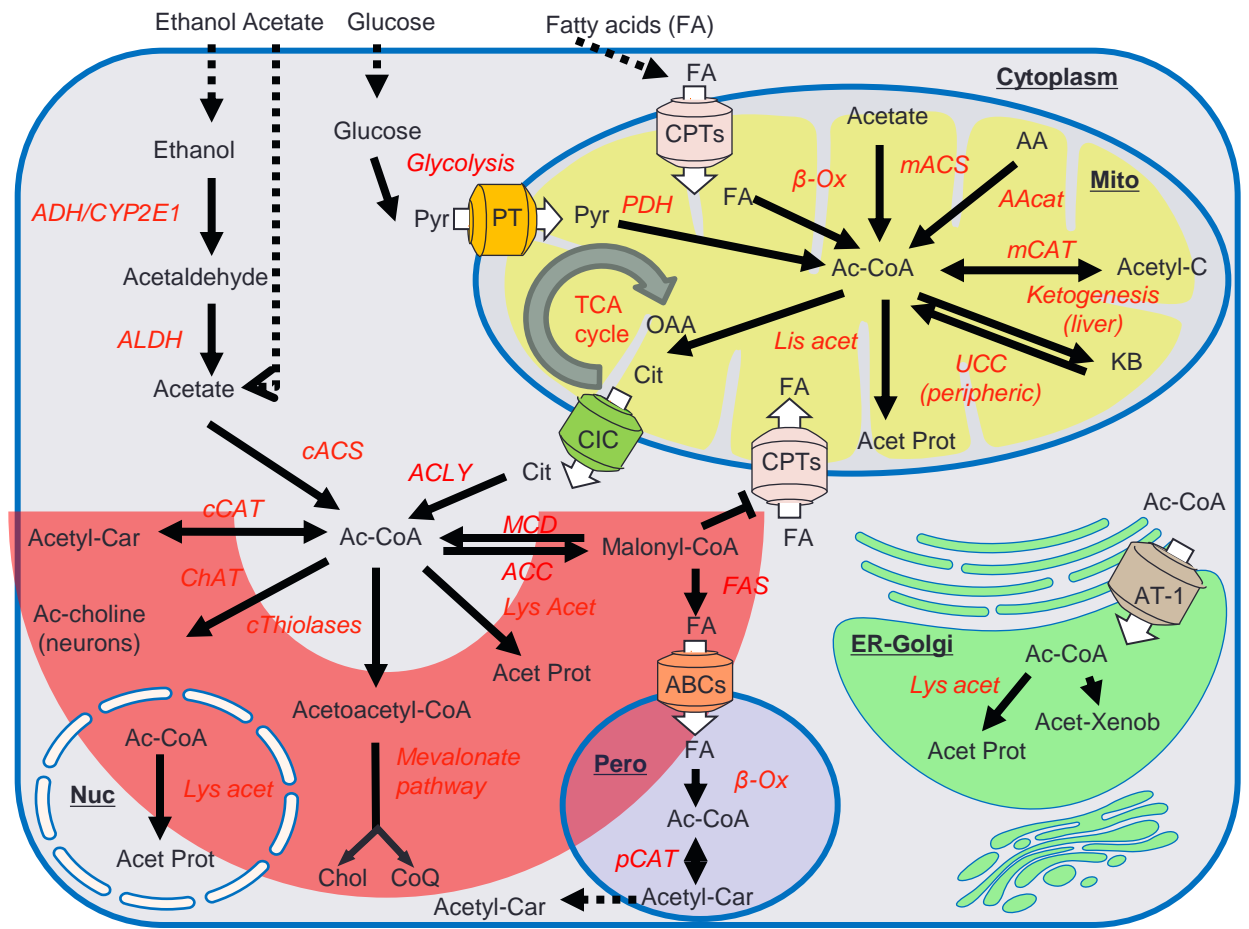
Sola-García et al. Comm. Biol 2023

pSer455 ACLY levels correlate with BMI and MELD in humans



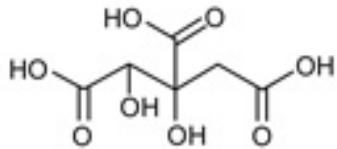
The relevance of Ac-CoA and ACLY inhibitors

- ↓ Fatty acid synthesis
- ↑ β-oxidation of fatty acid
- ↓ Cholesterogenesis
- ↓ Acetylation of acetylatable proteins

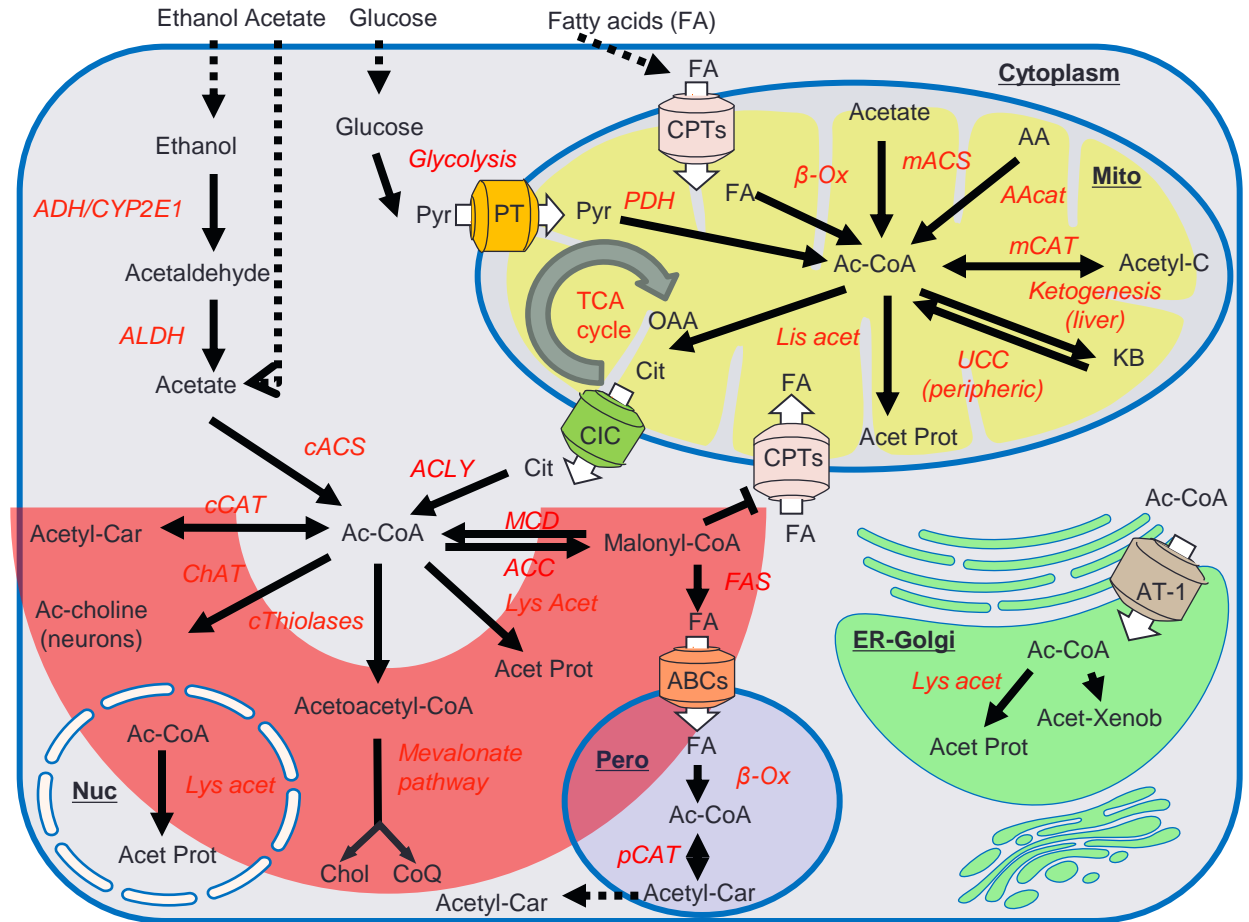
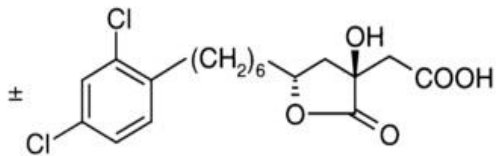


ACLY inhibitors to intervene in glucose metabolism and aging

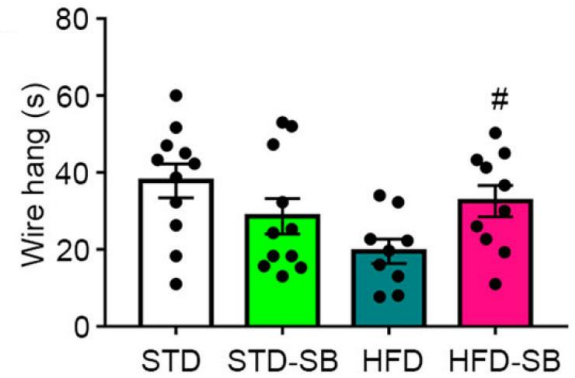
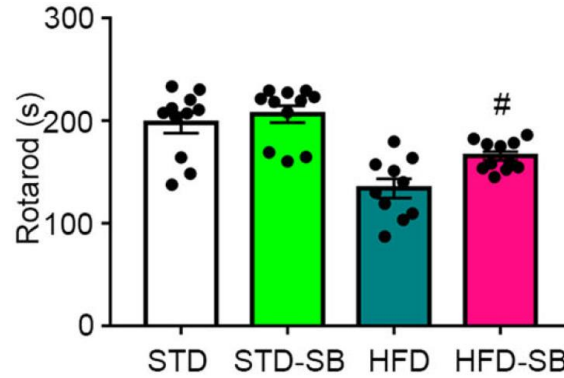
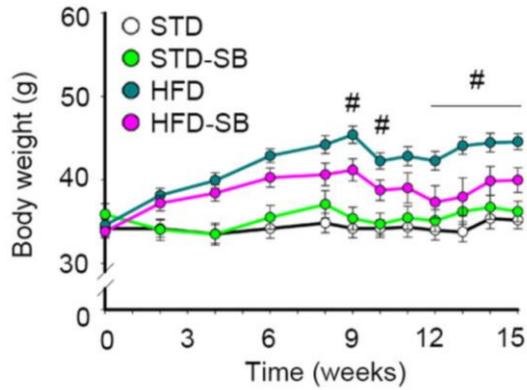
Hydroxycitrate



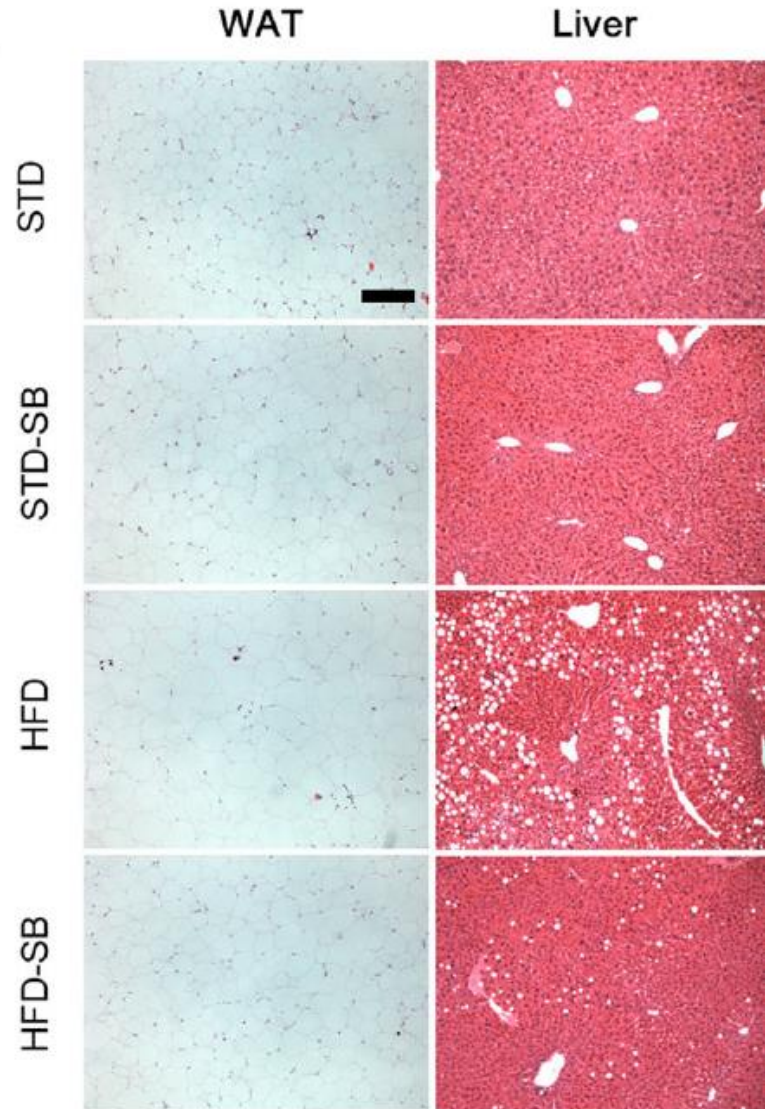
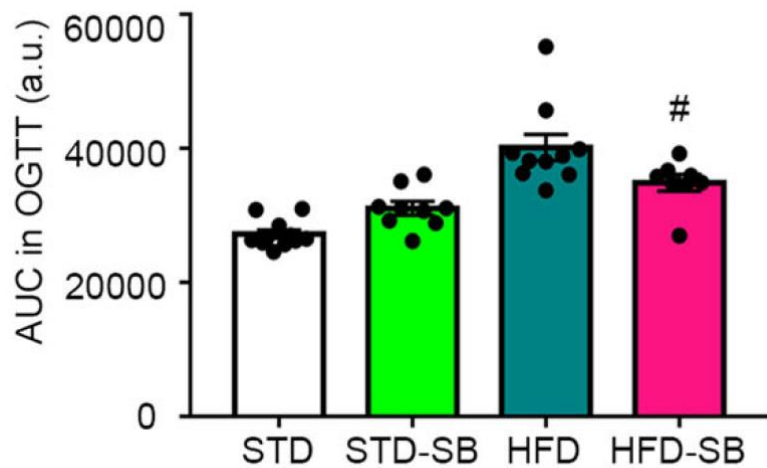
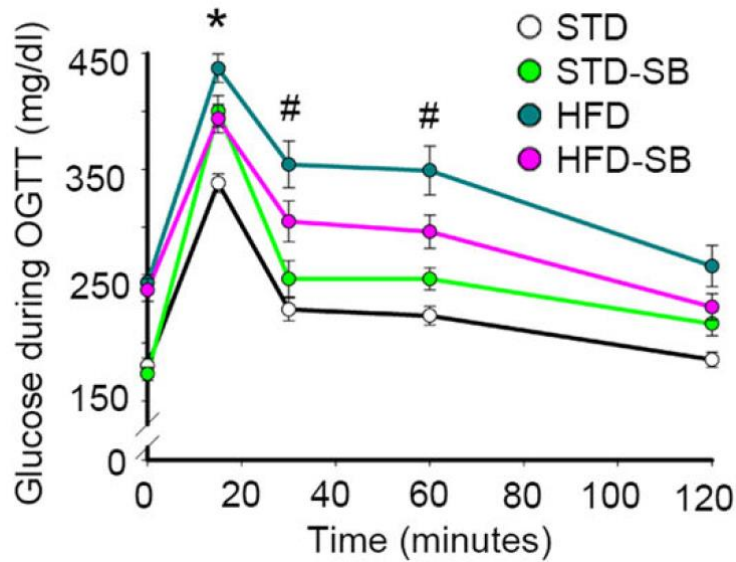
SB-204990



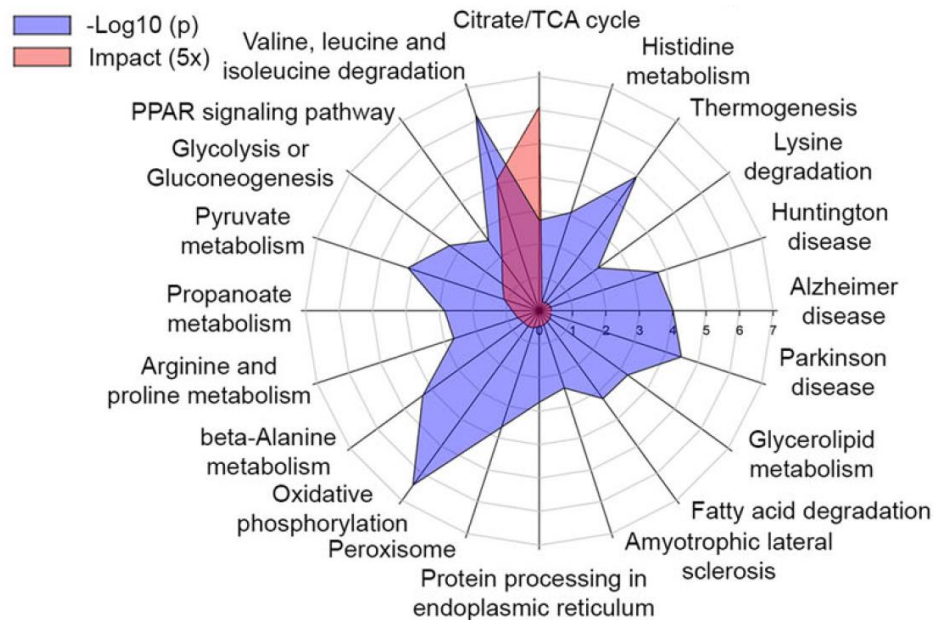
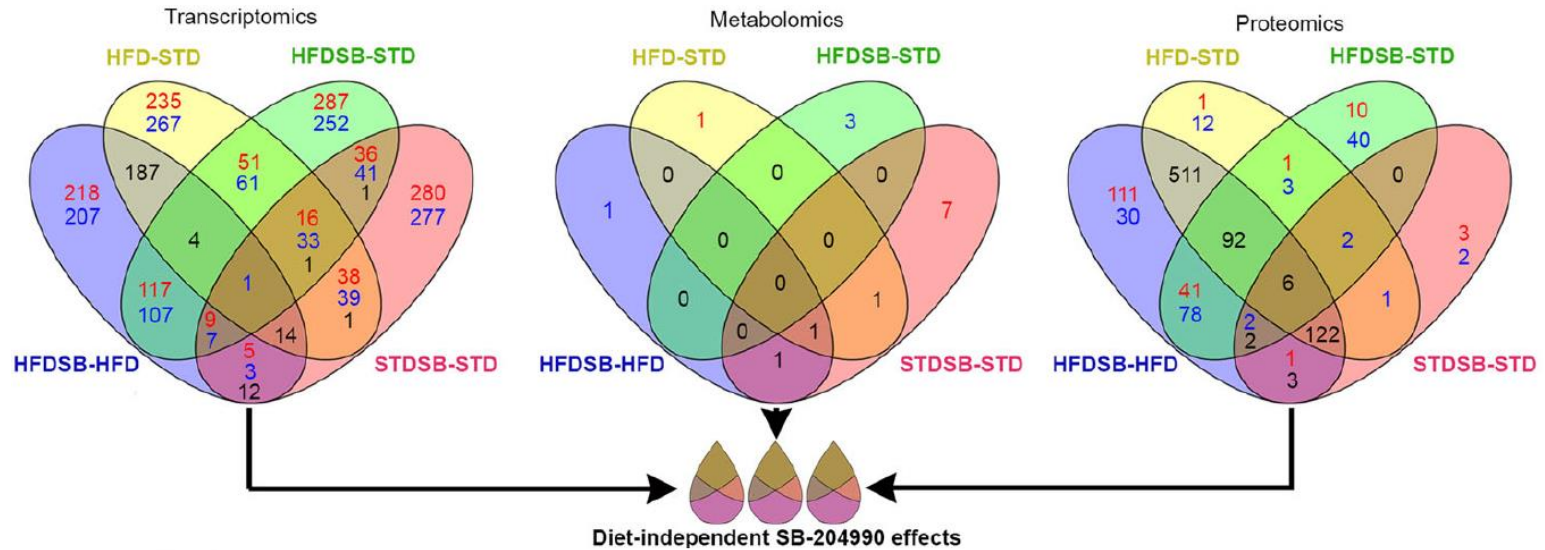
SB-204990 improves locomotor function in high fat diet



SB-204990 reduces lipid infiltration in high fat diet



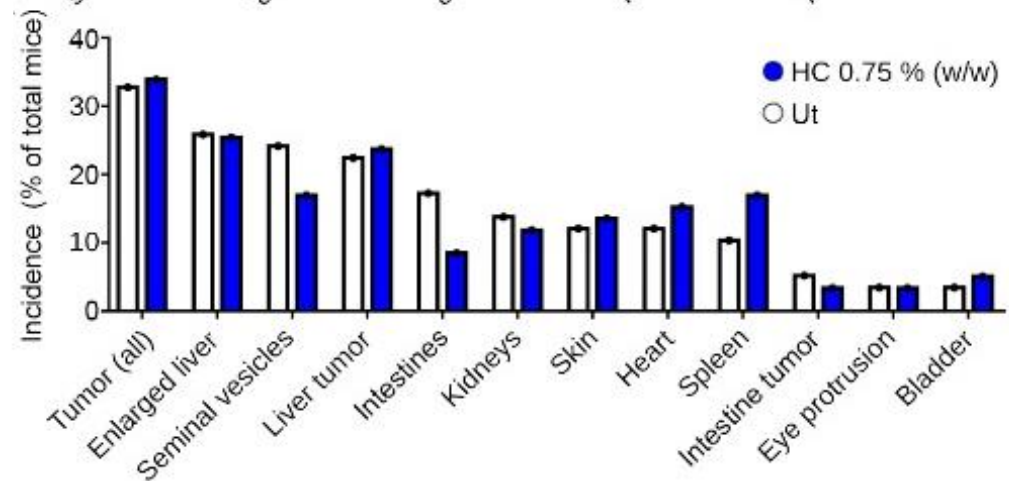
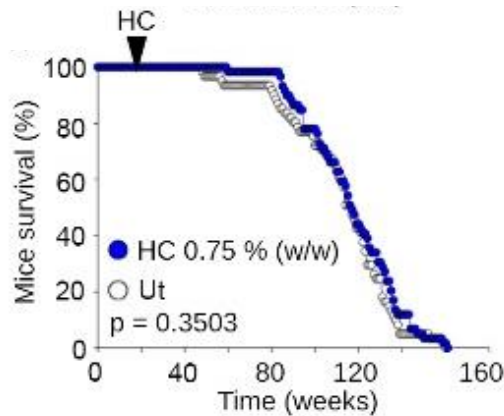
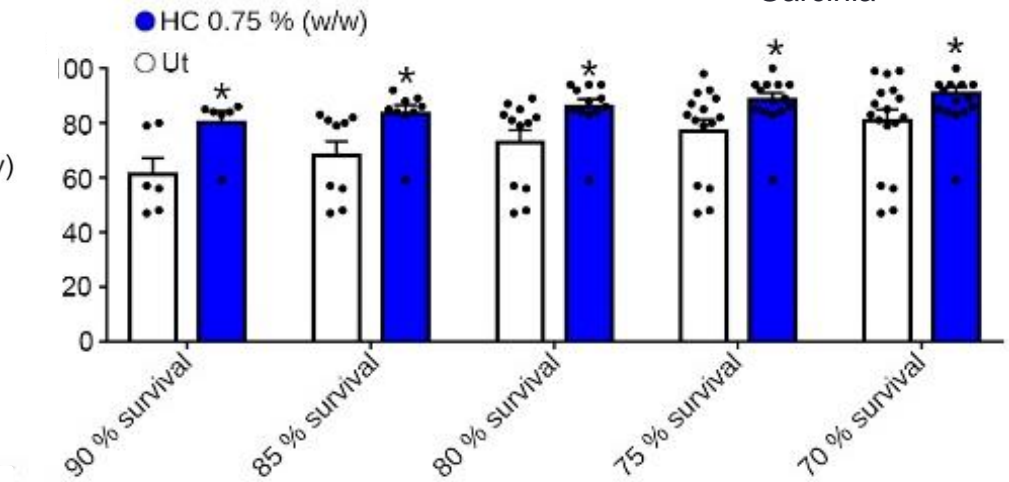
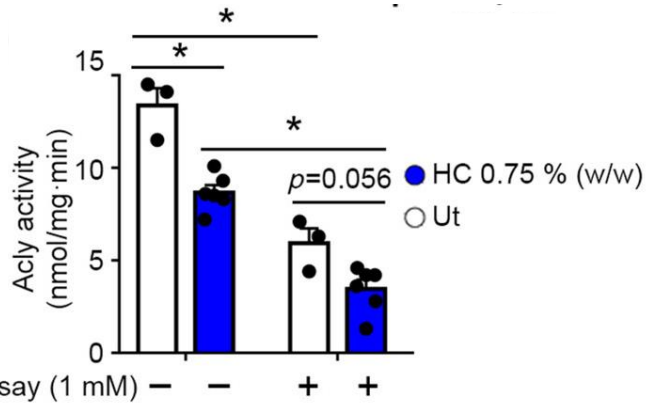
SB-204990 modulates mechanisms of aging



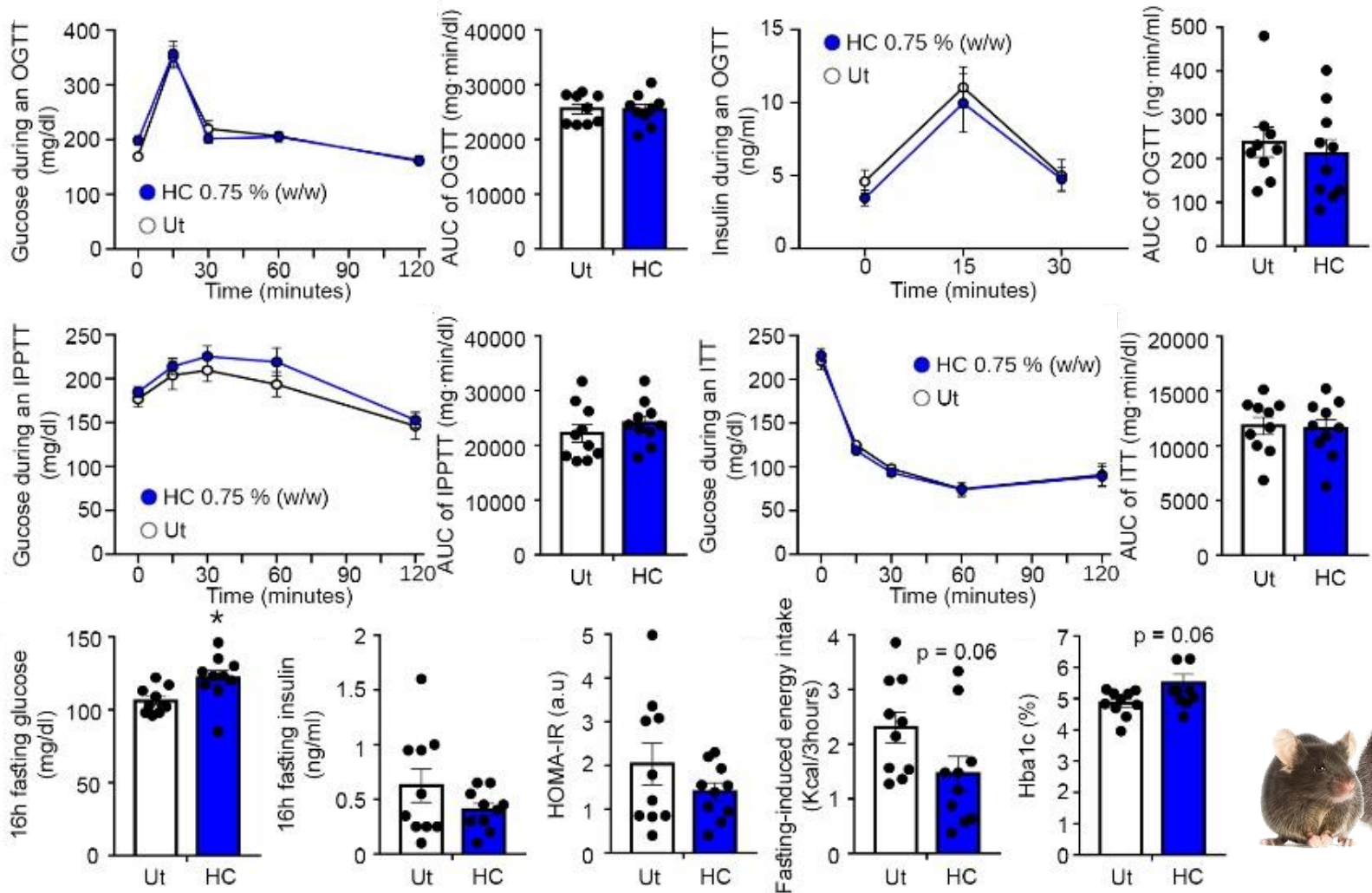
Hydroxycitrate delays early mortality



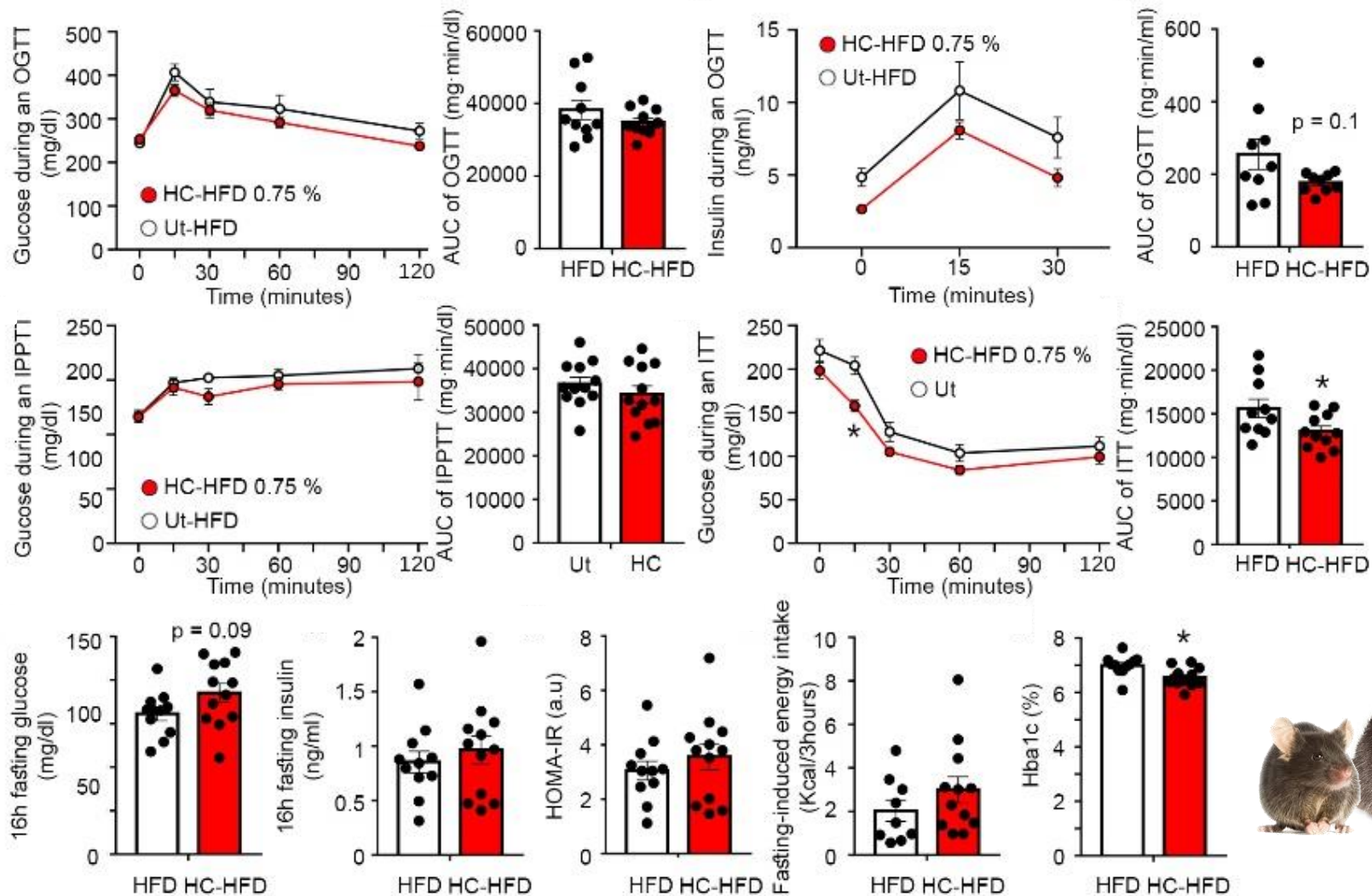
Garcinia



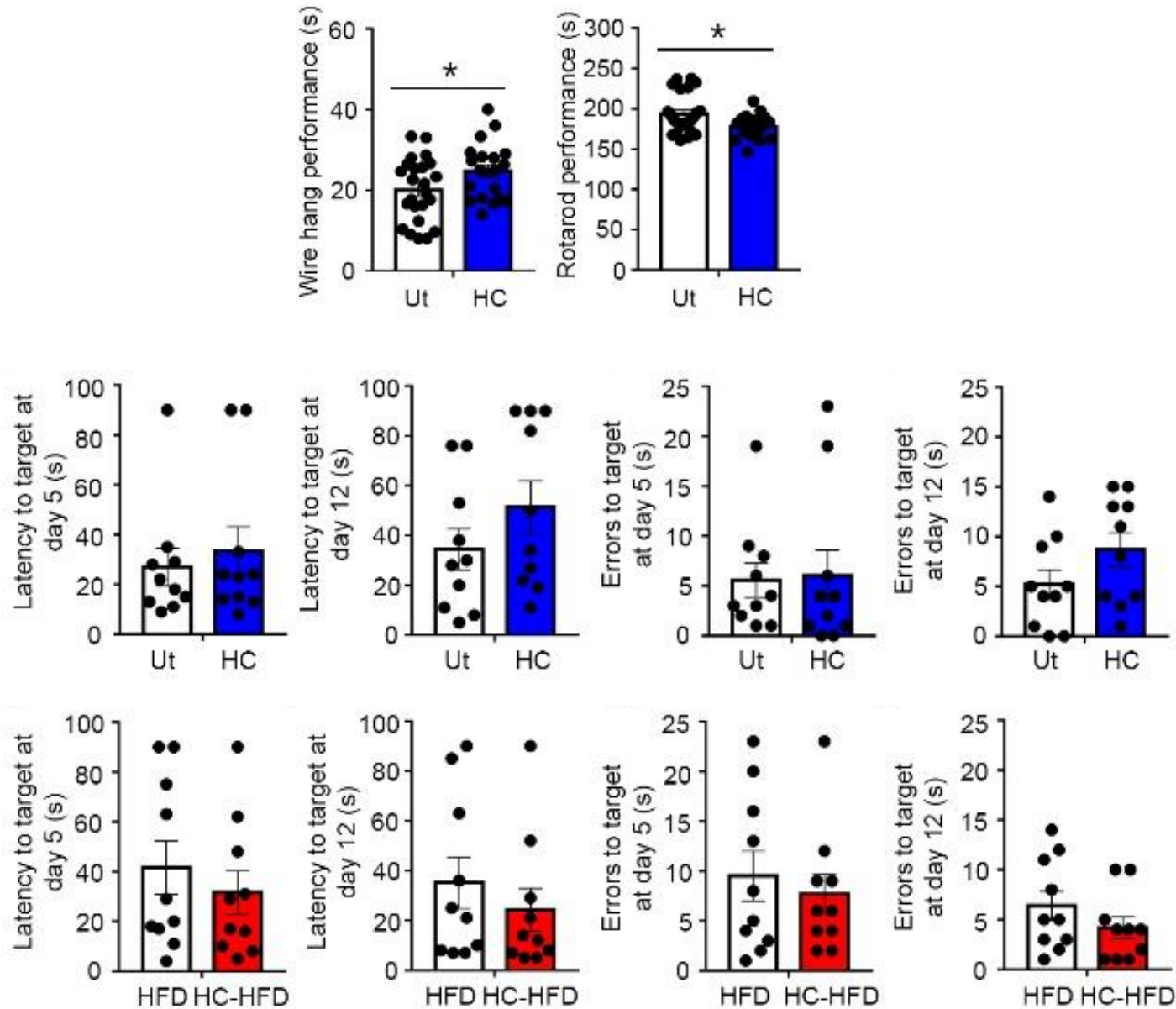
Hydroxycitrate has minor glucoregulatory in healthy-fed mice



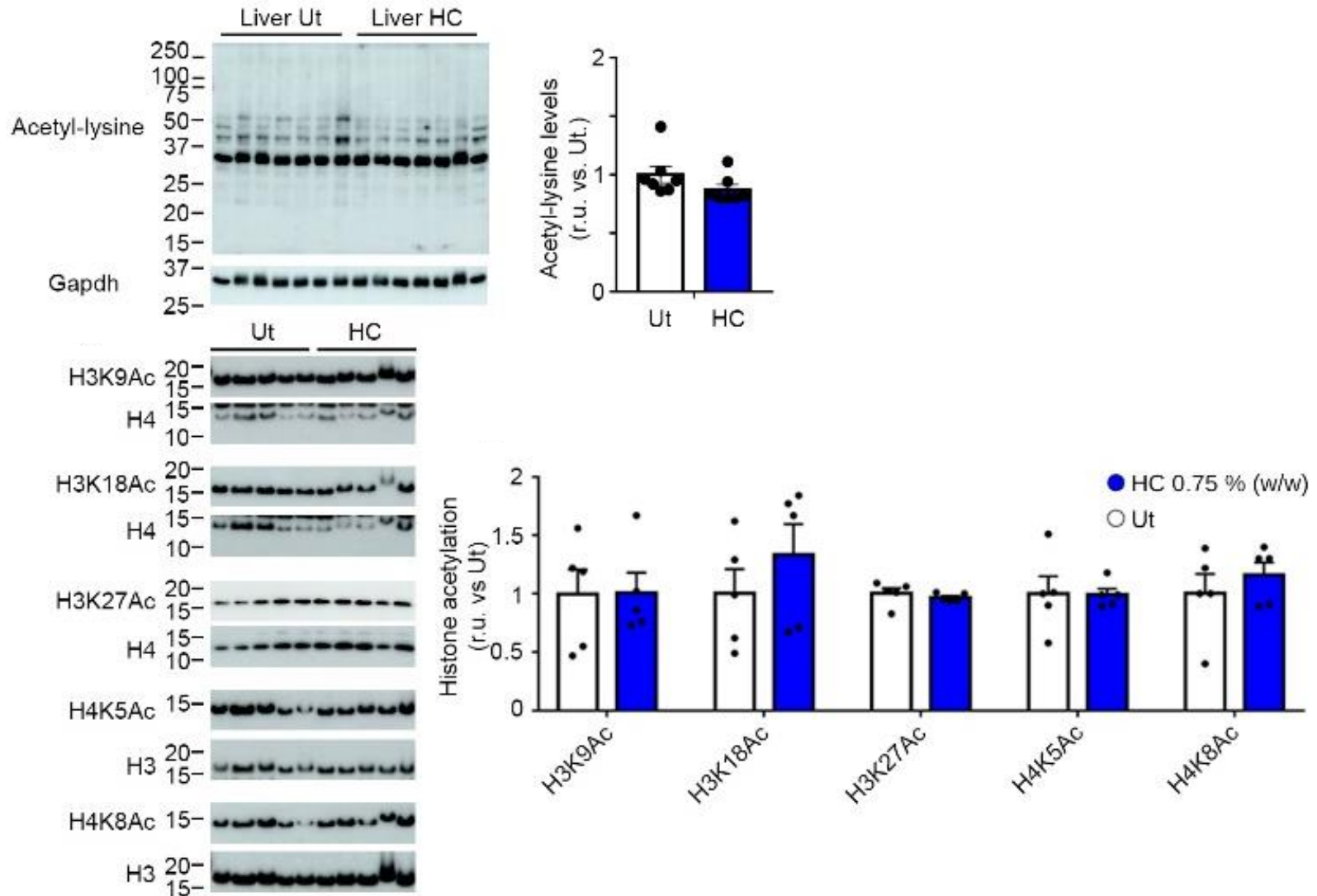
Hydroxycitrate confers improvements in glucoregulation in HFD



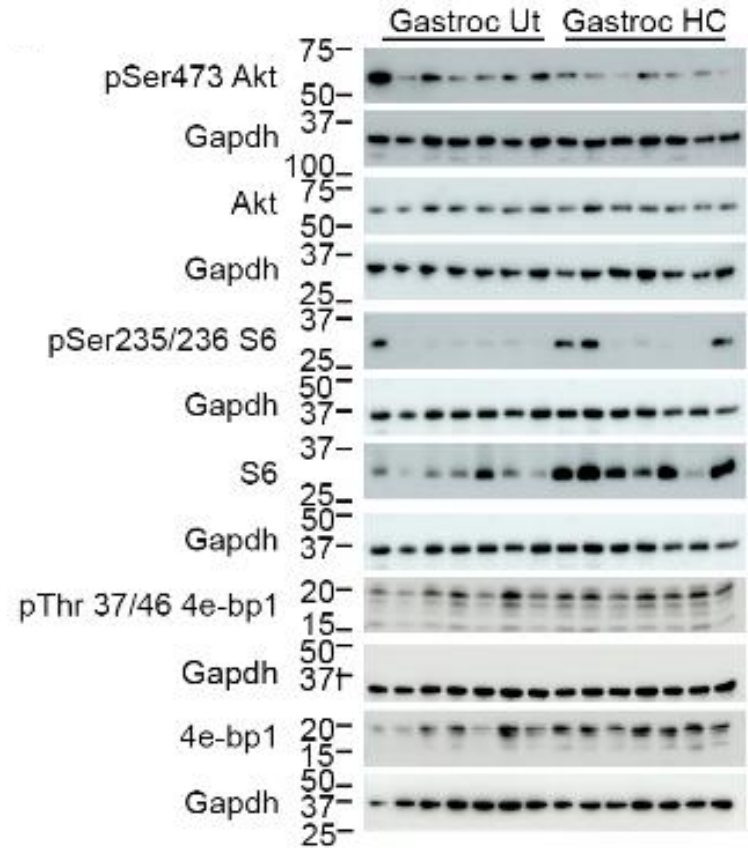
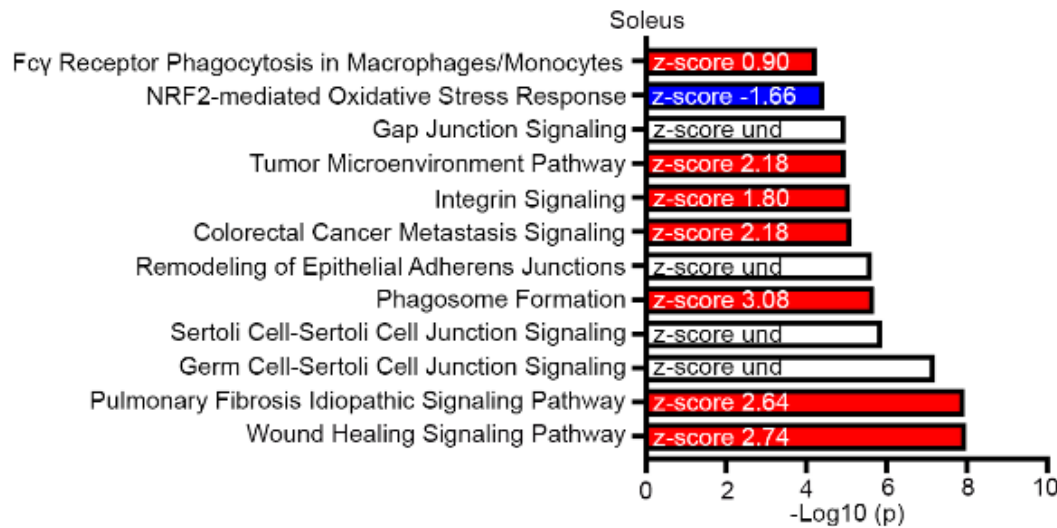
Hydroxycitrate does not alter neurocognitive function, and alters locomotor function



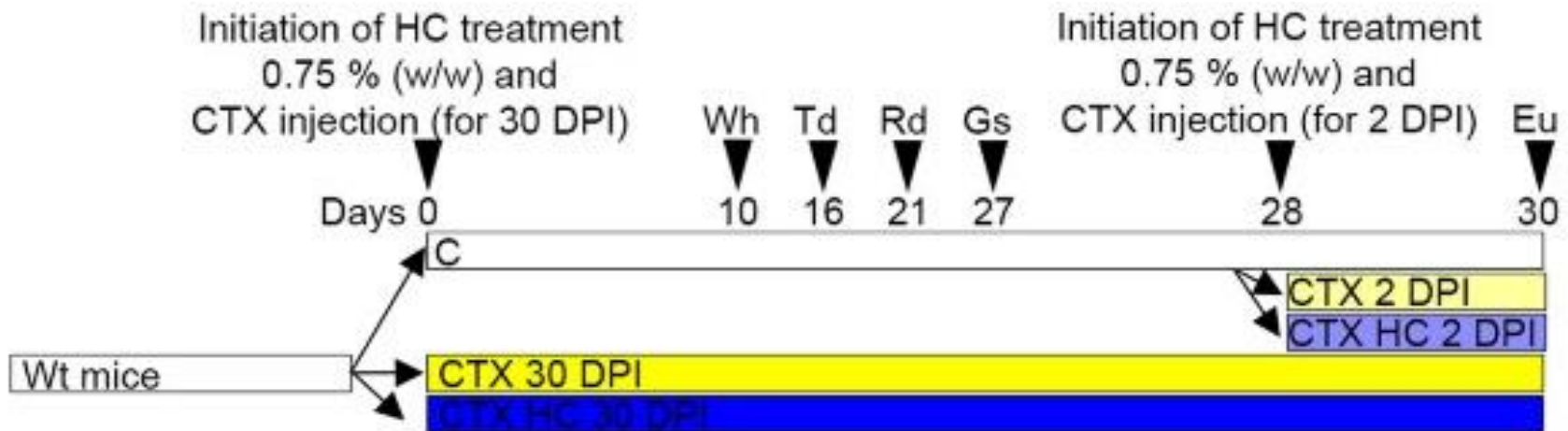
Hydroxycitrate does not alter protein acetylation levels



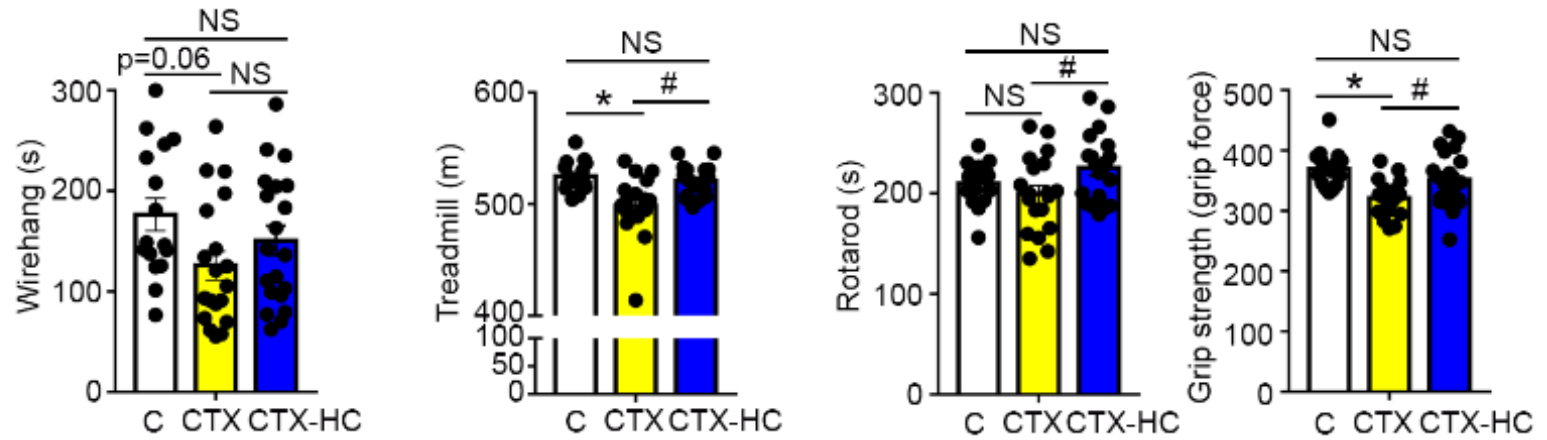
Hydroxycitrate enhances pathways related to muscle regeneration



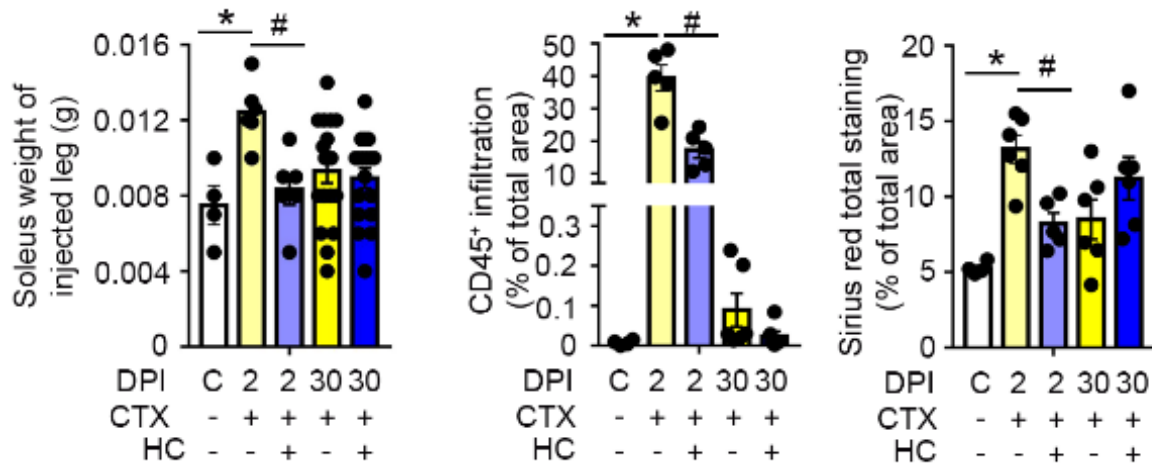
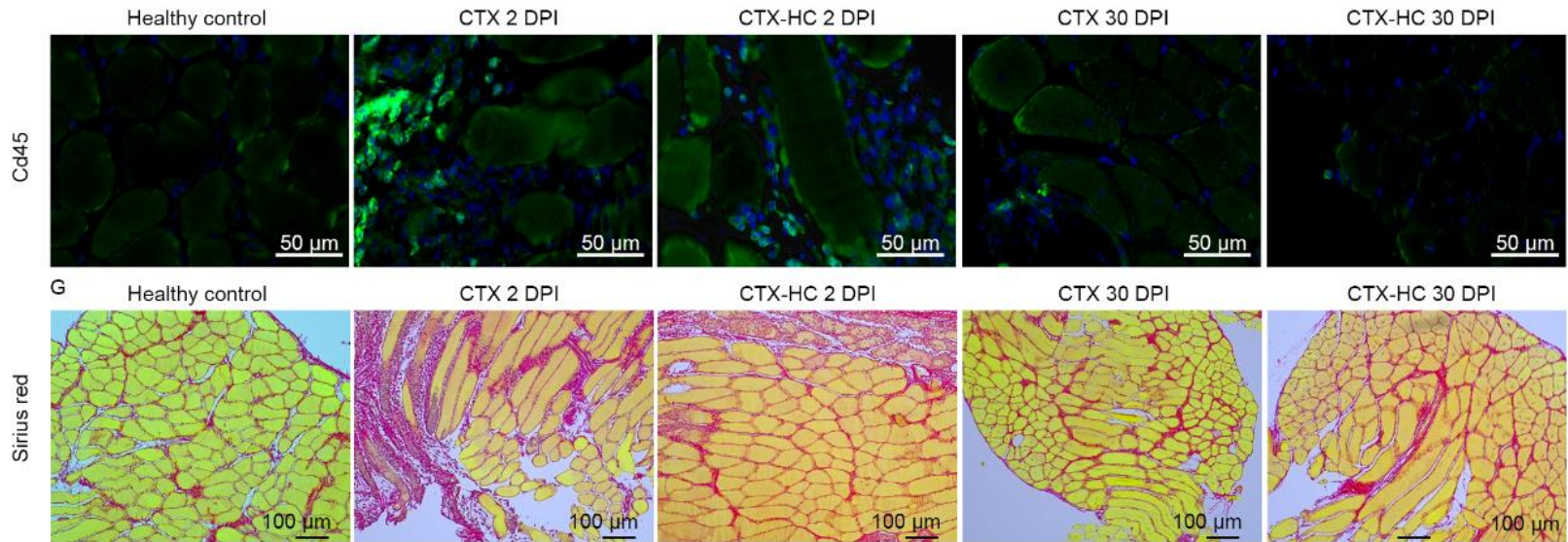
Hydroxycitrate in muscle de- and re-generation using CTX



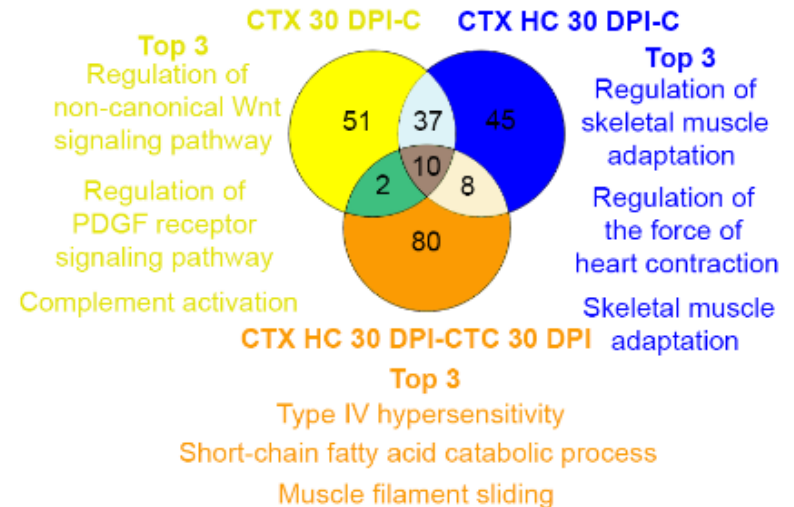
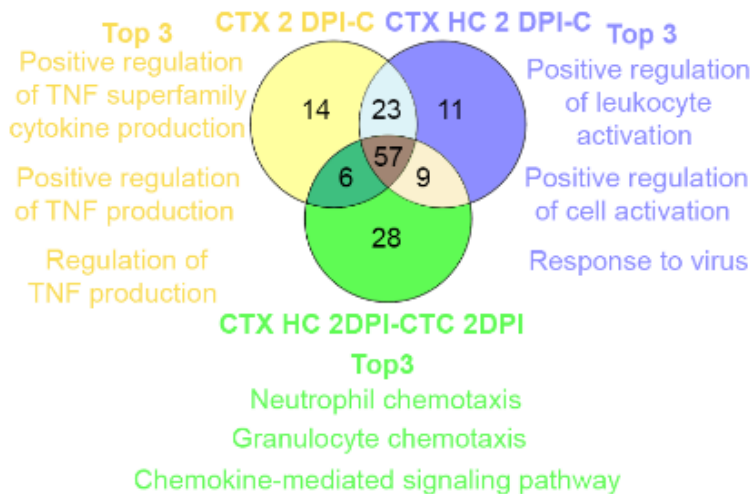
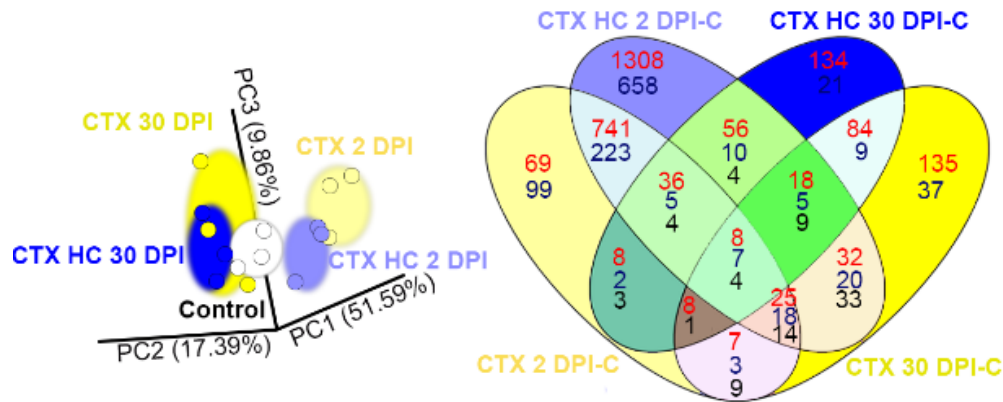
Hydroxycitrate improves physical function in CTX-treated mice



Hydroxycitrate reduces muscle swelling in mice treated with CTX



Hydroxycitrate enhances mechanisms of muscle regeneration



ACLY inhibition did not alter epigenetic alterations

Cell

Leading Edge
Review

Cell

Leading Edge
Review

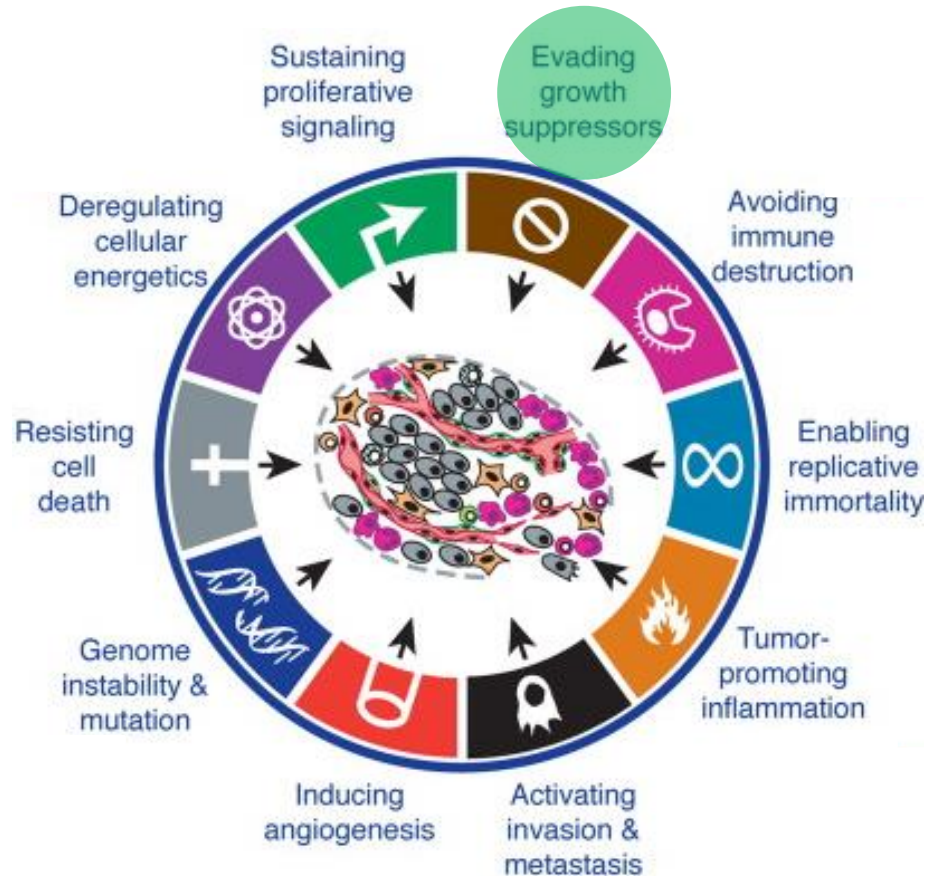
The Hallmarks of Aging

Carlos López-Otín,¹ Maria A. Blasco,² Linda Partridge,^{3,4} Manuel Serrano,^{5,*} and Guido Kroemer^{6,7,8,9,10}



Hallmarks of Cancer: The Next Generation

Douglas Hanahan^{1,2,*} and Robert A. Weinberg^{3,*}



ACLY inhibition altered other hallmarks of aging

Cell

Leading Edge
Review

Cell

Leading Edge
Review

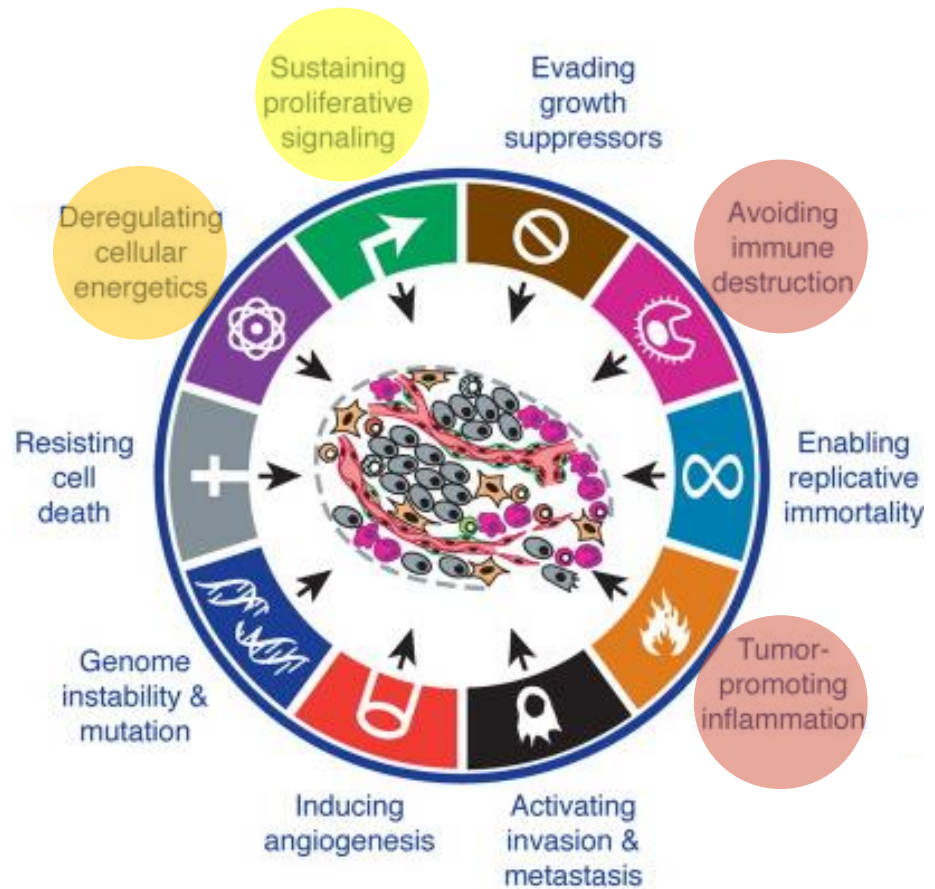
The Hallmarks of Aging

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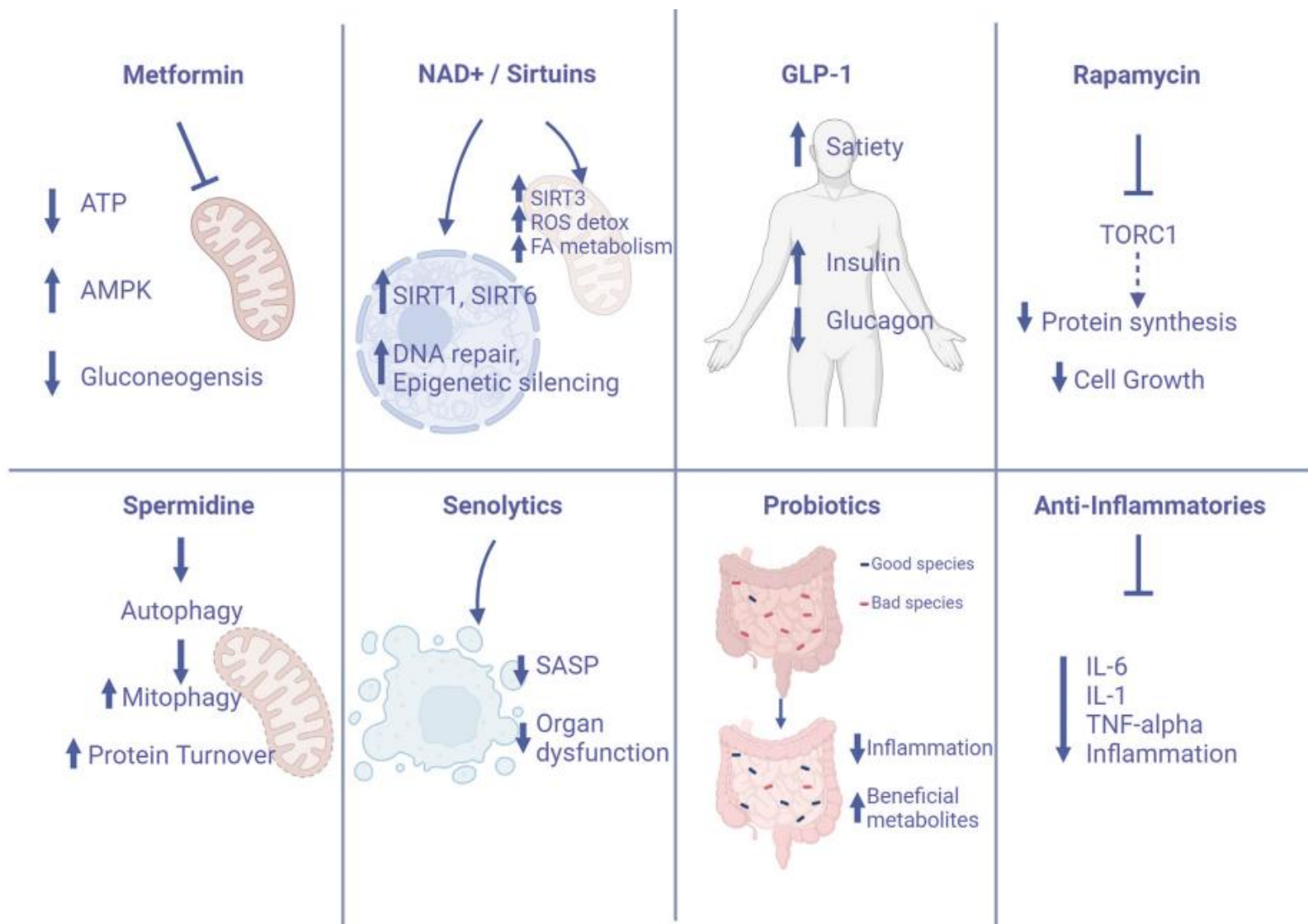


Hallmarks of Cancer: The Next Generation

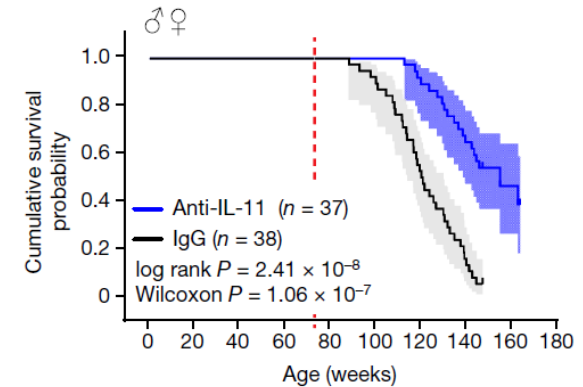
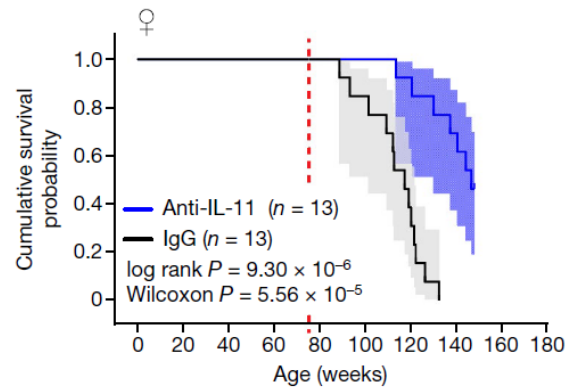
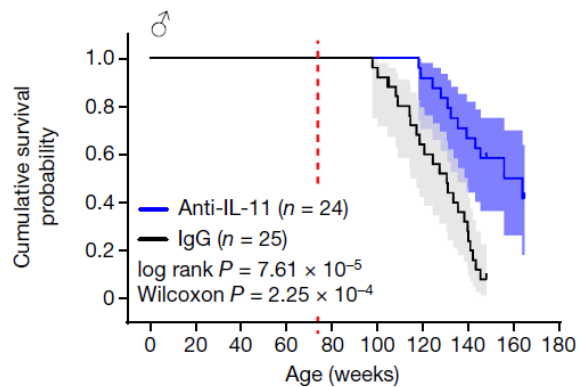
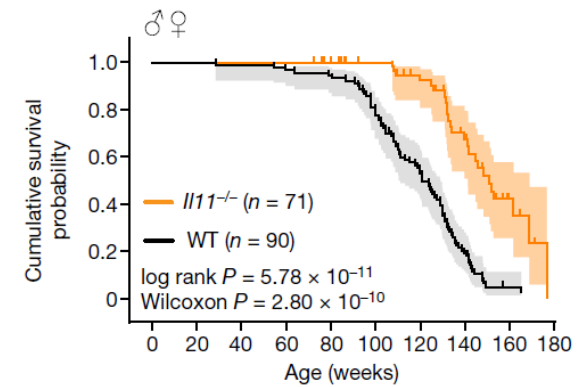
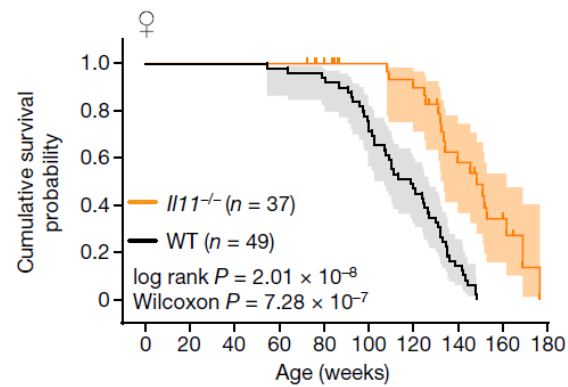
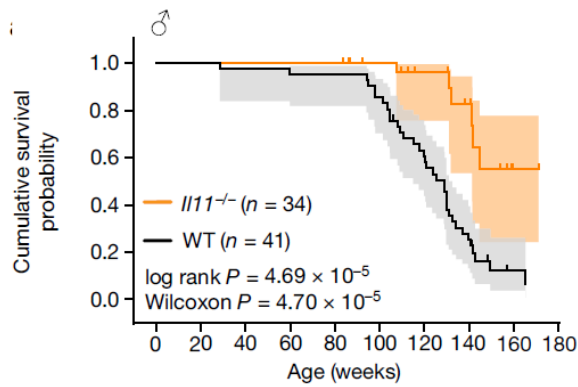
Douglas Hanahan^{1,2,*} and Robert A. Weinberg^{3,*}



Other clinical trials targeting the aging process



Aging research is young but grows fast: IL-11 inhibition on lifespan



There is hope to age well!!!

Physical activity, mental activity, stress management and healthy diet



Acknowledgments

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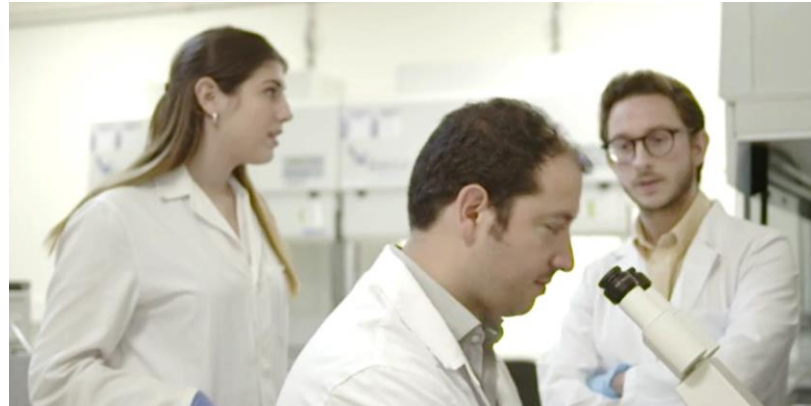
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